THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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THE ERRATIC ELECTIONS

MEAGRE RETURNS AND MISCELLANEOUS RESULTS.

New York Claimed by the Democrats—Virginia Don't Seem to Sic Semper Tyrannis Very Much—The Mississippi Negro Adopts the Shot-Gun Policy—Watch and Wait.

VIRGINIA.

In Virginia the issue was between two factions of the democratic party. While a readjustment of the state debt was the excuse for the bolters from the "regular" ranks, the fight had come to be a simple trial between the democrats and independents. The republican administration had backed the independents solidly with its patronage and influence. The contest is over state officers and legislature. Mr. Daniel is the conservative, and Mr. Cameron the independent. The legislature elects a United States senator to succeed Senator Johnston. Of the 17 senators who hold over 12 are readjusters and 5 are democrats—so that the readjusters start out with 7 majority in the legislative fight. An amendment to the constitution of 1870 will be voted upon. Under section 1 of article 3, of the constitution, a citizen cannot vote unless he has "paid to the state, before the day of election, the capitation tax required by law for the preceding year." The proposed amendment strikes out this provision.

Virginia has voted as follows in recent years:

	Rep.	Dem.	Total.	Maj.
1880—President.....	83,639	*127,976	211,615	44,337 D.
1877—Governor.....	†4,389	101,940	106,329	97,551 D.
1876—President.....	95,558	139,670	235,228	44,112 D.

*Including 31,527 readjuster votes for Hancock.
†No republican nominated.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

RICHMOND, November 8.—Returns from the elections to-day are coming in slowly. Thirteen cities and towns have been heard from, and the indications are that the vote will be close on the gubernatorial ticket. The returns are received too isolated to base a very clear opinion as to the legislature. The readjusters claim to have made 5 gains for members for the house of delegates over their strength in that body in 1879, when they swept the state and had a majority in the general assembly on a joint ballot of 17. The best informed democrats claim that at this hour their prospects for securing the legislature are better than for governor, but they are not as hopeful of securing either as they were two hours ago. It is very probable that sufficient returns will not come in to-night to give any clear idea of the result in either case. The negroes all over the state, except it may be in a very few sections, where funder influence has been brought to bear, have voted solidly for the readjuster candidates. In Richmond, the very citadel of democratic strength, the loss today was more than five hundred over last year. In all sections of the state the federal officials did active service for Mahone in bringing out the negroes. The democrats have lost in many sections of the state which they expected to carry by large majorities. Ex Congressman John Goode was defeated to-day for the house of delegates in Norfolk city by 450 majority by Mr. W. H. Turner, a man making no claims to statesmanship. Cameron carried Petersburg, his own home, by 1,064. The returns from the southwestern part of the state, in which the readjuster vote largely predominates, has not yet been heard from. It is likely that most of the counties in that section will give the readjusters large majorities both for the legislature and gubernatorial tickets. The election so far as heard from has passed off remarkably quiet, and a full vote and a fair count has certainly been had. Both parties have fought with a desperation rarely known in political contests in this state. The usual quantity of election whisky was drunk and the blustering characteristics of Virginia elections were indulged in, though but few fights are reported. One feature of this contest heretofore unknown in this state has been the freedom with which the whites—the readjusters—have mixed with the blacks, and the seeming forgetfulness of the race issue heretofore so much talked about here.

At 1:45 this morning the democrats claimed to have gained six members of the house and four members of the senate over their strength in these bodies in 1879. The readjusters claimed to have carried the senatorial district of Spotsylvania. They expect that the majority in the legislature on joint ballot will exceed that of 1879, when it was 18. Not much more than one-third of the state is yet heard from. The democrats express perfect satisfaction at the outlook thus far, both for governor and legislature.

The returns from Halifax county, which, in 1879, gave a large readjuster majority, indicate that the democrats will get both members of the house and a senator, though the readjusters still claim it. The republicans say that they have the returns from five precincts in Rockingham, which give them a majority of 550. The vote all over the state will probably decrease. Not enough can be known to-night to base any definite calculations upon.

The following telegram has been received here from General Mahone:

PETERSBURG, Va., November 8.—Enough is already known to say that the readjusters' state ticket is elected by a handsome majority, and that we have a good working majority in both branches of the legislature.

By Associated Press.

RICHMOND, November 8.—The election in this city is progressing quietly. A heavy vote is being polled, nearly 6,000 ballots having been cast up to 2:30 p. m.. The colored vote is almost solid for the readjuster or coalition ticket. Only meagre reports have been received from other points in the state. In the cities of Petersburg, (Cameron's home) Lynchburg (Daniels's home) and Fredericksburg and counties of Carolina, Chesterfield and Hanover a lage number of negroes are reported to have voted the democratic ticket. No reliable returns however can can be obtained until after the vote is counted.

Leading men on both sides in Richmond express confidence in the success of their respective tickets.

Up to 9:30 p. m. 61 voting precincts in the state have been heard from, including 15 from Richmond, give John W. Daniel, democrat, for governor, 10,480; William E. Cameron, readjuster, for governor, 8,725. Daniel's majority, 1,500. The gains and losses will be estimated in these dispatches upon the presidential vote of last year. Combining the readjuster and republican vote against the democratic vote in the last November election, this comparison shows a very small gain for the democrats in the precincts heard from. The democrats will have to overcome 19,000 votes in the state to elect the state ticket. The city of Norfolk gives Cameron 453 majority, a readjuster gain of 39. Danville gives Cameron 42 majority, a readjuster gain of 256. In Staunton Daniel's majority 368, a democratic gain of 32. Fredericksburg gives Daniel a majority of 322, a democratic gain. Manchester gives Cameron a majority of 753, a readjuster gain of 358. Lynchburg, Daniel's home, gives him 984 majority, a democratic gain of 493.

Official vote of Richmond for governor: Daniel, democrat, 5,020; Cameron, readjuster, 3,326: Daniel's majority, 1,694; readjuster gain, 673. 106 scattering precincts outside of Richmond give Daniel 16,169; Cameron, 14,585, making a democratic net gain of 2,438. The majorities for Daniel are also reported in twenty-five other precincts and four counties, which makes his total majority as far as heard from 3,843. The returns so far indicate that in the legislature the democrats gain eleven members and lose one. On the other hand the secretary of the readjuster state central committee claims a majority for Cameron in the state of 12,000, and that as far as heard from they have gained 5 members of the house of delegates and only lost one. They are jubilant, and assert that their victory is certain.

FREDERICKSBURG, November 8.—The election today was closely contested and a full vote was cast. About one-third of the colored vote was cast for the democratic ticket, but the readjusters have made an equal gain of whites in the counties of Louisa, Spotsylvania, Stafford and King George. It is probable that the readjusters have gained a senator, electing also three delegates out of four.

PETERSBURG, Va., November 8.—The city is alive with excitement to-night, though the state election here to-day passed off in a quiet and orderly manner. The total number of votes cast in the different wards of the city for Cameron (readjuster) for governor is 2,171; for Daniels (democrat) 1,187. Wilcox for state senate in the 29th senatorial district, and May and Green (colored) for the legislature from this city on the readjuster ticket, are elected by similar majorities.

The returns as far as have been received from the adjacent and south side counties give the readjuster ticket a large majority.

ALEXANDRIA, November 8.—Daniel carries the city by 314 majority, and Stuart, democrat, for house of delegates, has 337 majority.

NEW YORK.

A secretary and other state officers, four members of the 47th congress, two judges of the supreme court, 32 state senators, 160 assemblymen and county officers were elected in New York. The vacancies in the 47th congress were caused by the death of Fernando Wood (dem.) in the 9th district, the appointment of Levi P. Morton, (rep.) of the 11th district as minister to France, and the election of Warner Miller, (rep.) and Elbridge G. Latham, (rep.) of the 2d and 27th districts, respectively, to to succeed Messrs. Conkling and Platt in the United States senate. The last legislature was republican by 18 majority in the senate and 34 in the assembly. The divisions and quarrels in this state entered into the canvass, and nothing short of full returns and a careful analysis will explain the situation. In the 11th, or Brownstone congressional district, there was a very warm contest between an Astor and Mr. Flower, also a millionaire. Money was freely used, and the two candidates resorted to all the methods of ward politicians. A summary of recent votes in the state is given below:

	Rep.	Dem.	Total.	Maj.
1880—President.....	555,544	534,511	1,105,221	5,867 R
1880—App'ls J'ge..	562,821	517,661	1,094,134	31,508 R
1879—Governor.....	418,567	375,790	901,544	42,777 R
1879—Lieut. Gov...	435,504	435,014	902,111	290 R
1879—Secretary.....	435,013	434,138	900,949	1,895 R
1878—App'ls J'ge..	391,112	356,451	828,445	34,661 R
1877—Secretary.....	371,798	383,062	†786,516	11,264 D
1876—President.....	489,207	521,949	1,015,502	28,396 D

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

NEW YORK, November 8.—Well, the democrats have carried New York. They have done more—they have come near to sweeping it. They gathered in the county and city of New York with perhaps one exception on the judicial ticket, and defeated Astor in the 11th congressional district. Why? Because of the republican demoralization and the obedience of the stalwart voter to the mandate of the stalwart leader, and let it be understood that the defeat of the republican ticket has been the carefully considered indifference of the Arthur-Conkling element in the state. It is a part of the policy, or rather lack of it, whose principal illustration is found in the resignation of Conkling, and it falls in as a triumph of revenge by the stalwarts over the half-breeds rather than a distinctive democratic victory. Of its effects upon the monopoly issue, which is rapidly becoming a greater, and already of great importance. It is yet too early to speak of the legislature. It will on the strength of country representation, probably remain republican as a joint body. The senate will be democratic. In the state ticket the victorious party are of course the professed enemies of monopoly, and the bearing of the local tickets is unimportant in this connection. Kelly is hit hard in the city. Tammany may have made a showing for aldermanic offices, but the impression is to-night that Tammany has been hit fairly between the eyes, and hard, too. Now, as to Astor. To-day the cost of his campaign is variously estimated, and the lowest figure named is $100,000. Probably he spent that much. Mr. Flower, the democrat, is reported to have spent half as much. The significance of this lies in the fact that hereafter the wealthiest congressional district in the United States will never again be competed for by a poor man. There has been such a vast deal of scratching in all directions that the returns will not be made complete till to-morrow. The indications are that Astor has been defeated by 27,000. He fought hard, but fell into a fatal error when he tried to buy the district. His campaign was inaugurated with cash and even his fortune will not have been large enough to satisfy the cupidity which his means and liberality awakened. To-day the polling began without the appearance of much money, by noon the necessity of it was apparent and by 2 o'clock the Astor shekles were clinking in all directions, but it was too late, even if there had ever been a time when it would be early enough. Ray Hamilton, grandson of the great Hamilton of years and years ago, was a candidate for the assembly where he has already sat for one term. His constituents have said to him, "You have been weighed and found wanting."

There has been a great deal of barter and trade. Never in the history of an election in this state has there been so much, nor has it been so openly and boldly conducted. Perhaps the Tammany deal, as it developed, was the most shameless. Every man in the city was aware of the plot to dicker, and Tammany did not hoodwink, although she spread her net judiciously and sent out her wiliest envoys to wheedle and humbug the ignorant, bully the wavering and coax the indifferent. The Tammany men had been instructed to sell out anybody or anything, but Calvin, candidate for surrogate, and a controling influence in the board of alderman. Anything to beat the mayor and restore the boss to power seems to have been the motto of those intrusted with the management of the Tammany boxes. The workingmen who had neither the time to consider nor the wit to comprehend the proposition made to them, were given tickets that had been fixed up to suit the exigencies of the district and to consummate the deal that had been arranged. Bad as Tammany was the republicans, in many instances, were worse. It was notorious that a republican candidate for the state senate, for the sake of electing Spinola, John Kelly's friend, and in return the republican state ticket was to receive the suffrages of the Tammany men, who here, as elsewhere, wanted Calvin for surrogate and their own alderman but all through the morning and during the afternoon it was quite evident that the leaders could not control a majority of the republican votes. They sturdily refused to deposit a ballot for Spinola and firmly went to the front for their own man. It was a close game of diamond cut diamond, rascal beat rascal, and trickster outwit trickster, and as it proved neither side has caught a trick. The day was disagreeable overhead and under foot, and although the vote was large it was not, except as shown in a few isolated cases, anything like the strength of the party.

President Arthur cannot be seen to-night. He spent the day at his house on Lexington avenue, did not vote and was in close company most of the time with General Grant, who did vote, Conkling, Jere Bliss and Police Commissioner French.

By Associated Press.

ALBANY, November 8.—The poll is very quiet and there is a lack of interest in the contest. It is expected that the usual democratic majority of 1,500 in the city will be cut down from this cause.

NEW YORK, November 8.—To-day is observed as a close holiday, all banks, exchanges and local town offices being closed. The custom house was only open an hour. The election is proceeding quietly. In Brooklyn there is a very animated contest, but good order reigns at all the polling places thus far. All interest of the election is centered in the mayoralty contest, and the signs at noon are that there will not be 1,500 majority either way. Low, the republican candidate, is polling a big vote in the more aristocratic wards, but in the strongholds of the democrats Howell is reported to be holding his own. The Germans are favoring Howell, and if he pulls through, he will have to thank them.

The total vote in the city is about 150,000. It is estimated that the majority for Purcell, democrat, for secretary of state, will be 35,000 in the city; Husted, republican, for state treasurer, will be beaten by at least 45,000 in the city. Seventy-five election districts give Maxwell, democrat, 10,997; Husted, republican, 5,024; 145 election districts give Purcell, democrat, 19,232; Carr, republican, 11,328.

In Onondaga county the well known republican, T. G. Alvord, admits his defeat for re-election to the assembly.

NEW YORK, November 8, 9:45 p.m.—Reports received here from all parts of the state to this hour indicate the success of the democratic state ticket by not less than 15,000 majority. Three hundred and sixty-seven districts in this city give Purcell, democrat, 49,461; Carr, republican, 29,456. Sixty-five towns and wards outside of New York and Kings counties give a republican majority of 33,374; a democratic gain of 4,852.

One hundred and twenty-six towns outside of New York and Kings counties show a republican majority of 8,035 and a net democratic gain of 7,124.

The returns so far received give Flower, democrat, a majority over Astor in the eleventh congressional district, showing that the latter is beaten by nearly 2,000. Dispatches from Brooklyn indicate the election of Seth Low, republican, for mayor by a small majority. Boyd is elected over Hogan in the fifth senatorial district by at least 1,000 majority.

Ex-President Grant and ex-Senator Conkling walked to-day through the ninth congressional district, presumably in the interest of W. W. Astor, the republican candidate for congress. President Arthur remained in his house during the day, attending to private correspondence. He has received but few callers. The president failed to cast his vote to-day, as he did not arrive in the city in time to register.

Returns received up to 1 a. m. indicate that the new legislature of New Jersey will stand thus: Senate—Republicans, 13; democrats, 8; democratic gain, 3. Assembly—Republicans, 32; democrats, 28; democratic gain, 2.

FLUSHING, L. I., November 8.—The election in Queen's county is passing off quietly, the stormy weather causing thus far a light vote. Very little interest is manifested.

PENNSYLVANIA.

In Pennsylvania the contest was the culmination of the protest against bossism that first became serious in 1879, when the friends of Blaine tried to overthrow the unit rule under which the Camerons had delivered the state to Grant. In the republican convention called this year to nominate a candidate for treasurer the Camerons had control and forced Mr. Bailey, one of their adherents, on the party. Mr. Wolfe, a state senator and delegate to the convention, at once announced himself a candidate in opposition to Cameron's man. He frankly said that he preferred to see a democrat elected than to see the ring candidate triumphant. The Philadelphia Times, when Wolfe was first announced, said that his campaign would be either "a farce or a whirlwind." As an aid to Wolfe's candidacy, it may be said that in many democratic strongholds there was disaffection over Noble, the democratic candidate, and a considerable democratic vote will be polled for Wolfe. The election is interesting as a test of the independent anti-boss feeling in a republican state.

In recent years the vote of Pennsylvania has been as follows:

	Rep.	Dem.	Total.	Maj.
1880—President.....	444,707	407,428	874,783	14,625 R.
1880—Auditor.....	442,335	405,756	869,323	15,347 R.
1878—Governor.....	319,490	297,137	792,144	22,353 R.
1877—Treasurer.....	241,816	254,717	549,214	9,903 D.
1876—President.....	384,122	366,158	758,871	9,373 R

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, November 8.—At midnight the returns received from all parts of the state encourage the republicans to claim the election of Bailey, state treasurer, by not less than 10,000, but this claim is not fully supported in Philadelphia. Twenty-two wards give Bailey about 16,000 majority, and at that rate his majority in the whole city ought not to be less than fifteen thousand. The outside counties are expected to give Noble, democrat, about five thousand majority, which would elect Bailey by not less than ten thousand. Wolfe, independent republican, has run well, but it is not thought that his vote will exceed 50,000. On the present showing about one-third of his votes came from the democrats. He has not less than ten thousand in Philadelphia, of which 6,500 or more are republican. In this city the citizens reform candidate for commissioner nominated by the committee of one hundred are believed to be elected by good majorities. The vote throughout the state is light, but rather heavier than usual for an off year.

By Associated Press.

PHILADELPHIA, November 8.—A light vote being polled in the districts heard from, and the balloting so mixed, that the usual predictions are not ventured upon. The independent candidacy of Mr. Wolfe for the office of state treasurer is attracting much attention in the 15th, 22d, 24th and 29th wards, but in the greater part of the city considerable apathy is showing in that particular. The warmth of the struggle here centers in the office of city commissioner, and trading of condidates is actively relied on. In republican wards many democratic votes are secured to Bailey, republican candidate for state treasurer, in exchange for votes for Haggerty and McMenamin, democratic candidates for city commissioners; but there are strong hopes for the success of Carson and Krumbhaar, independent candidates for the last named offices. Representatives of the commission of one hundred are supplied with both republican and democratic tickets for state treasurer and recorder of deeds, but the names of Carson and Krumbhaar are appended to each.

The election passed off quietly. Little interest was manifested and a very light vote polled. Returns from Alleghany county are coming in slowly owing to a large amount of scratching done on the county ticket. Bailey, republican, for state treasurer, it is estimated, will have 5,000 plurality over Noble, democrat.

Although this is an off year in Pennsylvania politics, great interest is manifested in the result here. Large crowds surrounded the newspaper officrs this evening and watched eagerly for the returns. At 11 o'cloce the returns from the state were very meager.

PHILADELPHIA, November 8.—Twenty-five out of thirty-one wards of Philadelphia give Baily, republican, for state treasurer, 1,1209 plurality over Noble, democrat, Wolf, inpendent, received 1,198 votes in these 25 wards.

At 1 o'clock the returns from 54 counties in the state, including Philadelphia and Alleghany counties, show a plurality of 6,000 for Bailey, republican, for state treasurer. This indicates that Bailey's plurality will reach about 12,000. At 1 o'clock this morning the republicans claim a majority in the state of 15,000 for Bailey over Noble, based upon the increase of the republican voth in this city and that of Lackawanna county and a few of the interior counties. The democratic chairman is not willing to concede Noble's defeat, but thinks the republican majority in this city will be overcome by later returns from the state. The independent or Wolfe element claims 65,000 to 75,000 votes for Wolfe.

MISSISSIPPI

Elected a full board of state officers, and the legislature, which will be called upon to choose a United States senator in place of Lucius Q. C. Lamar. For state officers there were but two tickets in the field, the nominees for governor being: Fusion, Benjamin King; Democratic, Robert Lowry. The vote of the state for president last year, as officially declared, was: Garfield, 34,854; Hancock, 75,750; Weaver, 5,797; scattering, 677. The legislature last seated had 31 democratic majority in the senate, and 81 in the house, making a democratic majority of 112 on joint ballot in a total membership of 158.

MERIDIAN, Miss., November 8.—Four white men were killed and two severely wounded by negroes, to-day, at Marion Station, in this county. The negroes opened fire on the whites at the polls while the election was going on. The whites had no arms to defend themselves with, and consequently all of the negroes suffered. One of the m[illegible] A. F. Harvey, democratic [illegible] county assessor. The sheriff, with [illegible] place, found about a hundred negroes barricaded in the dwelling house of their leader, Ed Vance. The posse was fired upon by the negroes as they approached the house. Another body of armed men have gone from here to the scene of the disturbance to assist the sheriff. With this exception the election in this county has been quiet and orderly.

The sheriff's posse, consisting of about 100 men, surrounded Ed Vance's house to capture the instigators and perpetrators of the murders at Marion station this morning, and demanded their surrender, which was refused. John Vance, ag 22, a son of Ed Vance, riding up pointed a gun at the posse, was shot and killed. A. G. Warren, of the posse, was killed instantly by a shot fired from the inside of the house. Ed Vance and the negroes escaped. Several negroes, in scaping were shot and wounded. Will Vance, aged about 30, a son of Ed Vance, was captured and lodged in jail. The sheriff received a slight wound from a spent bullet. Hardin Jones, of the posse, was slightly wounded. Vance and the negroes have fought desperately all day from the inside of the house, and thus having all advantages it was difficult to capture them. The names of the men killed at the polls this morning are A. T. Harvey, Joseph Barnett and Jeff Segars. Vance Segars was mortally wounded. James Hodges and Levi Moore were wounded—the former seriously, the latter slightly.

NATCHEZ, November 8.—The election passed off quietly. The utmost good feeling prevailed. A fair vote was cast. It is almost impossible to determine the result, but it is believed that Lowery, democrat, for governor and the democratic state ticket have carried this (Adams) county by a small majority. The county ticket is very long, and there is much scratching. It will probably be several days before the official count can be given.

NEW ORLEANS, November 8.—Indications point to a democratic success in the elections in east Mississippi.

VICKSBURG, November 8.—No official returns from any of the precinets in the city are obtainable until a late hour to-night, or until to-morrow. The indications are that R. F. Beck, straightout republican, is elected for sheriff, the democratic state ticket and the Warren county fusion ticket for the legislature are probably elected.

NEW JERSEY.

Eight state senators and some other minor officers were elected in this state. The senators elected yesterday will take part with the seven elected in 1880 and the six to be chosen in 1882 in selecting Senator McPherson's successor. Of the seven that hold over five are republicans. The last legislature was republican by three majority in the senate and twelve in the house.

TRENTON, N. J., November 8.—The indications are that the vote has been light all over the state. It rained during the forenoon at intervals, and the roads are in a bad condition.

Essex county elects William Stainesby, republican senator by 70 majority, over Teese, democrat, also seven republican assemblymen and five democrats and William Wright, republican, for sheriff.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., November 8.—The election in this county is progressing very quietly. From present indications there will be a very light vote polled in the third assembly district, where the anti-monopoly party is making its principal effort. The fight is very sharp.

MARYLAND.

A controller, half a senate, and a full house of delegates, was elected. The people also voted upon a proposed amendment to the constitution of the state changing the time of the election of judges to the general election day in November. For controller, the republicans nominated Thomas Gorsuch; the democrats, Thomas J. Keating, present incumbent, and the greenbackers Frank L. Morling. The vote of the state for president last year was: Garfield, 78,515; Hancock, 93,706; Weaver, 818. The legislature last chosen had 12 democratic majority in the senate, and 42 democratic majority in the house, making a democratic majority of 54 on joint ballot.

BALTIMORE, November 8.—The election is progressing very quietly to-day, with less interest than usual. The day is inclement, a fog and heavy mist prevailing.

The election in this city to-day was unusually quiet and a light vote, being over a thousand less than that cast at the municipal election two weeks ago, when the total vote was 35,000, a little more than half the registered vote of the city. The only state officer voted for was the comptroller. The members of the legislature, sheriff of the city and city surveyor were also elected.

The vote for Keating, democrat, for comptroller, was 23,318; for Gorsuch, republican, 11,250; Keating's majority, 12,68. The democrats elected all their candidates in the three legislative districts of the city, composing eighteen members, and also the senator for the second district.

MASSACHUSETTS.

There were four complete tickets in the field, the nominees for governor being: republican, John D. Long, the present incumbent; democratic, Charles B. Thompson; greenback, Israel W. Andrews; prohibition, Charles Almy. The vote of the state for president last year was: Garfield, 165,301; Hancock, 112,010; Weaver, 4,548; Dow and scattering, 1,119. The legislature last chosen had republican majorities of 30 in the senate and 138 in the house, making 168 republican majority on joint ballot.

BOSTON, November 8.—The vote in this state unusually light, reports from all points indicating little general interest in the election. As an indication of apathy among the voters. Returns from 35 towns which gave Long last year 16,400 and Thompson, democrat, 9,711, now show but 9,478 votes for Long and 4,259 for Thompson. The Traveler says that the vote of Boston, with three precincts to hear from, is Long, republican, 15,360: Thompson, democrat, 12,471. The same authority estimates that Governor Long is elected by from 25,000 to 30,000 majority.

Three hundred and seven cities and townships, including all the cities in the state, leaving thirty eight small places to hear from, give Long (republican) 90,475; Thompson (democrats) 51,277; Olmy (prohibitionist) 1,705; Andrews (greenbacker) 4,151. All reports received indicate the senate will stand, 37 republicans, 3 democrats, a republican gain of 2.

WISCONSIN.

The canvass in the state was not spirited. Jeremiah M. Rusk was the republican candidate for governor, N. D. Fratt the democratic, Edward Pallis the greenback, F. D. Kanouse the prohibition candidate.

Wisconsin has voted as follows at recent elections:

	Rep.	Dem.	Total.	Rep. Maj
1880—President....	144,400	114,649	267,195	21,605
1879—Governor.....	100,535	75,030	189,005	12,065
1877—Governor.....	78,759	70,486	175,461	8,273
1876—President....	130,068	123,927	257,341	2,795

MILWAUKEE, November 8.—The returns up to 9:30 o'clock indicated a very light vote all over the state. The state and county give Rusk, republican, for governor 255 majority; while Falk, democrat, for state treasurer runs over 3,000 ahead of his ticket, and there is a bare possibility of Falk's election. Returns from 82 counties, comprissng over 200 precincts in the state, show a net democratic gain of [illegible] The republican state central committee at [illegible] the state by 10,000 majority.

OVER THE POND.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE OF AN AMERICAN MANAGER.

Parnell Denies a Reported Interview—The Church and State in Belgium—Number of Insurgents in Tunis—Midhat Pasha Refused His Pilgrimage—Et Cetera.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 8—The Times replying to the arguments of the free traders' drawn from the progress of the trade of America, prints a long comparative statement tending to show that the trade of Great Britain has increased even more wonderfully. The increase of American exports is principally in articles—such as grain—for which America has natural advantages, and to which she gives no protection. The Times estimates the money and trade loss to America, through the decline of her shipping, at £16,000,000 yearly, and considers the increase of the severity of American competition with European agriculture certain. The question, whether it is wise to permit this dependence on a single foreign country, is, it says, one which may force itself upon the attention of public men.

Rev. George Granville Bradley, the new dean, in his inaugural sermon at Westminster Abbey, yesterday, laid great stress on the common inheritance at the abbey, which the citizens of the great republic across the seas might claim, could they forget divided counsels and unhappy memories. America had twice through the year, he said, been drawn to the mother country by her common griefs.

Parnell writes that the report printed in the Freeman's Journal of an interview between him and two prominent members of the home rule league Saturday, was wholly inaccurate and misleading.

Lord Salisbury, replying to the resolution of confidence passed by the Blackpool patriotic association, writes as follows: It appears to be admitted by the members of the cabinet that the government deliberately abstained from taking at an earlier period action which now, at last, has checked the land league in order that parliament might be induced by Irish disorder to pass the land bill. These unexampled tactics have dealt a double blow to the prosperity of Ireland. Henceforth capital will have a double danger to fear. It will be exposed not only to the acts of parliament cutting down the interest received from the investments in the land made at the invitation of parliament, but also to the lawless plunder by conspiracies tolerated for the purpose of parliamentary strategy—the government of the day. In the county irom which capital is repelled there is little hope for labor.

The Catholic bishop of Down spoke last evening, advising the acceptance of the land act, although not as a final settlement.

Precautions continue to be taken for Gladstone's safety. On leaving Howarden for London to-day he was escorted to the train by two constables.

The jury in the Lefroy trial consulted only ten minutes.

Another boat containing twenty-seven persons, from the Dutch steamer Keapingder Mederlanden, which foundered while on a voyage from Batavia to Amsterdam, has been picked up and the survivors landed at Deudrahed. There are four boats, with 129 persons, still missing. They have been a month on Indian corn and their provisions must be exhausted.

MIADSTONE, November 8.—The trial of Lefroy for the murder of Mr. Gold came to a close to-day. The court room was densely crowded. Lefroy was pale and dejected. Lord Chief Justice Coleridge's summing up for the prosecution was strongly against the prisoner. The prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to be hanged. After the sentence had been passed Lefroy protested his innocence.

HANLEY, November 8.—The various towns of Staffordshire potteries are on the eve of a gigantic strike. The whole of the men connected with the operative association have resolved to cease work on Thursday unles an advance of wages is granted. The strike will affect fifty thousand employers. At a meeting yesterday the employers pledged themselves to refuse an advance.

HUNGARY.

VIENNA, November 8.—At a meeting of the Hungarian delegation, the minister of foreign affairs, replying to an interpellation stated that up to the present time the question of interview between the Emperor Francis Joseph and the Czar of Russia had not been raised, but it was not beyond the range of possibility that a meeting between them might take place. In Sunday's sitting the minister also explained that King Humbert's journey to Vienna might be inferred to mean that Italy recognized the advantages of approachment with Austria, who on her side had nothing to ask or fear from Italy. Count Andrassy expressed himself satisfied with the explanation. He said particularly since the relation of Austria to Germany was so firmly established that he had no fear of the Irredenta agitation, which, at most, could only injure Italy.

The Gazette publishes a statement that the declarations of foreign policy in the Hungarian delegation contain important verbal errors affecting the sense of the government statements. No reporters were admitted.

FRANCE.

PARIS, November 8.—The sudden disappearance of the well known American theatrical agent in treaty with a number of lyric artists for the season in Havana, has caused considerable anxiety among his friends and the parties interested, there being nothing to explain his disappearance. Murder or suicide is feared. The police, having been placed in possession of the facts, are making active researches.

In the debate on Tunisian affairs to-day, M. Clemenceau, republican, said the violation of the French frontier by the Kroumirs, was not an adequate motive for the government's action. A simple policy of repression would have been sufficient, and there would have been no need to occupy Tunis. Referring to the Bona and Guelma railway, and Enfida affairs, Clemenceau said that he saw, look where he would, nothing but the interest of business, and not the commercial interest of France. Clemenceau reproached the ministers with exercising violence toward the bey and concluded: "You have violated the constitution, deceived the chamber, infringed the rights of universal suffrage and violated the national sovereignty. Inquiry must therefore be held." The debate was then adjourned.

AFRICA.

BONA, November 8.—Reports from New Calabar indicate that another war is imminent there between King Amakree and Will Braid. Several sanguinary contests have already occurred between the followings of both parties. The powerful chiefs Oko Jumbo and Jaka intend to join in the hostilities, the former siding with Will Braid and the latter with King Amakree.

TUNIS, November 8.—The insurgents about number 50,000 fighting men, and a march is necessary in an almost unknown country before the French can come up with them.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, November 8.—In the second ballot for member of the reichstag Dr. Volk was victorious by a sweeping majority. Most of the second elections up to the present time have resulted in favor of the liberals.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 8.—The sheriff of Mecca refused to permit Midhat Pasha to make a pilgrimage to that place.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Movement for the Admission of a New State—The Proposed Reduction of the Whisky Tax.

WASHINGTON, November 8.—The movement for the admission of a new state, to be formed out of Dakota, has taken more shape than has generally been supposed. Republican senators look to it as a means of securing two more senators to their party. The bill is already prepared and more than one speech has been written. It will be opposed by some democrats certainly, and possibly by all but David Davis, who has been secured to favor it.

First Assistant Postmaster-General Hatton, has returned from Iowa, and resumed the charge of his office. He will also act as postmaster general during James's absence.

The internal revenue bureau does not favor the proposed reduction of the whisky tax from ninety to fifty cents per gallon. In his forthcoming report, Commissioner Raum will neither recommend a reduction nor advise directly against it. He will state the amount of revenue derived ftom whisky, and that the proposed reduction will cut down the amount without benefiting the producers or consumers. The revenue officials regard the movement for a reduction as inaugurated wholly by middlemen, who, they say, would make all the profit. The whisky trade will also oppose the reduction. As millions of dollars worth of whisky is held in bond, to reduce the tax would demoralize the trade badly. The commissioner may in his report point out this effect. There will be a determined effort to get congress to reduce the tax, and it is said a big lobby with plenty of money will be here in the interest of the movement. The influence of the treasury and revenue bureau will be against the reduction.

In the star route case to-day Mr. Brewster addressed the court in defense of the form o criminal information.

In the Guiteau case the court refused to postpone the time fixed for the commencement of the trial. He also refused to issue an order for the delivery to Guiteau's counsel of papers now held by the district attorney, and said he thought an amicable arrangement might be made by which his counsel could have access to the papers.

THE CENTRAL

Gives Reduced Rates to the Exposition.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

SAVANNAH, November 8.—The board of directors of the Central railroad, at a meeting to-day, resolved to give a cent a mile rate to the exposition over its system of roads: excursion days to be fixed by Vice-President Raoul for the Central and Southwestern, and by the general managers on the Georgia railroad and Atlanta and West Point railroad.

Peculiar Swindling.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., November 8.—It is found by the state officers here that one L. L. Cluxton, now under arrest at Vandalia, Fayette county, has for some time been playing a game by making spurious applications to the governor for requisitions on the governors of other states for imaginary fugitives from justice. This he did by forging the signatures of the county officers, surreptitiously affixing their seals to the papers, and getting himself appointed messenger. His returns to the state officers were forged in the same way. It is not known how much money he has extracted from the state by these transactions.

Fighting Over a Murderer.

CINCINNATI, November 8.—The Times-Star special from Tiffin, O., says that at 1:30 this morning a mob comprising several hundred appeared at the jail where Madder, who killed Phoebe Bernard, was confined. A demand was made for the keys. The sheriff refused, and having previously gathered a posse of armed men to protect the jail, a lively riot ensued. Officers Brick and Lambertson received severe injuries, but the mob was repelled and warrants are being issued for the leaders. Another attack is expected to-night. Captain Leppers's militia is ordered out.

A Woman's Trial for Murder.

LITTLE ROCK, November 8.—The Gazette's Arkadelphia special says that the jury in the case o Sarah Stokes, on trial here since Monday, charged with murder in killing Miss Malinda Stevens, after having been out forty hours, returned into court this morning, unable to agree on a verdict and were discharged. The jury stood four for guilty of manslaughter with sentence of two years in the penitentiary, and eight for acquittal. The case stands for trial the second day in the next January term.

Thoroughbreds Burned.

LOUISVILLE, November 8.—The Courier-Journal's special from Danville, Ky., says the training stable of Warren A. Russell was destroyed by fire, and a number of valuable horses burned, among them L. B. Fields' fine stallion, Astral, by imported Australia, dam Coral by Vandal. A fine mare belonging to Dr. J. P. Warren, a good buggy animal owned by J. M. Wallace, a fine Ericson colt, owned by Louis Denham, and another owned by Wilson Dunn, of Garrard county.

Fatal Affray in a Saloon.

CINCINNATI, November 8.—A special from Bellefontaine, Ohio, says that John Axtell, son of the superintendent of the Lewiston reservoir, was fatally stabbed Saturday night by an old hunter named Leaman. The affray took place in a saloon, and was provoked by insults by Axtell.

A Heavy Failure.

COLUMBUS, Ga., November 8.—M. C. Gordon, dry goods merchant, of this city, suspended to-day. Mortgages amounting to $25,000 were foreclosed, and his stock is now in the hands of the sheriff. Liabilities $60,000; assets, $50,000.

Races Postponed.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, November 8.—On account of the continued bad weather the National fair association running races which were to have been resumed tomorrow, are again postponed until Tuesday, the 15th instant.

The New Fast Train.

BUFFALO, November 8.—The new fast train between Chicago and New York arrived on time. The run from New York is ten hours and forty-nine minutes, including stops for passengers at Albany and Rochester.

Transit of Mercury.

SAN JOSE, Cal., November 8.—The transit of mercury was successfully observed at Lick observatory, Mount Hamilton, by Captain Floyd, Prof. Holden and Mr. Burnham. The day was extremely fine.

Killed While Trying to Escape.

LOUISVILLE, November 8.—John Crawford, while escaping from the Indiana state prison at Jeffersonville, yesterday afternoon, was instantly killed by a bullet from the rifle of Jordan McRhea, the prison guard.

A Republican Mayor.

GALVESTON, November 8.—The News' Austin special says the republicans elected Mr. Taylor mayor to-day over Judge James Wimuth by 150 majority.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

MISSISSIPPI has increased 300,000 in population in ten years.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S cotton crop will be about 600,202 bales of 400 pounds each.

AN extraordinary quantity of vegetables are being planted on the Indian river, Florida.

THERE is a fig bush in Mobile that bears, it is said, annually and regularly 300 bushels.

FLORIDA has made more improvements in her hotels this year than for many years previous.

AN order has been received in New Orleans from Glasgow, Scotland, for one thousand cases o shrimps.

ST. LOUIS

AT THE EXPOSITION.

FACTS AND INCIDENTS OF THE DAY NOTED.

A Rainy Day but a Splendid Attendance—The Attractions of the Sheep Show—A Large Excursion Arrives Over the Western and Atlantic Railroad—New England Exhibitors.

The high and representative character of the exposition now in progress in this city is slowly but surely finding popular appreciation. No one visits it but at once loses mere curiosity in the intensest interest, and apathy gives place to the most pronounced enthusiasm. This effect upon visitors is spreading its influence abroad and there are evidences at hand that the finale of the exposition will be reached amid the most glowing eulogies and tangible signs of success.

Yesterday, despite the nasty weather, was a successful day in the matter of attendance, and was a fair testimony to the wisdom of low rates on the railroads, as a means of increasing travel and popularizing the exposition. The State road brought in a most encouraging number of people on the one cent tariff, and we expect to see its trains crowded to their utmost capacity so soon as the weather changes for the better. The other roads leading into the city are preparing to do the fair thing and the question of attendance is about solved.

The exhibits are practically all complete and in place, and the general effect of the exposition is one of magnificence in proportions and inestimable value in suggestions.

Below we present our exposition news budget made up on yesterday.

The Sheep Show

Continues to attract much attention. It touches one of the practical industries of the south, and is of especial interest to Georgia, where sheep growing is a proud success. In the display the thoroughbreds are shown to great advantage, and are offered for sale at very reasonable rates.

Mr. A. H. Davenport, of Lexington, Kentucky has a fine lot of Southdown sheep, which seem to be as well kept as if each were a family pet.

Yesterday Mr. Richard Peters sent out a number of his superb merinos. He has raised them with signal success in Georgia, and no stronger advocate of sheep farming can be found than is he. He has besides sheep a beautiful display of Angora goats, bred from imported parents, and some of the finest Essex hogs ever seen. Mr. Peters has become thoroughly identified with the culture of fine stock in Georgia. In cows, sheep, hogs and goats he has always had fine breeds. His success in raising these good stocks has been of great encouragement to those who doubted the safety of such an investment. Few men love the subject of fine live stock better than Mr. Peters or do more to encourage it in Georgia.

A Successful House.

Among the exhibitors is that of Davenport, Johnson & Co., of New York, who have a large branch in Atlanta. They have a space of 56x18 feet, and exhibit one of the most beautiful displays on the grounds. They furnish literally everything in cotton and woolen mills, except the staple manufactured: also railway and machine supplies of all kinds. Since the exposition opened, four weeks ago, they have sold of J. B. Hoyt & Co.'s, oak tanned, short lap leather alone over 40,000 feet. They have taken contracts to furnish the Fulton cotton spinning company, Pendleton guano company, Southern agricultural works, (all of Atlanta); Falls of Hawse manufacturing company, of North Carolina; J. M. Worth & Co. manufacturing company, of North Carolina, and Central Falls manufacturing company, of Ashboro, N. C. Of the last two the measurements have not been received and they are not counted in the 40,000 feet named above. While making this superb display on the grounds the house has done a big business in Atlanta. They are exhibiting Franklin foundry and machine company's frame with Hopkins's improved spindle. This live house is making one of the most attractive of the 1,800 exhibits on the grounds.

The First Excursion.

A BAD DAY BUT A GOOD CROWD.

Wrean was happy yesterday. The first excursion at the new rate of one cent a mile came down at 11 o'clock on the Western & Atlantic road. The train consisted of ten cars packed, jammed and overwhelmingly loaded. The people were hanging on by the railings and in every way in which foot room or hand-hold could be secured. The crowd numbered nearly a thousand, and supplemented by another delegation on a later train, ran above that figure The exposition folks were somewhat astonished at the size of the crowd. Nobody specially was looking for it, the road even not thinking that the crowd would be so large, had failed to provide enough cars and consequently many were unable to get passage. The excursionists were all well pleased, spent the day in seeing the exposition and in taking things leisurely. The last of them will return home today. To-morrow the excursion from above Kingston will come down. The one cent a mile is a popular price and is bound to bring the crowds.

The Passenger Agents.

Yesterday the convention of general passenger and ticket agents for the southern and western lines was to have been held at the Exposition hotel. A sufficient number of agents to constitute a quorum did not arrive and the meeting will be convened at the Exposition hotel at 11 o'clock this morning. This is the regular fall meeting of the association, and its object is to fix through fall rates on all the lines connected with the association.

There is another subject of great importance to Atlanta which will come up. It is that of cheaper rates to the exposition. The passenger and ticket agents could have a great influence in this matter if they chose to take hold of it, and it is hoped that they will do so. The meeting was originally set for the 9th, and that is the reason why there was no quorum present yesterday.

The proceedings of to-day's meeting will be watched with interest. Most of the agents will arrive this morning.

Georgia's Exhibit

Is now completed, and it gives an excellent idea of the resources of the state. In agricultural products there is a variety which would surprise the visitor, who thinks that Georgia raises only a great deal of cotton and a little corn or wheat. There are all kinds of agricultural staples and curiosities. Of cotton, the display is very fine, and reflects honor upon the state as well as the exhibitors. The display fills most of the space in the center of the main building up stairs. All Georgia visitors to the grounds, all who want to know what the state can do, should visit the display to see for themselves. Commissioner Henderson and Captain Newnan have arranged things beautifully, and we find that the Georgia legislature is not so essential after all to a decent display by the state.

Other exhibits in the Georgia department are expected daily, and before a week is past the empire state of the south can hold her head as high as any on the grounds.

New England Exhibitors.

The New England exhibitors met yesterday and organized at Judges' hall. The following officers were elected:

President—William E. Barrows, treasurer Willimantic Linen company.

Vice President—J. S. Otis, of J. & P. Coats.

Treasurer—C. J. Horton, of Waltham watch company.

Secretary—C. Sedgwick Davis, Washburn & Moen manufacturing company.

The association will meet again to-day at Judges' hall at 11 o'clock. A good attendance is desired.

A Philadelphia Excursion.

Mr. W. Nagle, formerly of the Textile [illegible] one of the first and stauchlest friends of the [illegible] at work like a beaver in the interests of the great show at Philadelphia. He is organizing a series of grand Pennsylvania excursions, and writes that he feels confident he can bring 1,000 people on the first one—if he can only get rates down to the proper figure. All the energies of the exposition should be expended in backing up Mr. Nagle and getting a reduction in the rates on the Pennsylvania roads.

Notice.

SOUTHERN COTTON MANUFACTUREES' ASSOCIATION MEETING IN ATLANTA.

Notice is hereby given to the members and to all manufacturers desiring to participate and, from ignorance of whose address, may not receive personal notice, that the meeting of the Southern Manufacturers' association will be held in Atlanta, on the exposition grounds, on Monday, December 5th, 1881. A full and enthusiastic meeting is desired and expected.

C. J. LINEBERGER, President,
N. DUMONT, Secretary.

Firing a Building

JUST FOR THE FUN OF THE THING.

A large crowd was attracted at the exposition yesterday by a test of Bishop's automatic fire extinguisher. At four o'clock a specially erected building near the main building was saturated with oil, and fired. The extinguisher worked like a charm, and as soon as the flames were well up the water came down in a shower and in an instant the fire was extinguished. The test was an interesting feature of the day, and will be repeated at semi-occasional periods.

The Louisville and Nashville Excursions.

Mr. C. P. Atmore, of the Louisville and Nashville road informs us that the first Louisville and Nashville excursion will leave Louisville the first of next week, covering that city, and all intermediate points. An excursion under auspices of the same road will leave Indianapolis the middle of the week, and a third will leave St. Louis the last of the week. A rate of one cent a mile for each of these has been established and good crowds may be expected.

A Concert To-Day.

Mr. Cady, of the Estey organ company, has arranged a pleasant concert to occur at the Estey's space in the Art building at noon to-day, lasting until half-past one. Among those who will contribute to the music will be: Miss Hahr and Messrs. C. C. Seals, Samuel Bradley, Capers King, R. B. Toy and Mr. Cady. A good programme has been made up.

Exposition Notes.

—Children's Day, Saturday, November 12. Admission only 25 cents.

—Trains will leave Whitehall street station every fifteen minutes, and it is expected that over five thousand children will visit the grounds. The railroad arrangements are so very complete, that parents need have no apprehension of letting their children go alone.

—The exhibition will have their prettiest cards out for distribution to the children, and it will be a grand opportunity for the children to add to their collection. Parents should certainly arrange to carry or send their children on Saturday.

—Rome will arrive in full force on Saturday, and also excursions from Air-Line railroad, so that it will be a grand day for the exposition.

—The general passenger agents will visit the exposition this afternoon. We understand that those who have seen it pronounced it a grand success, and they will send us numbers of excursions.

—We hope Colonel Pope, while in Atlanta, will designate a day for cheap rates from Athens. We are receiving letters from Athens daily asking when their day will be set.

—The mayor and city council of Nashville have been invited to visit the exposition by Colonel Thomas, general superintendent of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroad. It is hoped that their visit will be made the occasion for an excursion from Nashville at one cent per mile.

—Columbus day has been fixed for the 17th inst. It is hoped Colonel Gibbett will announce a low rate excursion, as the Columbus people wish to visit the exposition.

—Charleston, South Carolina, comes to us on the 15th.

—George Denny and wife, of Lancaster, Ky., Wade Walker and wife, of Garrrard county, Ky., and Miss Sallie Burnam, of Richmond, Ky., daughter of the Hon. C. J. Burnam, ex-assistant secretary of the treasury, are visiting the exposition.

—Yesterday was muddy but it did not keep the crowd away from the ground.

—Acwith sent down a good delegation.

—Louis Cook, president and treasurer of the Louis Cook manufacturing company of Cincinnati, after spending a day or two in looking at the exposition, left yesterday for a business and pleasure trip through the west. His company is the largest carriage manufacturing establishment in the world. He has a fine exhibit at the exposition.

—The Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine company shows some exceedingly beautiful ornamental work in screens, the work of Mr. E. A. Moore.

—Fred Ashton, of the Adams & Westlake oil stoves, furnished the heater for the tailors' goose Monday when Mr. Atkinson's suit was being made.

—One thousand excursionists were out he grounds yesterday.

—The day of excursions has begun.

—Mr. C. P. Atmore, general passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville, was the handsomest man on the grounds yesterday.

—It was a pleasant sight to see Colonel Barrows, of the Willimantic, leading the wild Cherokee Indians through the intricacies of his display. It was the effete east, so to speak, shaking hands with the untutored west.

—Mr. Jim Smith, of the Rome railroad, says he will bring the Romans down in hosts next Saturday.

—The best dinner—the best bill of fare—served in the daintiest and most elegant style—and we mean exactly what we say—is to be found at Phil Brown's Exposition hotel. The popular feature of the day at the ground is to step over to Brown's and get a good dinner.

A Letter from Mr. Atkinson.

ATLANTA, November 7.—Editors Constitution: Having come to Atlanta at the head of a party of the ablest of the cotton manufacturers of the north, I find myself placed in a position of undue prominence, which is somewhat embarrassing, but I must fulfill the duty which this incident has imposed upon me, before I leave your pleasant and hospitable city.

On their behalf and at their request let me first present an apology for them and for myself, for not acknowledging in a more personal way the kind hospitality which we have received. The busy duties of attending the exhibition and studying its lessons have fully absorbed our time.

In respect to the exhibition we beg to say that its importance and its far reaching benefits have grown upon us day bay by day. We have had only such a conception of the resources and productive power of this great southern land as can be had from far distant observation and hearsay, but now we have been brought face to face with its visible and tangible evidences.

We return home, determined to send here on the 6th of December, to meet the national association of cotton planters, as many of our manufacturers as we can induce to come, and we do not feel that it will be difficult to send a very large delegation when we make our report.

Many of my friends who have already returned have also determined to send here the overseers and master mechanics from the mills under their charge. I did not mention to them the danger they would incur, and it would not be wise for you to mention it, but I may use the privilege of a yankee in guessing that some of these master mechanics will return here again, "bringing their trunks to stay," if they see the opportunity which exists in working up the timber, the mineral, the tanning material, etc., which are exhibited in such profuse abundance, as we have seen it. I guess some of them will stay.

Let me take take this opportunity to render to one man the meed of praise and credit which is his due. We have wondered at the vigor and energy displayed in the construction of these buildings, and bringing order out of the apparent chaos which was reported to us just before the opening. I have myself been almost humiliated by being put forward as the originator of this work. Any man can use a pen and propose a plan. Any man can employ a draughtsman to put the plan in shape, but it always takes one man to do the work.

The citizens of Atlanta have well sustained the one man who could develop the little germ and create the great fact. To them be a full measure of praise and credit. But even your zeal and judgment might not have been effective if there had not been among your number the one man who could accomplish the work.

When all our names are forgotten his name will still be remembered and will be completely indentified with the greatest event in the industrial history of the country,

THE INTERNATIONAL COTTON EXHIBITION AT ATLANTA.

We are so well satisfied of this that we have written to our friends in Boston advising them that if the proposed world's fair presently reaches the stage of practical organization and work, they had better borrow H. I. Kimball from Atlanta and constitute him their director general.

EDWARD ATKINSON.

A German Day Proposed.

MESSRS. EDITORS: While the directors of the International cotton exposition are naming days, why don't they name a "German day?" Let them set apart a day for the American representatives of the great German race—a race measuring arms worthily in science, commerce, manufacturing and the fine arts with the English speaking race all over the globe.

Setapart the day, gentlemen, and let the Germans of Atlanta arrange the programme—and you will see a day unsurpassed in interest by any during the exposition.

PROGRESS.

What the Papers Say.

Correspondence Richmond Dispatch.

In many of the departments, especially those of most importance to the southern states, the exhibits are absolutely astonishing.

Philadelphia Press.

Pennsylvania seems to be running things at the Atlanta exposition, Pennsylvanians know best what a good thing an exposition is.

Washington Post.

Commissioner Loring's exposition address graces the columns of that splendid newspaper, THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, in full. It is a "wise and wholesome speech," says the Georgia editor.

Correspondence New York Tribune.

After many ups and downs in its history the International cotton exposition is an established fact, with but a single obstacle between it and an assured success. That obstacle is the high passenger rates prevailing on southern roads.

New Orleans Times.

There are three reasons why farming is not profitable to the southern farmer. The first is that our planters undertake to farm more land than they can cultivate properly. The second is that they do not make use of improved and labor-saving machinery. The third is that the credit system eats up all their profits. Our planters and farmers will get a good many ideas at the Atlanta exposition which will be of benefit to them.

New York Herald.

It is now a month since the Atlanta expositon was opened, and the unanimous testimony of all observing visitors is that in the extent and variety of its exhibits the great fair has not only proved a marked success, but has surpassed the most sanguine expectations of those who have watched its progress with friendly interest. But there is one drawback from which the enterprise is suffering. Complaints are made that the number of visitors is considerably smaller than it should be, owing to a lack of cheap passenger rates, and strangely enough, these complaints are directed more against southern than northern railroads. We think that the companies of the north as well as the south act against their own interests when they refuse to carry people to Atlanta at the lowest rates possible. The greatest end to be attained by the exhibition now in progress is to make known the boundless resources of the south and lead to their development. In the untold advantages to the country that must attend this result the railroads will be by no means the least sharers. But the fruit of the exposition will depend largely on the number of people who go to Atlanta and other parts of the south, and this number will be great or small according to as railroad fares are high or low. Looking at the matter in a wholly selfish light railroad companies throughout the country should see how important to their own interests must be the greatest success of the enterprise. In his dispatch to the Herald a day or two ago so keen an observer as Mr. Edward Atkinson, after speaking in glowing terms of the possibilities of the exhibition, well said: "The one thing wanting, and the only thing wanting to-day, is the hearty co-operation of the railroad corporations, even in far distant places. If they could understand their own interest as fully as we can see it they would do the work of bringing great crowds at absolute cost or even less for the sake of the influence upon the future traffic which will come out of this grand undertaking." This is good advice which we hope railroad managers in all parts of the country will act upon by promptly offering the lowest and most tempting rates to Atlanta and back.

What a druggist says: "I have been selling Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for ten years, and it has given better satisfaction than any other cough remedy. A. G. Schmidt, Apothecary, Hanover, Pa.

—General Stoneman has raised sixteen thousand dollars' worth of grapes on his vineyard at Los Angeles, California, this year.

The Effect of Indulgence

in strong drink can be removed from the system by Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.
nov2—d2w sun wed&fri&w2w

—A New York female baby, pierced for ear-rings, died from erysipelas. Providence has sometimes to kill a child to protect it from fool parents.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.
mar26—d1y sat sun wed&wly

—Secretary Folger comes of old fishing stock on Nantucket, and he has a liking himself for summer fishing on the lakes.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

IN LOSS OF APPETITE.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate is used with great success in languor, loss of appetite and hypochondria.

—Henry Villard declared in a speech at a reception at Portland that he will ride from New York to Oregon in October, 1883, over the Northern Pacific.

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that most terrible disease consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Sold by all druggists.
502 july17—d6meow tues thur sat&weow

—It has been ascertained that cats cannot live at an altitude of 13,000 feet above the level of the sea. The man who will transport felines to the top of the Rocky mountains can make his fortune easily.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints. If you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by all druggists. 502 july17—d6meow tues thur sat&weow

—In Des Moines, Iowa, a man of 92 is suing for a divorce from a wife aged 85.

—We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth and Headache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. 591 july17—d6meow tues thurs sat&weow

—Mr. Cook, of Willard's hotel, Washington, says he does not take the trouble to keep the count when there are less than thirty bridal couples in the house, which number he now has. The dining room has daily a fine display of the latest styles of toilet.

For a spinal irritation, paralytic troubles, loss of vitality, consequences of early indiscretion or excess, the Liebig Co's Coca Beef Tonic has no equal. nov4 d&w fri sun&wed

—Fred Archer, the celebrated English rider, won out of 31 mounts, 181 of them. C. Wood was second in winning, T. Cannon third and G. Fordham fourth.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system. Address Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western avenue, Lynn, Mass., for circular. oct30d1ly sun wed fri&w1w

—When Diogenes prowled around with a lantern he was looking for a gas meter, the only thing that never tells a lie, according to the Detroit Free Press.

Eminent Physicians

are prescribing that tried and true remedy, Kidney-Wort, for the worst cases of biliousness and constipation, as well as for kidney complaints. There is scarcely a person to be found that will not be greatly benefited by a thorough course of Kidney-Wort every spring. If you feel out of sorts and don't know why, try a package of Kidney-Wort and you will feel like a new creature.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

VISITORS TO THE EXPOSITION

Will find at our display in Art Hall, a large stock of Rich Jewelry, Diamonds, Silverware, and objects of art suitable for presentation purposes. This stock is not composed entirely of expensive articles. We offer beautiful souvenirs at such low prices that any one can possess themselves of something pretty.

Every article that we exhibit is FOR SALE, and our stock has been selected with this object especially in view.

We offer BARGAINS—no trouble to show goods.

A FEATURE OF OUR DISPLAY IS

ATLANTA MADE WATCHES

the merits of which will be explained by polite gentlemen in charge.

AT OUR FACTORY, 34 WHITEHALL STREET,

we will execute promptly all orders for any special designs for jewelry or watches.

AT OUR SALESROOMS, NO. 34 WHITEHALL STREET,

can be found the largest stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and Silverware ever seen in the South.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.

892 oct16 d3m 2p nx expos mat topc

WILLIMANTIC SPOOL COTTON.

"AMERICA STILL AHEAD!"

WHY IS

ASK THE JUDGES AT THE

Centennial Exposition, 1876.
Pittsburg Exposition, 1876--7--8 and '79.
St. Louis Exposition, 1877.
American Institute, New York, 1878.
Maryland Institute, Baltimore, 1878.
Cincinnati Exposition, 1879.

ASK ANYBODY WHO HAS EVER USED

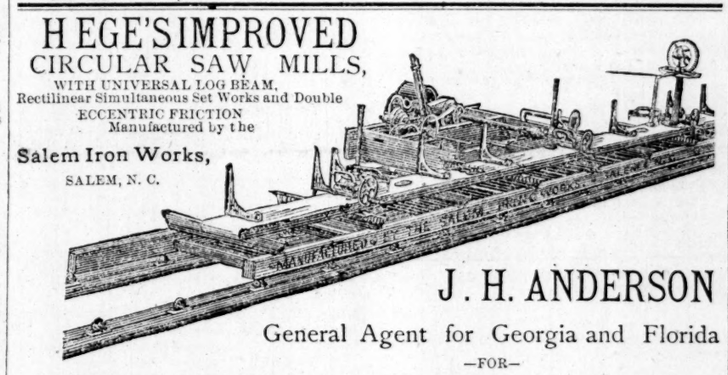
WILLIMANTIC SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON,

Or Go to the Exposition and See for Yourself.

oct15—dtf

HEGE'S IMPROVED CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

WITH UNIVERSAL LOG BEAM,
Rectilinear Simultaneous Set Works and Double ECCENTRIC FRICTION
Manufactured by the
Salem Iron Works,
SALEM, N. C.



J. H. ANDERSON

General Agent for Georgia and Florida

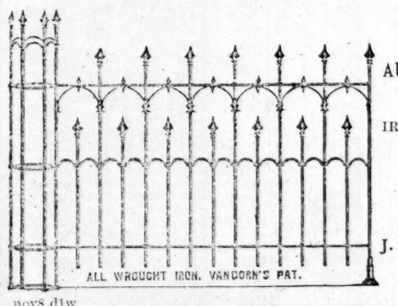
—FOR—

HEGE'S IMPROVED SAW MILLS

june16—d&w6m wed thur sat tues 69 BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

IRON WORKS.

CLEVELAND WROUGHT IRON FENCE WORKS.



MANUFACTURERS OF

WROUGHT IRON FENCING,
AUTOMATIC GATES,
CRESTINGS AND RAILINGS
IRON SHUTTERS,
DOOR AND WINDOW GUARDS,
STATION HOUSE CELLS, ETC.

(Notice of Public Work Solicited.)

EXHIBIT FRONT OF PRESS PAVILION, Exposition Grounds.

J. H. BRITTON, 21 Water Street, CLEVELAND, O., OR ATLANTA, GA.

nov8 d1w

SELTZER APERIENT.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT. New York. Potentia.

"WHAT WILL TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT CURE?" asks the sufferer from a multitude of diseases. We answer: It will remove from the system the active cause of most of the diseases that flesh is heir to. It won't mend a broken limb, nor close a bullet hole; but it may be profitably used in stomachic diseases. It will do no one any harm, and may do much good. Try it and see if it won't suit your case.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
nov1—d 1w—sat wed nx rd mat abv med col

100 bushels Onion Sets,
1000 bushels Rust Proof Oats,
500 bushels Henderson Virginia Winter Grazing Oats.
Seed Wheat, Barley, Rye, etc., at
MARK W. JOHNSON & CO'S,
27 Marietta street.
nov2—d1w

WANTED — MANUFACTURING CONCERN wants a business man in Atlanta and in every city (not already taken.) A few hundred dollars necessary to pay for goods on delivery after orders have been secured for the same; $150 per month profit guaranteed. The most searching investigation. A. S. ARNOLD & CO., 1293 Broad-
nov3—d6t

$500 REWARD.

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness, we cannot cure with Wests Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes containing 30 Pills, 25 cents For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 181 and 183 West Madison street, Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp.
apr15 d&w1y

BEST FIRE-PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD

WM. G. OSGOODBY & CO., 17 S Broad St.

LOST—My books, papers and money in a cheap safe, which burned with the building. Next time I will buy only Wm G Osgoodby & Co's Improved Safe. Atlanta Salesroom, 17 S Broad street.

FOUND—That everything was secure after the fire that the Wm G Osgoodby & Co. Improved Safe opened on the combination. Atlanta Salesroom 17 South Broad street.

We will exchange you one of our large Improved Safes for your small old one at small difference.
WM G OSGOODBY & CO.,
ep20—dtf 17 S Broad stree

WHEAT Dealers make Money with W. T. SOULE & CO., 130 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. Write for particulars.

COTTON MANUFACTURERS

CAN SEE AT THE SPACE OCCUPIED BY George Draper & Son's, of Hopedale, Massachusetts, near the center of the main exposition building, a twister, spooler and reel, built by the Hopedale machine company, containing all the latest improvements; also, a ring filling frame of the best construction for coarse work. The twister and filling frame are supplied with sawyer spindles. The filling frame is supplied with Draper's evener and double adjustable rings. A twister and ring frame, built by the Fales & Jenks machine company, Pawtucket, Rhode Island, having improved Rabbeth spindles, may be seen in operation on fine work. In connection with the exhibit of the Willimantic Spool Cotton company, one side of a frame, built by the Bridesburg manufacturing company, containing sawyer, spindles may be seen at the space occupied by that company. I hope to be at the exposition for consultation with any customer or enquirer, the latter part of this week.

GEORGE DRAPER.

P. S. In buying new, don't be persuaded to take spindles of a former period, because they cost less money, you need improved ones on coarse work full as much as on fine. 188 nov6—1m

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR ALDERMAN.

—MR T G HEALEY is announced as a candidate for Alderman at large by citizens of Atlanta.
843 oct16 td

—The friends of Mr LITT C JONES respectfully announce him as a candidate for Alderman large. Election to be held December 7th, 1881.

FOR COUNCIL—FIRST WARD.

—We are authorized to announce Dr. W. D. MITCHELL as a candidate for Council from the First Ward. oct2—dte

—The friends of MAJOR D A COOK announce him as a candidate for council from the First Ward
509oct9—dte

—At the solicitation of numerous friends in al the wards of the city, I have consented to become a candidate for the city council from the First Ward Election on seventh of next December. I have neither the time or inclination to enter into an active canvass, but if elected I will faithfully discharge my duty to the very best of my ability.
nov3—dtd J. OLIN CLARIDY.

FOR COUNCIL—SECOND WARD.

—We are authorized to announce the name WM. LAIRD for councilman from the Second ward.
1115 oct23 d till

—FRANK T. RYAN, formerly Clerk of City Council, is announced as a candidate for Councilman from the Second Ward. oct29—dtde

FOR COUNCIL—THIRD WARD.

—ZACK W ADAMSON, is hereby announced as a candidate for councilman from the Third Ward. Election first Wednesday in December, 1881.
521oct9—dtc

—The friends of W. H. FRIZZELL announce him as a candidate for Council from the Third Ward. Election December 7th, 1881. oct19—dtf

FOR COUNCIL—FOURTH WARD.

—Dr. FRED KING is a candidate for council from the Fourth Ward, and asks the support of his friends throughout the city. nov4tde

—The friends of WM H HOWELL announce him as a candidate for councilman from the Fourth Ward at the election in December next. td

—The friends of A. M. REINHARDT, Esq., of the Fourth Ward, will support him for Councilman at the ensuing election in December next.
oct12—dtde MANY FRIENDS.

FOR COUNCIL—FIFTH WARD

—The friends of W C REYNOLDS respectfully announce him as a candidate for Councilman from the Fifth Ward. oct13 td

—J. S. LESTER is hereby announced as a candidate for Council from the Fifth Ward. Election December 7th, 1881. oct14—dtde

MRS. C. FREELAND,
Corner Julia and Forsyth streets,
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.,
First-class Private Board.
nov1—d1m

H. K. BENNETT & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
COTTON YARN AND WARPS,
30 AND 32 LETITIA STREET,
oct20-d3m Philadelphia, Penn.

PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN,
Portrait and Landscape Painter,
Has Removed His Studio to
NO. 73 1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE HE has fitted up rooms suitable to display his works of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Paintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.
The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. Van Stavoren is now prepared to instruct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscape Painting. may25 dtf

PRESCRIPTION FREE

For the speedy Cure of Nervous Weakness, Lost Vitality, Premature Debility, Nervousness, Despondency, Confusion of Ideas, Defective Memory and disorders brought on by over-work and Excesses. Any druggist has the Ingredients. Sent in plain Sealed Envelope. Address DR. W. S. JAQUES, 180 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
apr—d&w 1y

COTTON CARDING AND SPINNING MACHINERY FOR SALE.—Complete system (now running) comprising Kitson Opener, Kitson Spreader, 12 Worker & Stripper Cards, 30 inches; 2 Drawing Frames, Higgins' Slubber, 64 spindles; Providence M. Co. Slubber, 80 spindles; 2 Higgins' Speeders, 112 spindles each; Providence Speeder, 152 spindles; 29 Ring Spinning Frames, 4,276 spindles; Reels, Warp Mills, Spoolers, etc. Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Address JOHN G. DIVINE, Thompson and Division streets, Phila. oct22 d26t

CONFEDERATE BONDS.

BRING YOUR CONFEDERATE BONDS TO OUR office, before it is too late, and get highest price for them. HAAS & CO., Dodd Building,
nov6 tf Corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

THE IMPROVED SAFES ARE THE BEST.
WM. G. OSGOODBY & CO., 17 S. Broad St.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE IMPROVED SAFES before buying. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Do not forget that if you or your friends want a Safe the place to secure protection is at Wm G Osgoodby & Co, 17 S Broad street.

Why do every one buy our Safes after examining them? Because they are best. Wm G Osgoodby & Co, 17 S Broad street.

Only stock of Safes in Atlanta. Wm G Osgoodby & Co, 17 S Broad street.

Have you seen our new stock of Safes? Call and examine, WM G OSGOODBY & CO,
sep20—dtf 17 S Broad street.

ONLY SIX FLANGE SAFE IN THE WORLD.
WM. G. OSGOODBY & CO.
17 S. Broad Street.

BUY THE IMPROVED SIX FLANGE SAFE—the best made. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad street.

We sell more Safes than any other house in the U. S. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Safes! Safes! Safes! Both Fire and Burglar Proof. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Only full stock of Safes in the South. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Burglars are plenty. Protect your valuables by purchasing Improved Safe. WM G OSGOODBY & CO, 17 S Broad St.

Large Safes. Small Safes. All styles at reasonable prices. WM G OSGOODBY & CO,
sep20—dtf 17 S Broad St.

I. Y. SAWTELL. LEON F. SAWTELL.
I. Y. SAWTELL & SON,
Real Estate, Wild Land and Mining Agts,
OFFICE 50 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, Georgia. Buying and Selling Wild Lands and Mining Interests our Specialty. Send for our Advertised list. 880 oct16 3mo

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, GA., September 3, 1881.

Commencing Sunday, 4th Instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

NO. 2 EAST DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 30 am	L've Augusta	10 30 am
Ar. Athens	4 40 pm	" Macon	7 10 am
" Washington	2 55 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Camak	1 26 pm	" Camak	11 33 am
" Milledg'v'e	4 48 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 30 am
Ar. Macon	6 45 pm	" Athens	9 30 am
" Augusta	4 06 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 pm

No connection to or from Washington on Sundays.

LITHONIA ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, Except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	6 00 pm	L've Lithonia	6 35 pm
Ar. Lithonia	7 25 pm	Ar. Atlanta	8 00 am

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	12 35 pm	L've Decatur	2 05 pm
Ar. Decatur	1 14 pm	Ar. Atlanta	2 45 pm

NO 4 EAST DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 30 pm	L've Augusta	5 55 pm
Ar. Athens	8 05 am	" Athens	7 00 pm
Ar. Augusta	6 30 am	Ar. Atlanta	5 00 am

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at regular scheduled Flag Station.

No connection to or from Washington on Sundays.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and South-East.

Superb Improved SLEEPERS to Augusta. PULLMAN SLEEPERS Augusta to Washington, D. C.

☞Only one change Atlanta to New York.

JOHN W. GREEN, General Manager. | E. R. DORSEY, General Pass. Agent.

AFFAIRS IN GEORGIA,

AS REPORTED BY THE CONSTITUTION'S CORRESPONDENTS.

The Funeral of Mr. Richard Wilson at Athens—The Election in Clayton County on the Question of Fence or No Fence—Clippings from Our Various State Exchanges.

HARTWELL, November 7.—In my statement the other day regarding the death of Rev. B. C. Thornton, I gave the facts as they were reported. From my article it might be inferred that his death was occasioned by an overdose of morphine. This was not the case, as from statements made by his wife and the physician, as published in the Hartwell Sun, his disease was appoplexy. There was only ¼ of a grain of morphine administered, after taking which it was some time before he went to sleep. There were no symptoms of a narcotic state and his death could not possibly have resulted from the medicine.

DOUGLASVILLE, November 8.—On the night of the 7th of November Mr. William Kilgo, while acting as an executing officer of Douglas county, attempted to arrest William Zann at the residence of the latter. Zann offering resistance and saying to Kilgo: "I will kill you," and at the same time struck Kilgo with a gold-digger's shovel. While attempting to strike him again Kilgo fired at Zann with a pistol, the shot taking effect in the breast. Death was the immediate result. An inquest was organized by the coroner yesterday and the preliminary trial of Kilgo was expected; the result not known.

ATHENS, November 8.—Under my window has just passed a long funeral procession following the remains of Mr. Richard Wilson to his last resting place. His body arrived here this morning from Atlanta by the early Georgia train. The funeral services were conducted by Dr. C. W. Lane, assisted by Rev. N. Keff Smith, of Atlanta, at the Presbyterian church this afternoon. Deceased was for many years a resident of Athens. And before the war between the states the firm of Wilson Bros. was numbered among Athens' most influential and wealthy merchants.

JONESBORO, November 8.—The election in Clayton county on the question of fence or no fence came off yesterday and resulted in favor of no fence by fifty majority. There was a good vote polled and the question was fairly submitted to the voters, and the victory for no fence is a fair one.

WASHINGTON, November 7.—The committee to investigate the conduct of the Ninth Massachusetts regiment examined the police records of Washington yesterday and found nothing derogatory to the conduct of the members in that city. The committee then left for Boston.

What the Papers say.

West Point Press.

The Alabama and Georgia mills, the leading enterprise of our community, is again fully equipped for work. The mills will soon run over 5,000 spindles, and produce at least ten thousand yards of superior cotton duck goods per day. This amount consumes twelve bales of cotton daily. The recent improvements to the mills place them upon a firm basis, and the machinery is all English make and first-class in pattern and construction.—The goods manufactured by these mills have provoked most favorable comment, and the management feel assured that they will compare favorably with similar goods with any factory south.

Rome Courier.

From Mr. T. S. Burney, who resides five miles from the city on the Calhoun road, we learn that there are two dogs in his neighborhood perfectly wild. They were raised under a vacant house some distance from any human being, and since growing up have fed on hogs and sheep which they run down and kill. They now use in the swamps, and their depredations are so frequent that they have been fired at several times, but without effect. Mr. Burney says every time a hog "comes up missing," the darkies in the community say that it was killed by the wild dogs. It is suggested that the fox hunters take out their pack of fine hounds and capture the savage beasts.

Marion County Argus.

The writer was recently at the home of Captain J. D. Wilson, of Pineville, and while there was amused at the love for music evinced by a pigeon. Miss Anna, daughter of the captain, has half a dozen pigeons. When one of them hears the sound of music it coos and dances, and seems to go into ecstacies of delight. It will light on the shoulder, arm or lap, and for the moment all fear seems banished by the effect of the music. This is very remarkable, and not less remarkable is the following excerpt from the Sumter Republican: "A young lady living on Jackson street was up stairs playing on the piano a few days ago, when she heard a noise behind her. Looking around, she espied a rat jumping around and dancing about over the floor. She stopped the music and the rat ran back into its hole. She struck up the music again and the rat returned. She took it up in her hand, carried it down stairs and showed it to the family. She returned to the room and placed it on the floor. After playing the piano a while longer she shut the instrument and descended the stairs. The rat followed the young lady around the house, and allowed her to pick it up and fondle it as if it were a kitten."

Marion County Argus.

We have never heard of a more brutal chastisement than that which the death of a small negro girl, in Schley county, revealed on last Tuesday. From Dr. R. T. Bivins, who was in professional attendance of the inquest, we learn the following facts: Edmund Partridge, colored, was living on the plantation of Mr. H. H. Singletary, between Ellaville and Andersonville, and was the step-father of a girl about ten years old. Two weeks before the death of the girl on last Monday, he had whipped her unmercifully. For one week after she was unable to do work; about a week before her death he whipped her again from which she never revived. She lived a week, suffering intensely, without any relief. When the mother of the child and wife of the brute suggested that a physician be called to see the child, he cursed her and told her to put some grease on the sores, and threatened if she said anything of the whipping which he had inflicted that he would kill her. The child was forced to suffer and die by "piece meal" without attempt at relief. Emanuel Green, colored, learned the facts and reported them. The inquest showed the child was a mass of bruised flesh and running sores from back of the head to the feet. Partridge was arrested and was fastened by a trace-chain to a log of the house and guarded Monday night and part of Tuesday morning. Some time in the morning by some means he secured a wagon hammer with an iron handle with which he wrenched a link of the chain in twain and made his escape.

A Kind Word of Advice.

If you feel yourself growing weak, your strength failing, the natural functions of the body becoming impaired, take warning in time; your system needs iron, which, when combined with proper vegetable extracts, produces a tonic of rare medicinal effect. Such a remedy is Brown's Iron Bitters. Buy it of your druggist and do not be persuaded to take a substitute, for this is the only remedy which gives permanent strength. It contains no alcohol, nor does it blacken the teeth. It receives the universal indorsement of clergymen, physicians, druggists, and all who have used it. nov3 d&w1w

WARNER'S SAFE CURE.

Is made from a Simple Tropical Leaf of Rare Value, and is a POSITIVE REMEDY for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness, Gravel, Malaria, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver, and Urinary Organs. For FEMALE DISEASES, Monthly Menstruations, and during Pregnancy, it has no equal. It restores the organs that MAKE the blood, and hence is the best BLOOD PURIFIER. It is the only known remedy that cures BRIGHT'S DISEASE. For Diabetes, use WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.

For Sale by Druggists and Dealers at $1.25 per bottle. Largest bottle in the market. Try it.

H. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N.Y

feb1—d&w24m sun wed fri nx rd mat top col

PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,

Woman can Sympathize with Woman. Health of Woman is the Hope of the Race.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this Paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

26—d1y sun wed r &w1y nxt rd mat

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

TRADE MARK. QUALITY. PURITY. REGIST'D 1878. A TRUE TONIC.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS are a certain cure for all diseases requiring a complete tonic; especially Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc. Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. Acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all Druggists at $1.00 a bottle.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co. and have crossed red lines and trade mark on wrapper.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

WHITE MARBLE GRAVEL

Is Best of all for Lawn and Garden Walks, because it

LOOKS PRETTIER,

NEEDS NO REPAIRING, WILL LAST A WHOLE generation, will not wash off and the more it is worn the nicer it looks and makes a beautiful contrast with the green grass. Address

JNO. B. CLOTWORTHY

sep13—d3m Manufacturer, Knoxville, Tenn

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, November 8, 1881.

EXCHANGE—
Buying at.....¼ off | Selling.....par

BONDS—

Confed'te bonds per $1000	$300 @$500	Confed'te notes per $1000.....	25c
Georgia 6s	109 @111	Sav. City 8s new	87 @ 89
Ga. 7s, 1886	109 @111	Macon City	97 @ 96
Ga. 7s, 1896	122 @125	Col. City	78 @ 80
Ga. 7s, gold	116 @118	Ga. R. R. 6s	107 @109
Ga. 8s	110 @111	Cent. R. R. 7s	115 @117
Western R.R. Ala. first mortgage	116 @118	W. & A. R. Lessees; 10 pc. inc'e b'ds	115 @120
Atlanta 6s	102 @104	Ala. Class A 2 to 5	75 @ 78
" Water 7s	111 @113	Class A small	76 @ 78
" City 7s	111 @113	Class B 5s	94 @ 95
" City 8s	116 @118	Class C 4s	83 @ 85
" 10s	108 @110		
Aug. City 7s	110 @112		

We quote long dates; short dates are lower.

RAILROAD STOCKS—

A & W P st'k	78 @ 82	E T Va & Ga	115 @116
do. scrip	98 @100	Georgia	168 @172
At. & Char	70 @ 72	Mem. & Char.	72 @ 74
Aug. & Sav	120 @122	North Car	90 @ 95
Central	116 @118	Rich. & Dan	115 @117
do. scrip	98 @100	South Car	40 @ 45
C., C. & Aug.	47 @ 49	Southw'n	118 @120

THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, November 8, 1881.

Liverpool — Futures closed steady. Spots—Uplands 6,7-16d; Orleans 6 7-16d; sales 12,000 bales, of which 10,200 bales were American; receipts 28,500; American 21,800.

There is very little change in the local cotton market. Prices are firm, and the market shows a decided upward tendency. We note a few sales at better figures to-day. Receipts to-day amount to 1,276 bales, of which 160 bales were received from wagons. We quote the market as follows: Good middling 11c; middling 10¾c; strict low middling 10 9-16c; low middling 10⅜c; strict good ordinary 10½c; tinges 10⅜c; good ordinary 9¾c; ordinary 8c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	160
Air-Line Railroad	221
Georgia Railroad	132
Central Railroad	194
Western and Atlantic Railroad	229
West Point Railroad	340
Total	1,276
Receipts previously	57,999
Total	59,275
Stock September 1	1,109
Grand total	60,384

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments for to-day	581
Shipments previously	36,349
Local consumption previously	1,247
Total	38,177
Stock on hand	22,207

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts to-day	1,276
Same day last year	1,654
Showing a decrease of	378
Receipts by wagon to-day	160
Same day last year	260
Showing a decrease of	100
Receipts since September 1	59,275
Same time last year	62,206
Showing a decrease of	2,931

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, November 8—noon—Cotton firm; middling uplands 6 7-16; Orleans 6 7-15; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 28,300; American 21,800; uplands low middling clause November delivery 6⅝; November and December delivery 6 7-16, 6 15-32@6 7-16; December and January delivery 6 7-16, 6 15-32@6 7-16; January and February delivery 6 15-32; March and April delivery 6 9-16; April and May delivery 6 19-32; May and June delivery 6¾; June and July delivery 6 21-32; futures opened steadier.

LIVERPOOL, November 8—1:30 p. m.—Futures steady.

LIVERPOOL, November 8—5:00 p. m.—Sales of American 10,200 bales.

GALVESTON, November 8—Cotton steady; middling 11; low middling 10¾; good ordinary 10⅛; net receipts 1,047; gross —; sales 1,000; stock 87,152.

NORFOLK, November 8—Cotton quiet; middling 11¼; net receipts 5,809; gross 5,809; sales 1,176; stock 53,072; exports to Great Britain 3,558; coastwise 675.

BALTIMORE, November 8—Cotton quiet; middling 11¼; low middling 11¼; good ordinary 10; net receipts 539 bales; gross 1,401; sales —; to spinners —; stock 22,413; coastwise 85.

BOSTON, November 8—Cotton quiet but firm; middling 11¾; low middling 11¾; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 1,899 bales; gross 4,522; sales none; stock 3,420.

WILMINGTON, November 8—Cotton quiet; middling 11 1-16; low middling 10¾; good ordinary 9⅞; net receipts 1,663 bales; gross —; sales none; stock 20,451.

PHILADELPHIA, November 8—Cotton steady; middling 11⅞; low middling 11¼; good ordinary 10; net receipts 256 bales; gross 809; sales 436; to spinners 353; stock 12,482; exports coastwise 83.

SAVANNAH, November 8—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 10⅞; low middling 10½; good ordinary 9¾; net receipts 5,715 bales; gross —; sales 4,930; stock 80,672; exports to continent 7,780; coastwise 3,015.

NEW ORLEANS, November 8—Cotton quiet; middling 11⅛; low middling 10¾; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 11,305 bales; gross 11,691; sales 8,000; stock 214,493; exports to France 1,585.

MOBILE, November 8—Cotton quiet; middling 11¼; good middling 10¾; good ordinary 10¼; net receipts 1,849 bales; gross —; sales 700; stock 30,127; exports coastwise 1,154.

MEMPHIS, November 8—Cotton quiet; middling 11; net receipts 2,469 bales; shipments 969; sales 1,200; stock 62,261.

AUGUSTA, November 8—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; low middling 10¼; good ordinary 9¼; net receipts 1,680 bales; shipments none; sales 1,361.

CHARLESTON, November 8—Cotton steady; middling 11⅛; low middling 10⅞; good ordinary 10⅝; net receipts 3,745 bales; gross —; sales 2,500; stock 107,920; exports coastwise 769.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, November 8, 1881.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT.				
November	1 26	1 27⅛	1 26	1 27⅛
December	1 27¼	1 29¼	1 27¼	1 29¼
PORK.				
December	15 75	16 25	15 75	15 90
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
November	8 30	8 30	8 30	8 30
December	8 45	8 45	8 40	8 40

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, November 8—Flour—The tone of the market is unchanged and sales are comparatively limited with stocks heavy; we quote fancy $9.00@$10.75; extra family $8.75; family $8.50. Wheat—Chicago—The market is firmer, and prices are advancing rapidly; November opened $1.26, closed $1.27⅛; December closed $1.29¼; January closed $1.30⅝. The local market shows no improvement; we quote milling $1.60@$1.65; seed $1.75@$2.00; fancy seed $2.25@$3.00. Corn—No change in the market. The demand is very light; we quote choice white in sacks $1.00, small lots a fraction higher; yellow 95c, small lots higher. Oats—Feed 62½@65c. Meal—$1.00. Grits—Firm at $5.00.

CHICAGO, November 8—Flour dull and nominal; common to choice western spring $4.50@$6.75; common to fancy Minnesota $5.25@$7.75; patents $7.50@$9.50; winter wheat flours, fair to choice $6.50@$8.00; fancy $8.00; low grades $3.50@$5.00. Wheat active, firm and higher but unsettled; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.27@$1.27¼ cash; $1.27¼ November; $1.28⅜ December. Corn unsettled; opened active and closed dull and lower; 59¼ cash and November; 59¼ December; 59⅞ January. Oats unsettled and generally higher; 42½ cash; 42¾ November; 42⅞ December.

ST. LOUIS, November 8.—Flour quiet; treble extra $5.80@$6.05; choice to fancy $6.37@$7.10; family $6.75@$6.90. Wheat opened lower and advanced with a quiet movement: No. 2 red fall $1.33 cash; $1.35¾ December. Corn higher but unsettled; 60½ cash; 62⅝ December; 63¾ January. Oats better but slow; 42¼ bid cash; 43⅛ December; 45 January.

CINCINNATI, November 8.—Flour quiet; family $6.20@$6.60; fancy $6.90@$7.75. Wheat firmer; No. 2 red winter $1.35@$1.36. Corn strong and higher; No. 2 mixed 61½@62¾. Oats firm; No 2 mixed 44½@45.

LOUISVILLE, November 8—Flour dull; extra $5.50@$5.75; choice to fancy $7.75@$8.25. Wheat firm at $1.35. Corn easier; No 2 white 70. Oats firmer; No. 2 white 47.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, November 8—Trade is very good but quotations remain very steady. Coffee—Steady; Rio 10½@15. Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 25@30; best Rio 20; choice 18. Sugars—Standard A 10¾; granulated 11½; cut loaf 12; powdered 12; white extra C 10¼; yellow C 9¼@9¾; market about bare of New Orleans sugar. Molasses—Black strap 30. Syrup—Fair 45; prime 55; choice 60. Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan 40@$1.00; Imperial and gunpowder 40@80; Young Hyson 27@75; English breakfast 35@75. Pepper quiet at 18; allspice, best sifted, 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 10; mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.20@$1.25; mustard, best, 40; medium 18@25. Crackers—Firm; we quote milk 9c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 9c; soda XX 6½c; do. XXX 7c; cream 9c; lemon [illegible]c; molasses cakes 9½; ginger snaps 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 13c. Mackerel—Are in good demand and a moderate advance is reported. There is no No. 3 on the market; we quote No. 2 bbls $9.00; ½ bbls $5.00; kits 85; No. 1 $12.00; ½ bbls $6.50; kits $1.10. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 ⅌ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 13½; no light weight on market. Matches—$3.00. Soda, in kegs, $4.00@$4.50; in boxes, 5c. Rice—Steady; choice 8c; prime 7⅝c; fair 7c.

CINCINNATI, November 8—Sugar quiet; hards 10¾@10¾; New Orleans 8¾.

Provisions.

ATLANTA, November 8—There is no change in the market. Clear Rib Sides—Dull at 10c. Bacon—Inquiry moderate for sides; sugar-cured hams are firm but steady at 14½@15c. Lard—In fair demand at quotations; we quote best leaf scarce at 16½@17c; refined 14@14½c; cans 14c@15.

CHICAGO, November 8—Pork active, firm and higher; $15.75@$15.80 cash and November; $15.80@$15.85 December and year. Lard active, firm and higher; 10.75 cash; 10.75@10.80 November; 10.80@10.85 December. Bulk meats steady; shoulders 6¼; short ribs 8.55; short clear 9.

LOUISVILLE, November 8—Pork and lard nominal. Bulk meats dull, weak and lower; shoulders none here; clear ribs 9; clear sides 10½. Bacon quiet; shoulders 8½; clear ribs 10½; clear sides 11⅛. Sugar-cured hams 13¾@14.

CINCINNATI, November 8—Pork scarce at $18.50. Lard dull at 10.82½. Bulk meats scarce and firm; shoulders 6⅝; clear ribs 8⅝. Bacon in fair demand and higher; shoulders 9; clear ribs 10¾; clear sides 11¾.

ST. LOUIS, November 8—Pork dull; jobbing at $17.25. Bulk meats nominal; shoulders 7; clear ribs 8.80; clear sides 9.22. Bacon dull; shoulders 8¼; clear ribs 10.10; clear sides 10½. Lard nominal.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, November 8—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum, rectified $1 25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jaimaca $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00;; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, November 8—Whisky unsettled and lower at $1.08@$1.09; combination sales of finished goods of 1,144 barrels on a basis of $1.10.

CHICAGO, November 8—Whisky steady at $1.14.

LOUISVILLE November 8—Whisky steady at $1.10.

ST. LOUIS, November 8—Whisky lower at $1.10.

Tobacco.

ATLANTA, November 8—The market holds firm but no recent advance has taken place. Trade is active; lowest grades 40; medium 42@50; extra medium 52@58; fine 11 and 12-inch 58@65; extra fine and fancy 75@80; Stultz AAAA $1.00; natural leaf 95; Calhoun $1.15; Cook's extra fig 90; Cook's extra leatherwood 90; Lucy Hinton 58; Lucy Lawson 52; shellroad 55; fine-cut pails 70@85. Smoking Tobacco—Blackwell's Durham, assorted, 55; other brands and grades 40@50. Snuff—Lorillard's in jars 62; 2-oz. packages $11.70 ⅌ gross; Railroad Mills in jars 55; Mrs. Miller's 55.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, November 8—Eggs—18c; in better demand. Butter—Market well stocked, and prices rule lower; choice 25c; prime 18@20c fair 15@16c. Sweet Potatoes—75c ⅌ bush. Poultry—Young chickens in good demand at 18@25c, owing to size; hens 20@30c. Irish Potatoes—$3.75@$4.00. Dried Fruit—Apples 5c; nominal with moderate stocks offering. Wax—20½@21c. Onions—$4.00@$4.30. Cabbage—3c. Feathers—Choice 65@65c; prime 60. Cheese—13½@15½c.

Live Stock.

CINCINNATI, November 8—Hogs inactive and lower; common and light $4.90@$6.00; packing and butchers $5.90@$6.40.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING MATERIALS and erecting new buildings for 400 colored patients, at the Georgia State Lunatic Asylum, according to plans, specifications and details made for the same, will be received by the board of trustees, until twelve o'clock, November 11th, 1881. All necessary information in regard to the buildings may be obtained by application to John Hammond, Esq, or to J Fuss, Architect, at the Asylum.

Bids must be indorsed, "Proposals for Erecting Buildings for Colored Patients," and addressed to John Hammond, Esq, Steward. Separate bids will be received for the different kinds of the work, and for furnishing the different kinds of materials required. The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all bids submitted.

JOHN HAMMOND, Steward,
Georgia Lunatic Asylum.

oct14 dtilnov11—fri sun wed.

67 oct2 d3m

Registration of Voters.

BOOKS WILL BE OPENED IN THE CITY Clerk's office at the City Hall, on the tenth day of September next, and kept open until the 30th day of November, each day except Sundays, from nine o'clock a.m. until five o'clock p. m., for the Registration of Voters, and no person will be allowed to vote at the municipal election to be held the first Wednesday in December next for one Alderman and five Councilmen, who shall not cause himself to be registered as a voter according to the laws and ordinances.

J. H. GOLDSMITH,
aug31—dtilnov30 City Clerk

FRIERSON & LEAK.....AUCTIONEERS

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY: BY VIRTUE of a commission from the superior court of said county, to us directed, in the matter of Mary E. Mullery et al. vs. John J. O'Sullivan et al. partition, etc. We will sell, for division, on the first Tuesday in December next, at the court house door in said county, within the lawful hours of sale, at public outcry, for cash, the following described property of the Bridget Doyle estate, to wit:

A parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, state aforesaid commencing on the old McDonough road on the original line between land lots Nos. 44 and 21, and running south on said land line 295 feet, thence east 357⅔ feet, thence north 192 2-10 feet to stake in the old road, thence north 73° 45', west in a direct line 372 feet to the point of beginning, containing 2 acres, and being part of land lot No. 21 in the 14th district of said county; also a lot in the city of Atlanta, part of lot No. 11 in the plan of said city, bounded on the northwest by lot No. 10, one hundred and forty-two (142) feet, on the southwest by Decatur street 78 feet, on the southeast by part of said lot, No. 11, one hundred and forty-two (142) feet, and on the northeast by lot No, 8 seventy-eight feet, one-fourth of an acre, more or less, and on land lot No. 52, in the 14th district of said county; also, a lot in the city of Atlanta, and known in the plan of said city as the west half of the east half of city lot No. 69 in block No. 11, and fronting on Ellis street 63 feet and extending back 210 feet; said lot is part of land lot 51, in the 14th district of said county, and lies between the lots of Loftin and Schenck; also a parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, county and state aforesaid, commencing at the northwest corner of city lot No. 3 in block 6, running south on Thompson street 55 feet, and extending back 200 feet to an alley opening on Hunter street, all of which is now inclosed, and is part of land lot No. 77, in the 14th district of said county; bounded on the southwest by Mrs Albright, and on the northeast by Sarah Harrison, Johnson warehouse, Adair & Bro., and Ice manufacturing company; also a parcel of land in the city of Atlanta known as part of block No. 168 and land lot 78, of the 14th district, of said county, bounded on the north by the Mercer lot 157 feet, on the west by the Cooly lot 70 feet, on the south by Jones alley 152 feet and on the east by the old Monroe railroad track 72½ feet, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, and known as lot No. 6 of the subdivision of the Doyle property; also a parcel of land in the city of Atlanta known in the plan of said city as part of block 168, bounded on the south by J. A. Hayden, on the west by Hulsey street and the Jones lot, on the north by the Jones lot and on the east by a street that runs along the old Monroe railroad right of way, and fronting 151½ feet, more or less, on said right of way, and extending back from 200 to 250 feet, more or less, and known in the subdivision of the Doyle property as lots 7, 8, and 9.

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T. A. FRIERSON,
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nov6 d30d Commissioners.

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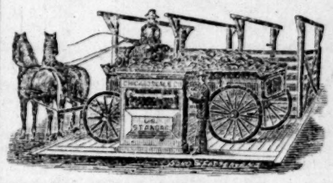

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sep8—d&w3m

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1419 oct30—d3m 3dp

AUCTIONS AND SALES.

THE ENTIRE LOT DRUGS AND THE FIXTURES at No. 42 Whitehall street will be sold at auction, on Saturday, November 12th, commencing at 10 o'clock. This stock is all fresh, neat and in good order. Merchants will do well to attend, as the stock will be sold in lots to suit merchants and dealers. D. P. Ellis & Co., Auctioneers.

nov9 d4t

D. P. ELLIS & CO., AUCTIONEERS AND Commission Merchants, 21½ Marietta street, give their personal attention to auction sales of merchandise, furniture, real estate, live stock, etc. Liberal advances made, and prompt returns on sales. 244 nov6—tf

ANNOUNCEMENT—ON NOVEMBER 18, 1881, W. C. Morris & Co. will resume the Auction and Commission business at their old stand, No. 21 Marietta street, corner Broad. Consignments of all kinds respectfully solicited. Prompt returns guaranteed. Large storage rooms. W. C. Morris & Co. oct28—dtf top col

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oct28—tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVAL—IN ORDER TO MEET THE LARGELY increased demands of our business we will move on the 1st of next January, to our commodious building on the corner of Alabama and Forsyth streets. The building now occupied by us will be for rent from, and after that date. Its location is good, and it has three floors with alley and yard in rear. James P. Harrison & Co. nov3tf

FOR SALE—RETL ESTATE.

ON SALE—A MOST DESIRABLE FARM, NEAR Adairsville, Western and Atlantic railroad; 500 acres rich valley land, 375 under fence, 175 set in grass and clover; spacious brick dwelling surrounded by a beautiful grove of over 50 acres in grass; other buildings to correspond; also, a valuable tan yard, fish pond, orchard, etc.; three churches and one high school in sight. Place well watered and perfectly healthy. Apply to Major John A. Fitten, Atlanta; or John H. Fitten, Adairsville. nov3—dtf thur sun tues

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12 WHITEHALL—HUZZA & CO. HAVE THE fullest and largest stock of trunks from packers to the best sole leather, of their own make and guaranteed to be sound and durable. 12 Whitehall street, sign of red trunk.

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HUZZA & CO. WILL REPAIR OR COVER YOUR trunk or valise in the best manner for the least money, and in the shortest time at 12 Whitehall street. Drayage free.

196 nov6 d3t sun wed&fri top of col

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nov9—1t

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THE CONSTITUTION
Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., NOVEMBER 9, 1881.

THE "Mississipi plan," so-called, seems to produce even better results at the hands of the negroes than of the whites.

THE Ohio man is also a rioter. On this account Guiteau should have friends and sympathizers among the distinguished mobocrats of Tiffin, in that state.

THE business of the country for the past week, as shown in our dispatches, is one almost unparalleled for volume, safety and prosperity. The figures given are extremely significant and merit the close study of mercantile men and public economists.

THE action of Mr. Wadley and his colleagues yesterday, in making the one cent rate for excursions over his system of roads was both a just and liberal concession to the public. It will do much to dissipate a feeling that the Central road officials were either inimical to the exposition or less progressive than their fellow citizens of Georgia. It gives us the sincerest pleasure to note this practical and indubitable refutation of such a suspicion and to bespeak for the system of roailroads thus involved that patronage and kindly feeling which this reduction should command. President Wadley has made a host of friends by this concession, and we are heartily thankful that he has come so fully up to what was expected of him as an enterprising Georgian and the manager of a great corporate interest largely involved in the success and beneficent results of the exposition.

YESTERDAY'S ELECTIONS.

The returns from yesterday's elections, received up to 3:45 o'clock this morning, are meagre, indefinite and confusing. Nothing in the shape of comment can be predicated upon the straggling telegrams from contested states, and our readers will be compelled to await the counting of the ballots.

The great interest felt in the contest in Virginia must still take on the form of anxiety. The fight there has evidently been bitter and desperate. The readjusters and their republican allies have summoned to their aid every means and pressure potent in political warfare, and, if General Mahone's confident telegram is to be credited, their efforts have proven successful. It is to be hoped that later returns will bring tidings of a different result; for should the readjuster element have won in Virginia, not only will the degradation of that grand old commonwealth become complete, but the prestige of independentism thus gained will give rise to dangerous and distracting political dissensions in every state of the south.

In New York the indications point to a sweeping democratic victory. The significance of the result, notwithstanding the usual off-year possibilities, rests in the proof it affords that New York is a democratic state when the party is united and working to a common purpose.

The telegrams from other states explain themselves fully. They are indicative in most instances of what may be expected as final results. By to-morrow there will be hardly a doubt unresolved concerning any of the matters at issue. Until then we can but wait and be hopeful.

AN INTER-STATE RAILROAD COMMMISSION.

Under the heading, "National Railroad Commission," our esteemed contemporary, the Montgomery Advertiser and Mail, prints the letters that have recently been written to Major Campbell Wallace by various railroad commissioners, upon the subject of an interstate railroad commission. The Advertiser and Mail also has a brief editorial in reference to the correspondence under the heading, "A "National Railroad Commission as Discussed "by State Railroad Commissioners." Now, if the discussion of this important matter is to be thorough and intelligent, it is well that there should be a definite understanding all around. In commenting upon the letter of Mr. Bragg, of Alabama, printed in these columns several days ago, THE CONSTITUTION endeavored to show that perhaps the Alabama commissioner had misconstrued or misapprehended the real purport of the proposition made by Commissioner Johnston, of Kentucky. That THE CONSTITUTION was not entirely successful in this is shown by the headings quoted from the Montgomery Advertiser and Mail, and by the editorial comments, which maintain that the objections suggested by Commissioner Bragg to the proposition of Commissioner Johnston are vital.

What is to be said in this connection may be said briefly. THE CONSTITUTION has not yet undertaken to discuss these objections in detail, nor is it necessary at this time; but if they are insuperable, as the Advertiser and Mail contends, then we have totally misunderstood the nature and purpose of Commissioner Johnston's proposition. An examination of his letter will show that he carefully refrains from alluding to a "national commission," and even a cursory reading thereof is sufficient to clear away all doubt as to whether he intended to propose a "nation-"al commission." He alludes several times to a "United States commission," but the context shows that he means not a national, but an inter-state commission. If, therefore, the plan of Commissioner Johnston does not include a "national commission," the objections of Commissioner Bragg fall to the ground, together with the "vital" and "insuperable" objections of our esteemed contemporary, the Advertiser and Mail.

The plan proposed by Commissioner Johnson is, not that congress shall provide for a national railroad commission, the members thereof to be appointed by the president, but that congress shall empower the chairman of the state commissions to institute an inter-state commission, this inter-state commission to be presided over by a chairman appointed by the government. To our minds, nothing seems simpler or more feasible than this. It is in thorough sympathy with our dual system of government—the rights of the states on one hand, and the rights of the nation on the other. Commissioner George C. Pratt, of Missouri, writing to the Jefferson City Tribune, meets one of the most "insu-"perable" objections of Commissioner Bragg thus:

> I think this suggestion to be a happy one, and worthy the consideration of our members of congress and statesmen generally, believing as I do, that the state supervision will eventually have to be supplemented by national supervision. However, if such a plan were to be adopted, it would be necessary that these state commissioners should receive no pay from the general government, because our state constitution provides that "no person holding an office of profit under the United States shall, during his continuance in such office, hold any office of profit under this state."

We hope to see this important matter thoroughly discussed by our exchanges. The subject is a suggestive one.

THE denial of the riot between President Arthur and Wayne MacVeagh is not materiel. It was not charged that they clinched and bit each other.

GEORGIANS in Texas should take advantage of the exposition to return with their families. They will find their old homes greatly improved.

THE Albany News appears to be grieved because THE CONSTITUTION has at some time or other inadvertently alluded to the southern section of the state as "the lower counties." We are of the opinion that a jury could be packed so as to bring in a verdict to the effect that our esteemed contemporary is altogether too sensitive in a matter of this kind.

THERE are practically no limitations to art. Rossi is fifty-two years old and pot-bellied, and yet his Romeo satisfies the critics as well as the school-girls.

VENNOR'S winter appears to be fitting itself to the mildness which he predicted. And yet, to allow this paragraph to go to press without employing a man to set up with it in case of a flurry in the neighborhood of the thermometer is a very rash thing to do.

WE have this consolation—there are no more elections in Ohio this fall. Only under an intensely republican form of government is it possible to appreciate such a boon as this.

IT has transpired that Hayes invited John Bright to visit him at Washington during his term of office, and that Mr. Bright refused. Had Mr. Bright known that the white house was used as a cider flat, he would have returned the Hayes invitation unopened. Nobody will ever know what Mr. Hayes expected to make out of Bright.

MISS FRANCES E. WILLARD has been saying some monstrous nice things about Arthur, and right to his face, too. As yet Miss Willard is single, rather handsome and a remarkably clever talker.

THE New Orleans Picayune says that 'Buffalo Bill wants a play with some grammar in it." A man who is ambitious to drop the American vocabulary is no true patriot.

IT is consoling to reflect that the republican majority in congress will never be large enough to prevent the democrats from holding a caucus.

FOSTER denies that he has nominated Blaine for president in 1884. Foster, however, is a very rapid hedger, as he demonstrated at Chicago. There is no good reason why he shouldn't deny his denial two years from now.

THE government has been compelled to suspend the exchange of silver certificates for gold coin at the treasury for the reason that the supply of silver is not equal to the demand. In the face of this fact the attack of the goldbugs on the silver dollar is one of the silliest farces that crazy speculators ever indulged in.

MR. BLAINE says that so far as the presidential disease is concerned, he has been discharged as cured. It is an ailment, however, which is liable to break out in a fresh place at any moment.

PERHAPS Arthur couldn't resist the temptation to juggle with Tammany.

JOHN KELLY flung his last harpoon at the democratic whale yesterday. We shall know the particulars this morning.

FROM various hints in the Cartersville Free Press, we gather that the independent party in the seventh congressional district is thoroughly organized. This shows that, in all probability, organization is a much better thing than our friends, the independents, have heretofore been willing to admit.

HOW many bank directors in this country know precisely how their institutions stand? Just at present the directors of the Newark concern know all about their bank; but are there any other directors as wise? In other words, do bank directors direct?

AT last the crowds are rolling in in good style. When one excursion train brings 800 people, we begin to see day-light. About three excursions a day are what we need, and we will get them!

IT is rumored that a distinguished Georgian is preparing an 'open letter" to another distinguished Georgian that will be read with interest, not unmixed with surprise. It will probably be ripe before the weather changes.

PERSONAL.

I PROPOSE to hum Yankee Doodle as I sit on the ruins of Alhambra.—Hannibal Hamlin.

IT is now believed that Cashier Baldwin was getting ready to attend the Patti concerts.

ONE thing is certain. Parnell will pay no rent for the abode he at present occupies.—New York Evening Post.

GOVERNOR COLQUITT, of Georgia, resembles in appearance Henry Ward Beecher.—Philodelphia Press.

WHILE in New York Patti is to be the guest of a wealthy lady living on Fifth avenue, and whose social position is of the highest.

THE pope is now enjoying his one yearly sport, bird catching, in the vatican garden. Half the catch is sent to the hospitals.

IN the municipal contest in Chattanooga next week it is believed that M. J. O'Brien will be the democratic candidate, and H. Clay Evans, of the Roane iron works, the republican nominee.

MR. FRED GRIMM, of the Cincinnati Volksblatt, is in the city, giving special attention to the exposition. We regret to learn of his having been ill some days, and trust he may experience speedy recovery.

CITIZEN bank robber Waite, in prison in Vermont, will read with interest the details of the work of citizen robber Baldwin of the Newark bank. Citizen robber Waite will, without doubt, be envious.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT J. W. THOMAS has tendered to the members of the city council of Nashville a free excursion to Atlanta, over the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, and Western and Atlantic railroads

THE ties that were laid down for the temporary railroad track to Elberon, at Long Branch, for the transfer of President Garfield to the cottage, were constructed into a log cabin by Mr. O. D. Byron on his residence grounds. It is a relic.

MINISTER LOWELL is described by a London correspondent as slender, elegant, white bearded, with a peculiarly American face, showing the sensitive delicacy of the poetical temperament, vivified by the intellectual vigor of one to whom life is real and earnest.

THE new bank of which Postmaster-General James will be president and have practical control will be located near the grand central depot in New York. It will not only be a bank of deposit and discount but will combine the features of a trust company. Vanderbilt is largely interested in it.

MRS. GARFIELD has taken out letters of administration on the late president's estate. The bulk of the property to be cared for is the house at Mentor. There is very little personal property, and the life insurance of $50,000 is equally divided between the wife and family.

JOHN K. PORTER, who is to act as the special counsel of the government in the Guiteau trial, is a young-looking man for so old a lawyer, little and smooth voiced. He has a seductive way in dealing with a witness which leads a man, and more particularly a woman, along from one step to another in the witness box until Porter jumps on him with a question which tears his evidence up.

AMONG the French delegation to the Yorktown centennial was St. George Tucker Mason, a son of John Y. Mason, formerly United States minister to the French court, and later the associate of Slidell, as a Confederate States embassador abroad. Young Mason served in the confederate army, though a mere boy, and on the conclusion of hostilities entered the French service, and gained credit and promotion to a captaincy by his bravery in the Franco-Prussian war.

THE "Old Guard" to the front! It is reported, and is doubtless true, that General Babcock, who is now stationed in Baltimore, is to supersede Colonel Rockwell as superintendent of public buildings and grounds at Washington. General Babcock occupied the position under President Grant. Mr. Levi P. Lucky, who was one of President Grant's secretaries, is now occupying a position under General Babcock, will also probably be returned to his old place. It were better to have been born Lucky than rich.

AT the close of the war Colonel John C. Burch, late secretary of the senate, borrowed of Andrew Johnson $10,000 and invested it in a newspaper in Nashville, Tenn., called the Union and American. About ten years ago the Union and American was consolidated with the Banner, and is known now as the Nashville American. At the time of his death Colonel Burch owned barely a controlling interest in the American, which was paying him a handsome per cent on his investment. A day or two since the administrator of his estate was offered $75,000 for Colonel Burch's interest, which was declined.

MRS. CORNWALLIS WEST, who accompanies her kinsman, Hon. Lionel Sackville West, to Washington, is a beautiful and brilliant Irish woman—a niece of Marquis Headfort, her maiden name Fitzpatrick She is lively and spirituelle, like Erin's bright daughters in general, and became by those qualities alone one of the leaders of London society. She is still young enough to justify pretension to witch the world with her loveliness, having been born during the Crimean war, and christened by the old name of Eupatoria. Her style of beauty is in direct contrast with that of Mrs. Langtry—laughing, sparkling, blonde and piquant.

PROFESSOR W. D. Gunning, of Cambridge, has been offered the chair either of anatomy or chemistry in the Georgia medical college, lately removed from Macon to Atlanta. This institution maintained its existence during the war, and is now making a new departure under highly favorable circumstances. Professor Gunning is an Ohioan by birth, a graduate of the State college and of the science course in the Columbia college, and has also been a student with Professors Agassiz and Wyman at Cambridge. He is a successful teacher of science in popular lectures, is the author of valuable essays on evolution, and is a distinguished comparative anatomist.—Boston Journal.

A CORRESPONDENT of the New York Sportsman, Climax, says that "Major Thomas O'Connor, of Nashville, Tenn., has sold his magnificent colt Talleyrand, by Great Tom, to Mr. Charles Reed, of New York, for $3,200. It is to be regretted that, by this sale, Major O'Connor virtually withdraws from the turf. We are sadly in need of such gentlemen's influence and patronage in matters pertaining to the horse racing in the south, especially at this time, when our turfmen of former days are still more or less prostrated financially and without gentlemen of independent fortunes to control and protect the interests of racing, the grand sport may lose that prestige which is essential to its prosperity.

IN GENERAL.

TAKING them as they run, the rivers are now doing well.

THE recent rainfall has been very heavy all over the east.

NEARLY 3,000,000 acres of land in Ireland consist of bogs.

SOMEBODY says the revolving stage is nothing now, for the world's a stage.

WASHINGTON territory is out of debt, with a balance of $22,218 in the treasury.

There is no place like home, especially if it is the home of a pretty girl, where they keep a good fire during the cold weather in the parlor and turn the gas down low to save expenses.

'Tis better to be a gentleman and hang on to a car strap than to be comfortably seated the whole of your ride while ladies stand. Try it on your self-respect and see how it works.—Wit and Wisdom.

THE Springfield Republican has discovered that civilization and baldness march together in the grand progress of the world. Hair restoratives are therefore a help towards barbarism—no pun being intended.

THE midwifes of Paris have recently formed a syndical chamber, under a protective chamber. It makes the blood run cold to think of the effects of a sudden strike on the part of these influential members of the community.

"MA," she said, confidingly, "Henry has asked me to marry him." "And you accepted?" was the query. "No," was the reply, "I didn't, and neither did I reject him. If I can keep him on the string till Christmas he'll make me a handsome present to induce me to say 'yes.' You know I've been wanting a gold watch for a long time."

"THE failure of the Mechanics' bank of Newark, N. J., recalls," to the Baltimore American, "that of the Glasgow bank. There is the same rottenness and the same carelessness and negligence on the part of the responsible authorities of the institution. Here is a fine chance for Jersey justice. The cashier confesses himself to be forger, liar, perjurer, thief. What confession are the directors going to make?"

APPLE peels and apple cores are now shipped from Chicago by the barrel to makers of apple butter. When a shipper asked the freight clerk what rate he would charge on them, the clerk, thinking the customer was joking him, asked: "Do you want a separate rate for stems and seeds?" He was very much astonished to learn that cores and skins are a regular article of merchandise.

DEAR friends! have you a dado—a new dado—among you? No doubt you have—most of you—new dados this year. 'Twas ever thus since childhood's hour. We never loved a fond gazelle to charm us with her deep blue eye but what the confounded thing was sure to up and die. The dado is going out of fashion. Morris, of England, the great authority in such matters, declares that no wall-paper should have a dado, but that the dado should be quite a separate affair, of stamped leather, or of carved wood, or something, at least, of that sort.

IT appears that there is a wish in England to have Iroquis and Foxhall try conclusions. Sporting Life says that should the two "ever come together, the result would be invested with the keenest interest, but our opinion is that Foxhall is a colt capable of holding his own in any company, either of this or past years. It cannot be said that he is a handsome colt in the ordinary meaning of "the adjective, but he is a great, lengthy, raking customer, with wonderful limbs, great quarters and second thighs and wonderfully low-set hocks, built all for strength and usefulness."

CURRENT COMMENT.

An Ineffectual Bull.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Bradstreet now reports that the cotton crop of the country will not aggregate more than 4,500,000 bales. We begin to suspect that Brad. is an aggravated type of "bull."

Fixing His Status.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

David Davis may not be æsthetic. He may not be Florentine of the fourteenth century. He may not be Fra Angelican. He may not even be pre-Rafaelite. But he is—it cannot be denied—too, too all-but.

How to Stop Crankiness.

Muncie News.

So there has been another crank at the white house? Well, the right thing to do is to just catch and hang the whole lot as soon as possible. The longer the delay in beginning the hanging the more plentiful the cranks will become.

News by the Birds.

New York World.

A little bird in the air, possibly one of the genus menura superba, or common liar-bird, sings that perhaps Mr. Possible-President Davis may go to the supreme court again some of these days, making room in the senate for an undisguised republican.

Getting More Elbow Room.

Crawfordville Democrat.

THE CONSTITUTION is extending. They have recently leased the corner building, formerly occupied by Moore's business college. It will be fitted up with editorial rooms, city editor, night editor and newsboys' apartments. THE CONSTITUTION is a live paper, doing well, and we are glad to see it. It is undoubtedly the best paper in the south.

Rise in Household Supplies.

New York Evening Express.

The steady rise in the price of household supplies is becoming a serious matter. Prices of nearly every article of consumption have almost doubled. Flour, for instance, has advanced from $5.30 to $6.50 a barrel last year to $7.50 and $9.50 this. Potatoes, which last year ranged from $1 to $1.87 per barrel, have been selling during the past week for from $2.75 to $3.25. Beans are selling at from $3.50 to $3.55 a bushel, against from $1.50 to $1.55 last year. Apples, which last year sold at from $1 to $1.50 a barrel, are now selling for from $2.50 to $4. Cranberries have risen from $3 to $5.75 per barrel to from $5 to $10. In "garden truck" there is a great scarcity in the supply, and cabbages are being imported from Germany and other countries, and sold for from $6 to $10 per hundred, against $2 or $3 a year ago. These advances are not caused by any corner or combination, but are merely the result of the long drouth. The housekeeper's outlook for the coming winter is decidedly far from pleasant.

Too Poor to Take a Paper.

Christian Mirror.

An editor was sitting in his office one afternoon, when a farmer friend of his came in.

"Mr. Editor, I like your paper, but the times are so hard I can't pay for it."

"Is that so, friend Jones? I'm very sorry that you are so hard up. I will give you my paper."

"Oh, no! I can't take it as a gift."

"Well, then, let me see how we can fix it. You raise chickens, I believe?"

"Yes, a few; but they don't bring anything hardly."

"Don't they?. Neither does my paper cost anything hardly. Now I have a proposition to make to you. I will continue your paper, and when you go home you may select from your lot one chicken and call her mine. Take good care of her, and bring me the proceeds, whether in eggs or chickens, and I will call it square."

"All right!" and the farmer chuckled as he went out at what he thought a clever bargain. He kept the contract strictly, and at the end of the year found that he had paid about four prices for his paper. He often tells the joke on himself, and says he has never had the cheek to say he is too poor to take a paper since.

Old Jubal Early.

Virginia Correspondence Philadelphia Press.

I saw old Jubal Early the other, and among all the queer characters you meet in Virginia he is, perhaps, the queerest. He was a union man before the war, and fought secession with a bitterness in keeping with his intense traits of character. When the ordinance passed, in spite of his protest, he went home and raised a company for the war, and he has never yet learned that the conflict is ended. He seems to live entirely in the past, and to find happiness only in personal conflicts and a revival of the animosities of the war. I saw him at his home in Lynchburg, where he earns his living by practicing law. I should judge his life is not a pleasant one. He rooms by himself, unsurrounded by the comforts of a home and family, and boards at a hotel. He is bent and bowed like a man of 90 years, and yet he has not reached three score years and ten. He was a graduate of West Point, but did not remain in the army. Those who remember him just after his graduation speak of him as a splendid looking young man, with almost a perfect military air and carriage To-day his drooping shoulders, long gray beard, flowing white hair and powerful staff upon which he leans for support, give him an appearance not unlike Joe Jefferson's representation of Rip Van Winkle; yet they tell me he presents much the same appearance as when he was lieutenant-general in the confederate army, riding at the head of the second army corps, which he commanded. That he is still vigorous, notwithstanding his appearance, and is full of fire, fight and vindictiveness, is evident.

THE COUNTRY'S BUSINESS.

Increased Movement Reported From Almost Every Point.

BOSTON, November 8.—From the Post: The following table shows the total exchanges for the twenty-three of the leading clearing-houses in the United States, twenty-two being for the week ended November 5, and one, Louisville, for the week ended November 3: New York, $1,021,882,159; Boston, $96,946,649; Philadelphia, $52,704,206; Chicago, $63,767,823; Cincinnati, $21,199,000; St. Louis, $19,589,396; San Francisco, $13,933,179; Baltimore, $16,326,203; New Orleans, $10,492,488; Pittsburg, $9,235,849; Louisville, $9,098,850; Milwaukee, $10,231,000; Providence, $4,244,700; Kansas City, $3,837,900; Indianapolis, $2,445,000; Cleveland, $2,361,106; New Haven, $1,190,541; Columbus, $1,113,228; Peoria, $1,140,809; Memphis, $1,508,136; Worcester, $863,137; Lowell, $447,774; Syracuse, $435,355; total, $1,365,413,297; outside of New York, $343,531,138.

The exhibit this week is one of the most gratifying we have ever recorded. The grand total, $1,365,413,297, shows a great gain over the showing in the same cities last week, when the figures stood $1,029,579,396, and is surpassed by only those of one week in the history of the clearing-houses of this country—namely, the one ending October 8th, when the figures for the same cities footed up a total of $1,567,700,620. In that week, however, the great grain speculation in the west reached its culmination and speculative causes swel ed the clearings to an enormous extent. This week, such causes have wielded a much lighter influence, and the aggregate figures represent more clearly the results of purely legitimate transactions. The percentages of increase over the corresponding weeks last year, continue to show a gain as we advance toward the winter months, the percentage being 26.1 per cent against 14.8 last week, and 10.2 the previous week. In New York the percentage of gain is higher than last week, being 17.9 against 12.2 per cent. The great increase is owing to a considerable extent to speculative causes, principally in the breadstuffs market. But apart from the extraordinary activity, accompanied by the great fluctuations in breadstuffs, chiefly in the speculative interest, the general business of the week has been of less magnitude than in some preceding weeks. Outside of New York, the percentage of grain shows an increase compared with last week, being 27.7 per cent against 23.2 last week and 49.4 the previous week. In 1880, during the first week in November, the clearings in cities outside of New York showed a gain 2.9 per cent as compared with the corresponding week of 1879. The shipments throughout the various parts of the country show an enormous increase this week. In spite, therefore, of the fact that the general trade as a whole has not yet fully resumed the activity expected between now and the close of the season, the traffic of the country has borne the appearance of being in excess of that noted in any preceding week. Nearly all eastern cities show a fair increase. Boston, where trade of all kinds is remarkably good, notably the clothing trade shows a gain of 52 per cent against 31.16 last week, Philadelphia 11.1 against 13.4.

The manufacturing cities do not make as good a showing of gains as last week. Worcester shows 2.4 per cent, against 18.2; Lowell, 10.5, against 19.3; New Haven, 14.27, against 2.29, and Syracuse, 1.6, against a decrease of 2.2 per cent last work. Among the cities which show a decrease are Memphis, 8.2, and New Orleans, 5.3. The falling off of these two cities, particularly Memphis, is to be assigned to the diversion of the cotton trade in other directions. The gains in the western cities continue most remarkable, and indicate a rapidly growing business. Chicago gained 47.5, against 26.6 last week; Cincinnati, 25.4, against 27.2; St. Louis (where for the week past more goods have been received by the river route from southern points than shipped from St. Louis to those cities), 37.2, against 13.8; Pittsburg, 50.3, against 35.1; Louisville, 36.9, against 19.9; Milwaukee, 11 against 12.22; Indianapolis, 16 against .04; Cleveland, 25.4 against 28.1; Columbus, 43 against 32.2. Kansas City shows a gain of 47.9 per cent. In this city, the activity in nearly all departments of trade still continues, with considerable increase in dry goods and clothing, caused by the cooler weather. The cattle market rules strong. San Francisco, which last week dropped from 42 per cent to 23.1, recovered this week to 53.1 per cent. The general trade is reported remarkably active, while there has also been somewhat of a revival in mining speculation. Peoria increased its clearings from $1,004,063, last week, to $1,140,809 this week.

GOSSIP ABOUT GEORGIA.

BILL MOORE came up Sunday.

MR. JULIUS BROWN has been quite sick and is still confined to his room.

GENERAL PIERCE YOUNG is credited as saying "I do not intend to sleep, eat, or shave until Jim Brown is elected governor of Georgia."

JOHN DAVIDSON, of Augusta, is rapidly contesting with Major Crane, of this city, the reputation of being Georgia's "silver-tongued orator."

IT is said that when the Hon. Alexander H. Stephens speaks in the house, that the Hon. Emory Speer sits near the eloquent chair, thrusts his hand in the breast of his coat and beams with smiles of approval.

MR. W. H. PATTERSON, of this city will go to New York to live in a few weeks. He has several fine offers and will go into the stock and bond business.

MR. L J. Hill, of the gate city bank, contests with Mr. Wade, of Edgewood, the honor of being the largest breeder of Jerseys in the state.

THE NEWARK FAILURE.

More Rottenness Connected With Baldwin's Management.

NEWARK, November 8.—According to the Examiner, Shely's report on the Mechanics' bank apparent deficiency is $2,412,867.01; but the capital stock surplus and undivided profits are included in the liabilities. Deducting $984,834.18, which represent the stock surplus, and the profits deficiency is reduced to $1,428,032, which must be met by an assessment of the stockholders to the full amount of their holdings and losses by creditors. It is customary to estimate that the stock will not yield more than 90 per cent, which would give $450,000. This would further reduce the deficiency to $978,032.83.

The well-known lawyer who says he has certain knowledge that one director of the bank dealt in Nugent's paper, and who believes that one or two others did the same, reported his charge more clearly to-day. "It was about like this," he said. "When Os born offered at the bank Nugent's notes for discount he said to a director, 'Here, Nugent is willing to pay more than the six per cent which the bank requires. Some one may as well have the extra interest.' So a director received for himself six per cent interest on the bank's loan above what the bank got."

The same informant continued: "I could produce here within an hour all of Nugent's original drafts. District-Attorney Keasby has subpœnaed a client of mine, who holds them to produce them at Baldwin's examination. From what I positively know about this bank affair I tell you there are most startling facts yet to be published. They must come out. The people don't know half the truth."

"If you wish to quote me," said Nugent's counsel, Judge Teese, "you may say it is my impression that if Nugent goes to prison for aiding and abetting Baldwin, he will be accompanied by the most high toned, distinguished and virtuous set of pals that ever accompanied a convict. Public opinion is plainly setting in Nugent's favor. I say this emphatically, I am more and more confirmed in my view that he was victimized by Baldwin and others for their profit. Just make the test of Baldwin's story that Nugent's business absorbed $2,400,000 in eight years. In this time there were about 2,400 working days. Therefore if Baldwin tells the truth Nugent's business was run at a loss of $1,000 a day during the whole eight years. This is preposterous. I can say nothing more now than that I expect important revelations and more arrests. When everything is made clear by the examination of the books now in progress, there will be certain facts to go ahead on."

NEWARK, November 8.—Cashier Baldwin's examination is postponed till Monday next, and his bail increased to $100,000. The defaulting clerk, Marchbanks', bail was increased to $10,000.

Another failure occurred to-day, resulting from the bank failure, Hanson & VanWynkle, wholesale dealers in chemicals, having an office at 92 Liberty street, New York, notify creditors that they are unable to meet obligations, and will soon offer terms of compromise.

The United States court, besides ordering a rule to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed for Nugent's factory, this morning, appointed E. N. Miller provisional receiver to take charge of the affairs.

Cashier Baldwin has just been released on $100,000 bail to reappear Monday for examination. The bondsmen are his brothers, H. P., William H. and Theodore F. Baldwin, and seven other persons.

The defaulting clerk, Marchbank, was bailed for $10,000 by Cornelius VanHouten, of Belleville, to appear the 15th.

AS PATTI DESCRIBES HERSELF.

Her Early Childhood, Her Operatic Career, and Her Present Habits.

New York Sun.

Mme. Patti, whose parents were both singers, is a native of Madrid, where she was born on February 19th, 1843, during the Italian opera season. "My father was a Sicilian and my mother a Roman," she said, 'but the first language I spoke was English. In 1844 our family came to New York with the Italian impressario of the Chambers street Itallian opera house, and I was brought up in New York."

Mme. Patti recalled the days when, as a little child, she was taking piano lessons from her sister Carlotta and singing lessons from her step-brother Barilli. "It is a mistake," she said, "to say that Strakosch was my first singing teacher. He came later to New York. You know he married my elder sister Amalia. Strakosch only taught me Rosina in 'Ill Barbiere,' and gave me some hints while I was traveling in Europe in my first seasons there after 1861."

"Was you taken to the theater as a child?"

"Yes, often. Indeed, whenever my mother sang, I used to get so excited over the performances that I could not sleep. When I thought all my family asleep, I got up, lit a night lamp in front of the mirror, put on an old scarlet coat of my father's and one of my mother's operatic hats, and went through all the gestures I had caught from my mother's performance, humming over the melodies. Sometimes I got through the whole opera, and applauded myself, and threw crumbled newspapers at myself for bouquets. Once, unfortunately, I applauded myself so loudly that I woke up Carlotta and got a scolding."

She was seven years old when her parents began to think of training her for the stage. They had been left destitute by the disappearance of an operatic manager, and it occurred to them that the little girl who was always singing about the house might prove a resource to them.

"I wasn't a bit nervous," said Mme. Patti, "when I was taken on the stage at Tripler hall and set on a table near the piano, so that people might see how little I was. I sang 'Una Voce,' from 'Il Barbiere,' and 'Custa Diva,' and the performances were successful enough to relieve my parents from want. Then for a few years I appeared, with Carlotta at the piano, before it was discovered that she had a voice even higher than mine. Mother always said that a voice might be lost, as you know mine was at one time, and so had me taught dressmaking and other handiwork."

"How old were you when you first appeared in opera here?"

"Let me see. It was at the Academy of Music on the 24th of November, 1859. I was therefore fifteen. But I was very, very small, and a mere child in appearance. Strakosch had confidence in me and persuaded Ullmann, who was very reluctant, to give me a trial. Why, I remember Ullmann saying I would never amount to much, and I assure you it was only after much urging he allowed me to appear. I selected Lucia in 'Lucia di Lammermoor. I remember very well it was the evening performance of thanksgiving day. Mme. Anne Bishop was advertised to appear at the matinee. Underneath it said: 'In the evening, debut of Mlle. Adelina Patti in "Lucia di Lammermoor," supported by Brignoli and Amodio.' How proud I was of that advertisement. Next year I sang in Boston, Philadelphia and other large cities of the United States. In 1861 I went to Europe."

"Do you practice much now?"

"I sing solfeggios about half an hour a day."

"How do you learn new parts?"

"I sing them over softly to myself two or three times."

"What is your favorite opera?"

"One which I have never sung in public, Lohengrin.' I consider Elsa the most beautiful and ideal character in opera."

"Then you admire Wagner?"

"More than any other composer. But I am afraid to sing his music in public for fear of injuring my voice. For this reason I refused his invitation to sing Kundry in 'Parsifal' next summer. But I have sung over his music at home to my own intense enjoyment many, many times."

"Will you never sing his music in public?"

"I have reserved it, especially Elsa, for the last season of my operatic career. Then I will not be afraid of injuring my voice, and I can sing his beautiful music as I would wish to. It seems to be me most fitting to close my career with the music I consider the greatest music I have ever written."

Just then an invitation to an evening dinner was brought to Mme, Patti.

"I cannot accept it," she said. "I am very careful of my voice, and avoid all social excitement. I sing eight months in the year, and during these, rest as much as I can. The remainder of the year I rest altogether.

THE ARCTIC REGIONS.

An Exploring Party Surveys Wrangel Land.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 8.—The steamer Belvidoc has arrived here; also whalers Northern Light and Dawn and Bainbright. It appears that the Dawn did not speak to the Arctic Rodgers, as reported Saturday, but did speak to the whaler Pacific, which had communicated with the Rodgers. To-day direct news received from Rogers that Belvidoc had spoken her September 27th near Herald island, steaming southward for winter quarters, which she will make prob[illegible] at the St. Lawrence bay. The Belvidoc brought letters from the Rodgers from which and from a conversation between Captain Owen, of the Belvidoc, and Lieutenant Berry, of the Rodgers, the following facts are learned: Mr. Berry found Wrangel land to be an Island. He sent a party from the Rodgers out in small boats to explore the land. They returned to the Rodgers, having gone completely around it. The party also surveyed different parts of Wrangel island. Rodgers after having established Wrangel land to be an island steamed 120 odd miles north and northwest in search of further land, but failed to find any. Berry ascended the mountain on Wrangel island and from the top saw the sea all around it. The season has been most favorable for the exploration on account of its openness. Notwithstanding the stormy weather Captain Owen said that from his observations he would not be at all surprised to hear of the Jennette coming home by way of the Greenlands. The Rodgers intends to send out sledge parties from the winter quarters to explore the coast of Siberia. She expects to leave her winter quarters next June and go as far north as possible.

THE FLIPPER TRIAL.

The Entire Day Consumed by the Defense.

GALVESTON, November 8.—A News special from Fort Davis says the entire day yesterday was consumed by the defense in the court martial of Lieutenant Flipper, endeavoring to show from the cross-examination of Colonel Shafter that the latter was prompted by a spirit of ill-will in his treatment of the prisoner while in confinement. Colonel Shafter stated that before relieving Flipper from the commissary department he thought him perfectly honest and of good habits, and if the money had been stolen, it had been taken by some one else. He further stated that previous to the investigation Flipper's administration had given entire satisfaction. On the 10th of August, Flipper had been seen in town with a horse and saddle bags. Flipper was ordered back immediately and directed to turn over his funds on hand. Within two or three minutes after entering his quarters, some $2,000 were found on his desk ready for delivery. He could not say whether it was in the saddle bags when he was seen in town or not. He had always examined his accounts weekly, unless he was absent.

THE BERYL STONE.

The lady unbound her jeweled zone
And drew from her robe the Beryl stone,
Shaped it was to a shadowy sphere—
World of our world, the sun's compeer,
That bears and buries the toiling year.

With shuddering light 'twas stirred and strewn
Like the cloud-nest of the waning moon;
Freaked it was as the bubble's hall,
Rainbow-hued through a misty pall
Like the middle light of the waterfall.

Shadows dwelt in its teeming girth
Of the known and unknown things of earth;
The cloud above and the wave around—
The central fire at the sphere's heart bound,
Like doomsday prisoned underground,

A thousand years it lay in the sea
With a treasure wrecked from Thessaly;
Deep it lay 'mid the coiled sea-wrack,
But the ocean spirits found the track;
A soul was lost to win it back.—D. G. Rossetti.

TOM BETTS'S BODY.

Rumors That It Does Not Lie Mouldering in the Ground.

From a gentleman who arrived in the city from Clayton county, we learn that it is understood there, in certain circles, that the body of Tom Betts, the murderer, is missing. Betts was hung at Jonesboro' on Friday last, as reported in these columns, and his body was enclosed in a pauper coffin and interred at the expense of the county.

Our informant was not himself conversant with the facts, but stated that he had been informed that, on the night of the execution, the grave of Betts was robbed of the body. His understanding was that a dead-wagon was sent from Atlanta, and that the body was exhumed, placed in the wagon and conveyed under cover of night to one of the medical colleges in this city. Which one of those institutions became the possessor of the remains it was not possible to conjecture.

It is said that the wagon was recognized by parties on the road between this city and Jonesboro and that it was near to the scene of the execution when thus identified.

It is possible that a search is to be made to ascertain the exact truth of the rumor. In other words it is proposed to publicly open the grave and ascertain whether, in truth, the body of the wretch has been made to do duty in the cause of science in a dissecting room on dissection.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S RECEPTION.

A Grand Day for Tuesday Next.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the cotton exposition held last night, aside from the routine and private business transacted, a special committee, composed of Messrs. Evan P. Howell, E. P. Chamberlin, and J. W. Ryckman was appointed to receive General Sherman on his arrival next Tuesday morning. The committee will to-day arrange a programme of exercises for the occasion and a series of entertainments for the distinguished officer and the members of his staff who accompany him. There are thousands of our people who would be glad to see General Sherman and many of them will take advantage of this occasion to meet him. Consequently next Tuesday will in point of attendance out rank governors' day, while in general incident and interest it will be an exceedingly desirable time to visit the exposition.

FREDERICK PAULDING.

A Rumor of His Death from Fever in Macon, Ga

At a late hour last night it was rumored upon the streets that Frederick Paulding, the young American tragedian, had died during the day in Macon. Color is given to the report from the fact that Mr. Paulding has been lying ill in Macon for some weeks from a severe attack of malarial fever. At the hour when the report

OVER [illegible] A MILLION.

Theodore Walton's Success Over the Water—Betting Twenty Thousand Dollars on One Horse and Drawing Forty Thousand.

Special Correspondence of the Times.

NEW YORK, November 2.—A Philadelphia man, now engaged in betting on the turf in England, is credited with having won over half a million dollars. His name is F. Theodore Walton, and now they seek in New York to claim him as native to Gotham. When he left Philadelphia for New York, he was comparatively cleaned out, as they say of a man on Third street when his margin is all gone. He became the proprietor of the St. James hotel. There are very few hotels in New York like the St. James. There is no proprietor of any hotel like Theodore Walton. He has managed the hotel very successfully. Its restaurant is one of the best in New York. Senator J. P. Jones owns the hotel. Formerly C. T. Jones—no relation of the senator, but once a resident of Philadelphia, where he used to keep the West End—was its proprietor. Among men about town who have money the St. James is famous for its breakfasts. An extra sirloin there costs $1.50. Stuffed peppers, a cut of lobster, lyonaise potatoes, coffee, hot rolls and sweet butter, making a check of $2.30, with a service for two, is eaten nearly every morning by a Belmont and an Astor, a grandson of Hamilton and Steve French, J. F. Smythe and Senator Jones when in New York and the eminent sporting men of the city. Where the good cooking is, there is the good gambler. One can meet a number of eminent people at breakfast at the St. James. If he wishes to see them over their cigars and politics he goes to the Fifth Avenue, and at dinner and supper he looks for them at Delmonico's or at the Gilsey and Brunswick. Theodore Walton had not had much experience as a hotel man.

He had been, as everybody in Philadelphia remembers, recorder of deeds for the city and county of Philadelphia, and something of a politician. In personal appearance he is a handsome man, of commanding stature, broad shoulders, full-waisted, straight-limbed, good-shaped hands and feet, a long, tawny moustache, large but deep-set gray eyes, square chin, florid complexion, the address of a gentleman and the repose of manner that belongs to a self-reliant man.

After he came to New York, now a little more than three years ago, he set himself to work to make his hotel popular. He did. Then he took a turn in Wall street. All reports agree that he did not win with rapidity. However, only a few people know about that. Not that he is not communicative for he is; but he is the sort of the man who discusses his affairs only with the class of men who do not go over them again for the mere purpose of interesting others. Nevertheless, Mr. Walton was always a bold speculator. He would gamble on anything when chances were even. He had some interests with Chamberlain, Daly, Morrissey and Mackey. They thought he was too much inclined to gamble on his own account when it wasn't necessary. It is an old story about Ben Holliday being disturbed by somebody who walked up and down the room adjoining the great stage pioneer's in the hotel.

"What do you walk for?" asked Holiday. "Go to sleep."

"Alas!" was the reply; "I have creditors to whom I must pay $15,000 to morrow and I haven't the money."

"Is that all? Go to sleep. Don't be a fool. Let them walk."

So, in business relations with the gentleman named, two of whom are dead. They insisted that it was proper to let other people bet. But The. Walton liked to walk. It is a matter of established fact that he has had theoretically occasion to do some of it. When a certain Philadelphia man who had something to do with the legislative poultry yard in which there were no hens—"roosters" was the local appellation I believe—denied his presence to the court of justice in Dauphin county, he came to New York, and of the $9,000 he left, there a good part became the seed of Mr. Walton's great crop profits.

In the spring of this year, then, one sees Mr. Walton, with $13,000 in cash, at Saratoga, taking a swing at the races. His son, a mild eyed, handsome young fellow, beaming through gold rimmed spectacles over the marble counter of the St. James hotel office, says just now: "He didn't make much there—I guess $50,000; possibly more than that, but I reckon not much more."

When at a recent great whilst game extending over a period of two months, played, of course, with intervals for breakfast and sleep while the sun shone, in Saratoga, a Philadelphia gentleman was called the winner in the sum of $35,000. "There," said Mr. Clair, the manager of the A. T. Stewart property, and speaking only as one making a comment, "that Philadelphia man is taking more winnings out of Saratoga than anybody has in ten years." In the light of such a statement the amount of Mr. Walton's winnings at Saratoga are nearly unprecedented, if not quite so. Whatever the exact figure may have been, it was large enough to enable him to startle the book-makers in England when he gave them his first order for the St. Leger, a little less than two months ago. Twenty thousand dollars he put down on a horse that stood in the betting two to one. From that bet he drew out $40,000, or a clear winning of $20,000.

"£5,000 at a whack!" gasped the English sporting men. "Oh, the bloomin' 'plunger.'"

"Since then," resumes the young man of calm demeanor and speaking over the counter as before, "father has won $500,000."

"What on?"

"He won $200,000 on Foxhall in the Cesarewitch and he was a heavy winner on the events in which Iroquois was engaged."

"Does he represent anybody except himself on the turf?"

"Not a soul. This is his boat and he is rowing it alone."

"When's he going to stop?"

"Pretty soon; he's got to. The season is about over."

"Bring his money back in one ship?"

"No. He's going to take it and his gout to some German spring and return late in the winter."

It is not perhaps from Mr. Walton's son that the Times should seek to publish the methods of that son's father. Neither may one look for that knowledge from the book-makers here. As a rule, Mr. Walton, at this stage of his career, is unpopular with them. He not only won their money last season on this side, but he is setting the betting by which a favored few are winning their money here. In fact, he is being followed, and his followers are tremendously successful. Then he is a man who does not own horses himself, and it is a part of the general scheme of book-makers and pool-sellers to encourage successful betters to buy stables. When they are once linked to the race-course by the possession of race horses they are held securely against that happy day for the book-maker when all his losses shall come back threefold. Besides the owner of the stable looks and hopes for his own horses and does not go about trying to pick up winners out of somebody else's stalls. Mr. Walton's method is briefly this: He has no prejudice for any horse except that created by one he thinks can win. Then he bets on it. If it does he rewards the jockey handsomely. If that jockey wins again he knows what he rides for if Walton is betting on his mount. Sir John Astley, Bart, recently quarreled with Walton. In the opening race at Newmarket last Thursday Mr. Walton laid £1,000 to £500 on the favorite, Mr. Jardine's Whinblossom, and lost. In the next race he won heavily, and in the third bet heavily on the favorite, Medicus, bearing the colors of Sir John, for the Bretby nursery. He won, but the sporting baronet had been anticipated in his commissions and a personal encounter was imminent. Walton was told he had better go back to New York. It must seem strange to the knight that the man who has won more than any turfite has ever done in so short a time declined to start right away in accordance with these directions. Private dispatches received to day from Mr. Walton indicate that a gang of hitters were with Astley, ready to break him in little pieces, and, besides, that a row would have done no good. He had landed £14,300 on the race and he didn't care for the baronet's anger. They say now that Walton will touch Monte Carlo before he comes back. If he does and continues the magnitude of his operations it will be bad for Monte Carlo—or Walton.

ATTRACTIVE ATLANTA.

Her Liberal Minded Men, Her Warm Hearted Women and Pretty Girls.

South Bend (Ind.) Register.

Mr. P. E. Studebaker is attending the International cotton exposition at Atlanta, Ga., and judging from the tone of the following dispatch to the Register, likes it, as most any man would:

EXPOSITION BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA., October 28, 1881.

To the editor of the Register.

Tell our people to come to Atlanta. The city is a lively one. The climate is splendid. The great exposition is a success, and more hospitable homes, liberal minded men, warmer hearted women or prettier girls can no where be found.

P. E. STUDEBAKER.

WHOSE BOY?

A White Child in the Possession of a Negro.

About two o'clock this morning officers Moon and Starnes had occasion to enter the basement of a building on Castleberry street, where they found a small white boy, about eight years of age, in bed with a negro man, who gave his name as Isam Crawford, and who says that the boy's name is Henry Whitworth, and that his home is at Mt. Airy. The officers were not satisfied with the statement, and arrested Crawford and took the young boy in charge. Subsequent to arrest Crawford told several conflicting stories, and the police are now satisfied that there is something wrong in the matter. The boy is a handsome, fine looking fellow, and answers questions with readiness.

Chauncey Hall School.

In another column will be found the card of Chauncey Hall School, of Boston, Massachusetts. This is one of the oldest, best and largest private schools in the city of Boston, and ranks second to no educational institute in Massachusetts. The school has a fine corps of teachers, and its facilities for imparting instruction to its pupils are exceedingly fine. For nearly fifty years it has been in successful operation and many of the most learned men of the union here planted the seeds of learning that have since given them fame and fortune. The buildings are large, handsome and commodious, and were built with an especial view to their use for educational purposes. The location is fine, the air pure and the climate healthful.

The Corsican.

A telegram from New Orleans announces that night before last, at the academy, Mr. George Hoey's new play, "The Corsican," was produced, and made a decided hit.

The Hoey-Hardie combination will play it through the south and west and then try its fate in New York The play is full of good points, and the excellent company which has it will bring it out well.

Big Bethel Church.

As Colonel Barrows, of the Willimantic linen company, presented Rev. W. J. Gaines with enough money to pay the balance of the debt that Big Bethel owes on the steps in front of the church, the pastor desires us to urge some good citizen to pay the balance of the debt of about $350 still on the church, and we hope that some one will rally to this appeal.

Caught.

Late last night Officer Spier succeeded in tracing the twelve dollars and a half stolen from Weaver at the Calhoun house Monday night to George Williams, a large moke, who is now in the calaboose charged with larceny. Since his arrest it is ascertained that Williams entered Weaver's room with a skeleton key, and after chloroforming his subject robbed his pockets.

The Norfolk and Western Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, November 8.—The gross earnings of the Norfolk and Western railroad company for October were $241,672.90, being an increase of 5,762.95, as compared with the corresponding period of last year: the gross earnings for six months ending October 31st, were $1,139,100.08; the same period last $1,036,058.99, an increase of $103,041.13.

Calaboosed.

John Price was calaboosed last night as a suspicious character.

FACTS ABOUT WOMEN,

—Mrs. John Jacob Astor made a recent purchase of a pair of Japanese bronze vases at a cost of $40,000, and an antique cabinet for $8000.

—Amethyst or ruby velvet over cream color or silver gray, deep violet over pale Persian lilac, sapphire over pale blue, ruby over rose pink, black over red or coral, are combinations of colors much admired.

—At 29 years old, in Germany, girls have better chances of marriage than at 22, and at 40 they are not involved in much more uncertainty than they are at 19, except that after 19 their chances become better, while after 40 they do not.

—Last week at the wedding of Miss Fannie Muller and Mr. J. F. Green, the bride's father presented each of the four bridesmaids with bracelets—solid gold circles—from which hung six pendants, a diamond glistening in each. The groom gave the ladies broad gold finger rings, with two pearl and two turquoises sunk deep into the gold. The bride's costume was a combination of velvet brocade and satin. Two of the bridesmaids were dressed in pale pink and two in light blue silk. They all wore hats with drooping ostrich feathers.

THE following appeared in the Berlin Tageblat: "A young lady of noble family as lovely as Helen, thrifty as Penelope, witty as Madame de Stael, seeks a husband. As a singer she rivals Jenny Lind, as a dancer, Cerito, as a sculptor, the princess Marie d'Orleans. She is virtuous as Lucretia, and any gentlemen seeking her hand can correspond through this paper."

BRIDAL GIFTS.

The E. Jaccard Jewelry Company,

of St. Louis, has on exhibition and for sale at the exposition in Art hall the most beautiful collection of Gems, Diamond and Gem Jewelry, Watches, Repousse Silver work, Bisque Ornaments, Real Bronzes, Japanese Curios, etc., that has ever been seen in the south. These goods are offered for sale here by this old house, which was founded in 1829, at the same prices as are charged by them in St. Louis. An opportunity is offered to all who are contemplating the purchase of wedding, birthday, christening, anniversary or holiday gifts to procure them upon the most favorable terms. In addition to the above, order will be received for wedding cards and invitations, visiting cards, menus, ball programmes etc., which are executed by the Jaccard Jewelry Company in the most correct style.

oct29—d1m 8thp

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE

PASSENGER ROUTE,

—VIA—

CHARLOTTE and RICHMOND;

ALSO,

CHARLOTTE, DANVILLE AND LYNCHBURG

Schedule in effect August 7th, 1881.

CONDENSED LINE NORTH.	U. S. Fast Mail, No. 49.	Mail and xp ress, No. 43.	Express, No. 47.
Leave Atlanta, - -	6:30 p m	4:00 a m	3:15 p m
Arrive Charlotte, -	5:35 a m	3:35 p m	2:40 a m
Leave Charlotte, -	6:10 a m	4:10 p m	3:30 a m
Arrive North Danv'll	11:32 a m	10:10 p m	9:51 a m
Arrive Richmond, -	4:47 p m	7:13 a m	4:32 p m
Arrive Washington,	10:15 p m	2:00 p m	10:15 p m
Arrive Baltimore, -	11:50 p m	3:25 p m	11:50 p m
Arrive Philadelphia,	3:20 a m	6:50 p m	3:20 a m
Arrive New York, -	6:50 a m	9:55 p m	6:50 a m
Arrive Boston, - -	4:40 p m	7:45 a m	4:40 p m
VIRGINIA MIDLAND ROUTE, FROM NORTH DANVILLE.			
Leave North Danv'll		10:35 p m	11:25 a m
Arrive Lynchburg, -		12:51 a m	2:05 p m
Arrive Washington,		7:40 a m	9:15 p m
Arrive Baltimore, -		9:25 a m	10:15 p m
Arrive Philadelphia,		12:50 p m	3:20 a m
Arrive New York, -		3:50 p m	5:50 a m

Sleeping Car Service.

U. S. FAST MAIL No. 49.

Pullman Sleeping Cars Atlanta to Richmond, and Richmond to New York.

MAIL AND EXPRESS, No. 43.

Pullman Sleepers Charlotte to Washington via Virginia Midland, and Danville to Richmond.

SOUTHERN MAIL, No. 47.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars Atlanta to New York without change.

All trains run solid Atlanta to Richmond.

T. M. R. TALLCOTT, General Manager. I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent.
W. J. HOUSTON, A. G. P. A. A. POPE, General Passenger Agent.

sep5—d1y

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, November 5, 1881.—C. A. Howell, guardian of James R. Allen, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.

This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in December next, else letters of dismission will then be granted said applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

236 nov6 law4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHARLES H. SWIFT,

UNDERTAKER,

47 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A COMPLETE assortment of Fisk's Patent Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets, and a full line of Wooden Caskets and Coffins. Prompt attention given to calls by day or night, and Funerals attended to in any manner desired. Elegant Hearses and Carriages furnished at moderate prices.

Embalming a specialty.

Located within a few yards of the Union Passenger Depot. All orders by mail or telegragh will be filled with promptness and dispatch. nov9d3m

MONEY TO LOAN!

FOR 2 TO 10 YEARS.

AT EIGHT PER CENT WITHOUT COMMISSION, upon improved centrally located city property, or cultivated land in the most fertile counties of the south, to one-third the actual value of the security.

NO EXPENSE

beyond expense attending loan.

No further conditions except prompt payment and care of the security.

FRANCIS SMITH,

Temporary address, care of Atlanta National Bank.

nov9—1w

A NEW ENTERPRISE

—THE—

National Life Association!

Chartered and Organized Under the Strict Laws of Ohio.

HOME OFFICE, Columbus, Ohio.

BRANCH OFFIGE, for the Southern States, Atlanta, Ga.

This Association is purely mutual and co-operative.

OFFICERS AND TRUSTEES:

Hon. Milton Barnes, (late Secretary of State of Ohio) President.
Hon. John F. Follett, (late Speaker House of Representatives, Ohio) Vice-President.
Hon. M. A. Dougherty, (late Commissioner to Revise and Codify the Laws of Ohio) Counsel.
John Reinhard, Esq., Banker, Columbus, Ohio, Treasurer.
D. E. Stevens, Esq., Secretary.
S. H. Scofield, Esq., General Agent.
R. E. Spink, Esq., Special Agent.
Hon. John W. O'Keys, Judge Supreme Court, Clark Auchard, Esq., and Jim. Edwards, Esq., Trustees.

As a guaranty of security, the Treasurer has filed a bond with the Superintendent of Insurance in the sum of fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, and the Secretary twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars.

Branch Office for the Southern States,

No. 6o Marietta Street,

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

nov9 d1aw4w—wed

C. G. GROSSE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

30 WHITEHALL ST., UP-STAIRS.

HIS STOCK EMBRACES SOME OF THE MOST elegant and tasty goods brought to the city before. The two suits made by the Willimantic Linen company on governor's day, for Governor Colquitt and Governor Bigelow, were cut and made by Mr. Grosse in less than five hours. Their beauty, fit and taste in make were subjects of universal comment and praise, and many high compliments were passed upon the work by the governors and distinguished visitors who thoroughly examined the suits as they were worn at the receptions on the evening of governor's day. nov 6—2ms.

State of Georgia—Fulton County—Superior Court, October Term, 1881. Present, his honor George Hillyer, Judge.—Ovestus A. George vs. Annie F. George. Libel for Divorce.—Rule to perfect service.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT BY THE RETURN of the sheriff, that the defendant, Annie F. George, is not to be found in Fulton county, Georgia; and it further appearing that she does not reside in this state, it is, on motion of counsel, ordered, that said defendant appear and answer at the next term of this court: else that the case be considered in default, and the plaintiff allowed to proceed. And it is further ordered, that this rule be published in the Atlanta Constitution once a month for four months.

A true extract from the Minutes.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

nov9-d1am4m

MARSHAL'S SALE.

DECEMBER SALES, 1881.—CITY MARSHAL'S sale for city tax for the year 1881. Will be sold before the city hall door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in December, 1881, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit: Levied this fi fa on city lot in ward 3, land lot 53, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 60x150 feet more or less, on Fair and Grant streets, No 328, the said being residence property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Rawson and s; levied on as the property of Mrs Loretta Arnold, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Arnold for city taxes for the year 1881.

Also at the same time and place, city lot in ward 4, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 27x98 feet, more or less, on Decatur and Loyd streets, No —, the said being store property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Reid and Franklin; levied on as the property of H A Agricola to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Agricola for city taxes for the year 1881.

Also, at the same time and place, city lot in ward 2, land lot 77, originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 45x90 feet, more or less, on Pryor street, No. —; the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, adjoining Milledge and alley. Levied on as the property of Thos. S. Powell, to satisfy a tax fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Powell, for city taxes for the year 1881.

nov9—d1aw4w W. R. JOYNER, Marshal.

LANIER HOUSE,

MACON, GEORGIA.

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oct 1dlaw4w

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Rome to Atlanta and return	$2 00
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On every Thursday, until further notice, the following

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Chickamauga, " "	2 75
Graysville, " "	2 50
Ringgold, " "	2 25
Tunnell Hill, " "	2 15
Dalton, " "	2 00
Tilton, " "	1 90
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nov9—d&w wed sat

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Wednesday, November 9th.

The Peerless Singing Comedienne,

MISS MINNIE PALMER,

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R. E. GRAHAM,

producing in magnificent style W. Gibbs's musical comedy,

MY SWEETHEART,

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A performance replete of music, fun, dancing, with glimpses of Lotta, Mitchell, Emmet and Jefferson.

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NOTICE—Notwithstanding the enormous expense attending this engagement, the management takes great pleasure in stating the usual scale of prices.

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nov2—dtf

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139TH GRAND MONTHLY

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Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing,

At New Orleans, Tuesday, December 13, 1881,

Under the personal supervision and management of GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize, $100,000,

NOTICE.—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$100,000	$100,000
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200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
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100 " "	100	10,000
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M. A. DAUPHIN, Pres. Louisiana State Lottery Co.

New Orleans, La., July 4, 1881.

nov8—d&w5w

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sep 29 d3m L ACREE, Proprietor.

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july27 dtf

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Hair Braides from 75c and upwards. Frizzies in all the new styles Coquettis, Flirts, Thompson's Waves and Ventilated Crowns, double, single and cap invisible nets.

MISS MARY RYAN, 45 Whitehall street.

1101—oct23 1m 5thp

CUTHBERT'S CAREER.

A SHORT SKETCH OF A DISTINGUISHED MAN.

A Representative of Georgia in Congress Over Sixty Years Ago The Associate of Clay and Other Historic Characters in the Early Days of the Republic—His Private Life.

New Orleans Democrat.

The newspapers of the country have been very brief and meager in their notices of the death of the Hon. John A. Cuthbert, which occurred at his home on Mon Louis island, near Mobile, on the night of the 22d of September. Yet it was one of the most notable events in the necrology even of this present year, which has been marked by the death of so many eminent and remarkable men. It was the end of a life distinguished, not only for its great length, but for its association with some of the most memorable passages in American history.

Judge Cuthbert was 93 years old. He was born in Savannah, the year before the constitution of the United States went into operation. The old articles of confederation were then in force. All the settled parts of the country now constituting the states of Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas, were then Spanish territory. It was before the outbreak of the first French revolution. Napoleon Bonaparte was an obscure lieutenant of artillery, and Walter Scott an apprentice in his father's office. Edmund Burke and Benjamin Franklin were still living. George Canning and Henry Brougham were college students, Calhoun and Webster were little children, and Henry Clay was riding astride of his meal-bag in the Hanover slashes. He was born in the same year with Byron and Peel. He was nearly twenty years in advance of Bulwer and Beaconsfield and Robert E. Lee, just twenty years senior to Jefferson Davis, and still more to Lincoln and Gladstone. He was a member of congress (in his second session) when John C. Breckenridge was born, and was a man of middle age at the birth of Garfield.

Other men may be living as old, or older, but none are left, of like age, who had been so conspicuous as actors in great historical events. Judge Cuthbert sat in the house of representatives, as a member from Georgia, more than sixty years ago. He was, from 1819 to 1821, the memorable period when

THE MISSOURI QUESTION

was agitated—that question which shook the federal union to its foundations and foreshadowed the conflict that culminated in war more than forty years afterwards—and took part in its discussion. In that congress he was the contemporary and associate of Clay, and Macon, and Lowndes, and Randolph of Roanoke, and Rufus King of New York, and William Rufus King of Alabama, and William Pinkney of Maryland, and Charles Pinkney of South Carolina (one of the authors of the constitution) and the Barbours of Virginia, and a host of others (both in the senate and the house) eminent even in the days when there were statesmen in the land.

Some years afterwards he was a competitor of the celebrated John Forsyth, before the Georgia legislature, for election to the United States senate. The vote was a tie on repeated ballots, and he was defeated only after the contest had been continued into the second day.

He removed to Mobile when nearly fifty years of age, served two terms as judge, first of the county, and then of the circuit court, and afterwards continued to practice law until the end of his life—a rare example for this country of the prolongation of intellectual vigor and activity. Less than six months ago a Pensacola paper mentioned his arrival at that place to attend to an important suit before the United States district court, and his name appears more than once in the reports of the supreme court of Alabama during the last few years, as of counsel in cases submitted to that tribunal.

The writer of this article had an opportunity to hear him once, and once only, in a political speech. This was in Mobile during the agitation of the know-nothing question, about 25 years ago. It was a speech of great vigor and characteristic firmness and fearlessness. The know-nothing party was then predominant in Mobile. The mystery enshrouding it and the secrecy of its methods and operations had rendered it an object of some dread, and its opponents were in general very cautious in expressing themselves on the subject. Judge Cuthbert, however, was outspoken and uncompromising in his denunciation of the whole movement as a "relic of barbarism." He was then nearly 70 years old, and it was probably the last public speech that he ever made on a political question.

These reminiscences are given mainly as introductory to a more interesting and precious souvenir of the venerable jurist and statesman, which the writer is fortunate enough to possess. This is an autograph letter, written about a year before his death, in answer to a request for his recollections on some questions relative to the

MISSOURI COMPROMISE.

The first of these questions, briefly stated, was, when the compromise was at the time of its adoption considered to be, in the main a northern, or a southern measure. The second may be best understood by an extract from the letter of inquiry, in which it was stated as follows:

Again: I find, from Benton's abridgement of debates, (Vol. vi, pp: 570, 571,) that, on the 2d of March, 1820, Mr Randolph, of Virginia, in the house, voted against the restrictions on Missouri, which was defeated by only three votes—90 to 87; and abstained from voting on the "compromise" proper. The next day (March 3d) Mr. Randolph moved to re-consider the vote on the restriction (or rather on the admission of Missouri), but before the Speaker (Mr. Clay) would entertain the motion, it was declared that the action of the house had been communicated to the senate by the clerk, and that therefore the bill was no longer in possession of the house. Whereupon Mr. Randolph submitted a resolution censuring the action of the clerk, which was defeated—yeas 61, nays 71. Mr. Archer, of Virginia, acted with Mr. Randolph, both in voting and seconding his motion to reconsider.

I am at a loss to understand Mr. Randolph's motive in moving a reconsideration of that vote which defeated the proposed restriction on Missouri, as well as the proceedings by which the speaker and the clerk seem to have thwarted his purpose. Can you give me an explanation of it?

In reply to these inquiries, the following letter was received:

MON LOUIS ISLAND, ALA., August 4th, 1880.—My dear sir—I have received your letter of July 27th, making inquiry of my recollections of the parties to the Missouri compromise. I will readily give you my recollections, and this is not an unpleasant labor. I say in advance that parts of the occurrences referred to may have passed from my memory, but my present recollections of what I do remember are clear and certain.

I now say that, at the time the Missouri compromise was under consideration and was established by an act of congress, I knew, distinctly, that it was a southern measure.

The people of the territory of Missouri had previously applied to congress for admission into the federal union as a state. They exhibited a constitution, which they had framed for their future government as a state, and this constitution made no provision touching the matter of slavery. This application was rejected by a majority in congress.

I have no personal remembrance of this application or its rejection. I believe they occurred at the session next before I went into congress; but it was universally understood in congress that this application of Missouri was rejected because of a general opposition in the northern states to the admission of

ANOTHER SLAVEHOLDING STATE INTO THE UNION.

The southern people were dissatisfied with the rejection of Missouri, because it seemed to indicate a design in the northern states to exclude the people of the southern states from an equal participation in benefits from the territories. A committee of the house was appointed early in the session to attend to matters relative to the admission of Missouri into the union. I was on that committee and attended its meetings. I remember that I met several members of the house at its meetings; but do not remember that I ever saw a northern man there.

Some one suggested the scheme of extending Mason and Dixon's line (the northern boundery of Virginia) westward through Missouri, making a geographical division of that territory, and that the people of that territory should form a constitution which would exclude slavery from the portion of the territory lying north of this line, leaving the people of the territory free to act for themselves in the matter of slavery in the part of the territory south of this line. This scheme was quickly adopted by southern men and was zealously advocated by them. It was accepted by the people of the territory and was carried into operation as far as depended on them. This was the basis of the Missouri compromise. It was approved by Mr. Lowndes, a democrat, who had the reputation of being the wisest and best statesmrn in Congress. I bore a part in a prolonged discussion to which it gave rise in congress.

Before the time of voting I knew, by name and personally, every northern member who was expected by the democratic members to vote for the compromise. Among these were Meigs, a representative from New York, brother-in-law to the elder John Forsyth, and Storrs, also a representative from New York, a respectable man and a democrat of high talent. There was a young member from Illinois whom I knew well, who told me repeatedly that he would vote for the compromise, and who felt a fear that he would lose popularity in Illinois by such a vote. They made a short test. I knew that a large majority of northern members voted against the compromise.

I know nothng of the record to which you refer. To contradict a record by unwritten recollections is contrary to the established rules of evidence. False entries may be made in records. I know that my recollections, as herein stated, are correct and certain declarations of truth.

Southern members, in voting for this settlement, knew that they were

MAKING A CONCESSION.

But northern men were making a larger concession in agreeing to admit the southern part of Missouri* into the union without restriction as to slavery. Here was another slaveholding state in the union. This was regarded by southern men as a great victory achieved by the south.

The exclusion of slavery from north Missouri was agreeable to the sentiment of the people on whom it was to operate; it was therefore no grivance to us.

All my recollections harmonize with the belief that the Missouri compromise originated with southern men, and that it was carried into operation by southern men.

I can explain in general terms the course of Mr. Randolph in relation to the Missouri question. He was anxious to maintain the comparative superiority of Virginia (the ancient dominion) in the union. He was opposed to admitting into the union another state west of the Mississippi. As the empire extended westward, Virginia lost comparative importance. He was opposed to the admission of Missouri. But as the people of Virginia were zealous for the admission of Missouri, he would not oppose it openly, but he would covertly prevent her admission. This was developed in proceedings in which Mr. Monroe was the second time declared president. The vote of Missouri for president had been given, but there was some ground for doubt whether Missouri had a right to vote. It was agreed in the senate that its president should announce the result in this way: "If the vote of Missouri be counted, Mr. Monroe has 231 votes, which is a majority of the votes; and he is elected president of the United States. If the vote of Missouri be not counted, Mr. Monroe has 228 votes, which is a majority of the votes, and he is elected president of the United States."

The senate had been received into the hall of representatives, and the president began to make the proclamation agreed upon, when he was interrupted by Mr. Randolph, who made a motion to amend the proclamation, and began an argument in support of his motion. A cry of "Order! Order!" was made from all parts of the hall. Mr. Randolph ceased speaking, but retained his place on the floor. As soon as silence was restored, Mr. Randolph again attempted to address the presiding officers, when the cry of "Order!" was again raised by a greater number of voices and in a more imperative tone. Mr. Randolph yielded, and withdrew, uttering abusive language in a passionate tone. The president of the senate then made the proclamation that had been agreed on.

With high regard,

JOHN A. CUTHBERT.

This letter gives no evidence of the great age of its author, either in handwriting or style—unless it be in some superfluous verbal repetitions. Whether from this cause, however, or some other, it is certain that his recollections were at fault on the main subject to which they refer. He makes the common error of confounding the two distinct and separate questions which constituted the "compromise." One of these was that of the admission of Missouri with a constitution containing no prohibition of slavery. On this the south was absolutely unanimous, no southern member voting againt it in either house, while the northern members were nearly as unanimous in opposition to it. The other measure, which was really and properly the "compromise," consisted of the adoption of an arbitrary line of demarcation for all future states to be formed out of what was then the Missouri territory—those north of that line to be required to prohibit slavery, while those south of it it might exercise their own opinion. On this question the northern vote was nearly unanimous in its favor in both houses; the southern vote divided, but a majority in each house in the negative.

Judge Cuthbert, also, seems to confound the proposed extension of Mason and Dixon's line with the line ultimately adopted, more than than three degrees farther south. Southern members might very naturally favor the one, but oppose the other. His remarks with regard to the discrepancy between his recollections and the records (that is the journals of congress, which had been referred to,) are characteristic of the tenacity of purpose and of opinion for which he was somewhat noted. Writing sixty years after the events referred to, and having himself, although of the southern school in politics, been a warm advocate of the compromise, these mistakes were not unnatural.

With regard to the action of Mr. Randolph, (of Roanoake), Judge Cuthbert's explanation is as satisfactory and his recollections no doubt as correct, as they are interesting. Indeed, the whole letter is highly interesting, not only on account of its writer and its subject, but because it is, undoubtedly, the latest account of the events that has been, or ever will be, given by any of the actors in that great and memorable contest.

W.

*What was then known as the "Missouri Territory" comprised a vast extent of country west of the Mississippi, and is here meant.

I have been a great sufferer with rheumatism for the past seven years and part of the time have been confined to my bed. The last attack kept me in bed for seven long months, in which time I employed the best medical skill without securing relief. I was induced to try St. Jacobs Oil, which remedy has entirely cured me. My hands have become straight and can be used as well as ever. I have induced others afflicted with rheumatism to use it, and they have experienced the same happy result. I wish it was in my power to tell suffering humanity of the curative powers of St. Jacobs Oil.

EDWARD RHOERLING, Scranton, Pa.

—Mr. Winans, an American, pays $50,000 a year for shooting preserves in Scotland. His sporting grounds are the most extensive in the country.

Mr. Martin A. Connolly, a merchant in Oil City, Pa., writes: "I inherited ill health from my parents, who were both short-lived. My wife is a sickly little woman, and has suffered considerably. We have had five children, three of whom died in infancy; the other two a boy four years of age and a girl of seven years, have always been quite puny, weak, and sickly. Sometime ago I read a medical work that spoke of iron as being essential to life, that a want of iron in the blood was the principal cause of ill health. Shortly afterward I saw an advertisement of Brown's Iron Bitters. I determined to try it for myself and family. The result has far exceeded my greatest anticipation. Myself, wife and children, have all grown healthy and strong. Sores, aches and pains, headaches, indigestion and sleeplessness, formerly so common in my family, trouble us no more. Every bottle is worth its weight in gold." nov3d&w1w

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—Seba M. Bogart, a New York broker, has been expelled from the stock exchange on account of his infraction of a rule forbidding the dividing of his commissions with an agent in another city.

The Power of the Press.

In no way is the power of the press more surely shown than in the universal knowledge that has in less than a year, been difused throughout fifty millions of people of the wonderful curative properties of that splendid remedy, Kidney-Wort. And the people from the Atlantic to the Pacific have shown their intelligence and their knowledge of what is in the papers, by already making Kidney-Wort their household remedy for all diseases of the kidneys, liver and bowels.—Herald.

ST. JACOB'S OIL.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

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KIDNEY WORT

KIDNEY-WORT
THE GREAT CURE
FOR
RHEUMATISM
As it is for all diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.
THOUSANDS OF CASES
of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, in a short time
PERFECTLY CURED.
KIDNEY-WORT
has had wonderful success, and an immense sale in every part of the Country. In hundreds of cases it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.
It cleanses, Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system.
As it has been proved by thousands that
KIDNEY-WORT
is the most effectual remedy for cleansing the system of all morbid secretions. It should be used in every household as a
SPRING MEDICINE.
Always cures BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, PILES and all FEMALE Diseases.
Is put up in Dry Vegetable Form, in tin cans, one package of which makes 6 quarts medicine.
Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated for the convenience of those who cannot readily prepare it. *It acts with equal efficiency in either form.*
GET IT OF YOUR DRUGGIST. PRICE, $1.00
WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop's,
(Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.
KIDNEY-WORT

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HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

—THE MILD POWER CURES.—
HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC
SPECIFICS.
In use 30 years.—Each number the special prescription of an eminent physician.—The only Simple, Safe and Sure Medicines for the people

LIST PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES.	PRICE.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflamations,	.25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	.25
3.	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4.	Diarrhea of Children or Adults	.25
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13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	.25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	.25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	.25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill, Fever, Agues	.50
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding,	.50
19.	Catarrh, acute or chronic; Influenza	50
20.	Whooping Cough, violent coughs,	.50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27.	Kidney Disease,	.50
28.	Nervous Debility,	1.00
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the bed	.50
32.	Disease of the Heart, Palpitation.	1.00

Sold by druggists, or sent by the Case, or single Vial, free of charge, on receipt of price. Send for Dr. Humphreys' Book on Disease &c. (144 pages, also Illustrated Catalogue FREE. Address, Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., 109 Fulton Street, New York.

Theo. Schumann, Lamar Rankin & Lamar, Daniel & Marsh, Pemberton, Pullum & Co., W. A. Taylor, B. Berry, Arch Avery, Hutchison & Bro., Atlanta, and Jos. Jacobs, Athens, Ga., Agents.

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DYE'S ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT.

30 DAYS TRIAL
ALLOWED.

Pat'd June 12, 1876

WE WILL SEND, ON 30 DAYS' TRIAL,
DR. DYE'S
Electro-Voltaic Appliances
TO MEN
suffering from **Nervous Weaknesses, General Debility,** loss of nerve force or vigor, or any disease resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES, or to **any one** afflicted with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Spinal Difficulties, Kidney or Liver Troubles, Lame Back, Ruptures, and other Diseases of the Vital Organs. Also WOMEN troubled with diseases peculiar to their sex.

Speedy relief and complete restoration to health guaranteed. **These are the only Electric Appliances that have ever been constructed upon scientific principles.** Their thorough efficacy has been practically proven with the **most wonderful success, and they have the highest endorsements** from **medical** and **scientific men,** and from **hundreds who have been quickly and radically cured by their use.**

Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet, giving all information free. Address,

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

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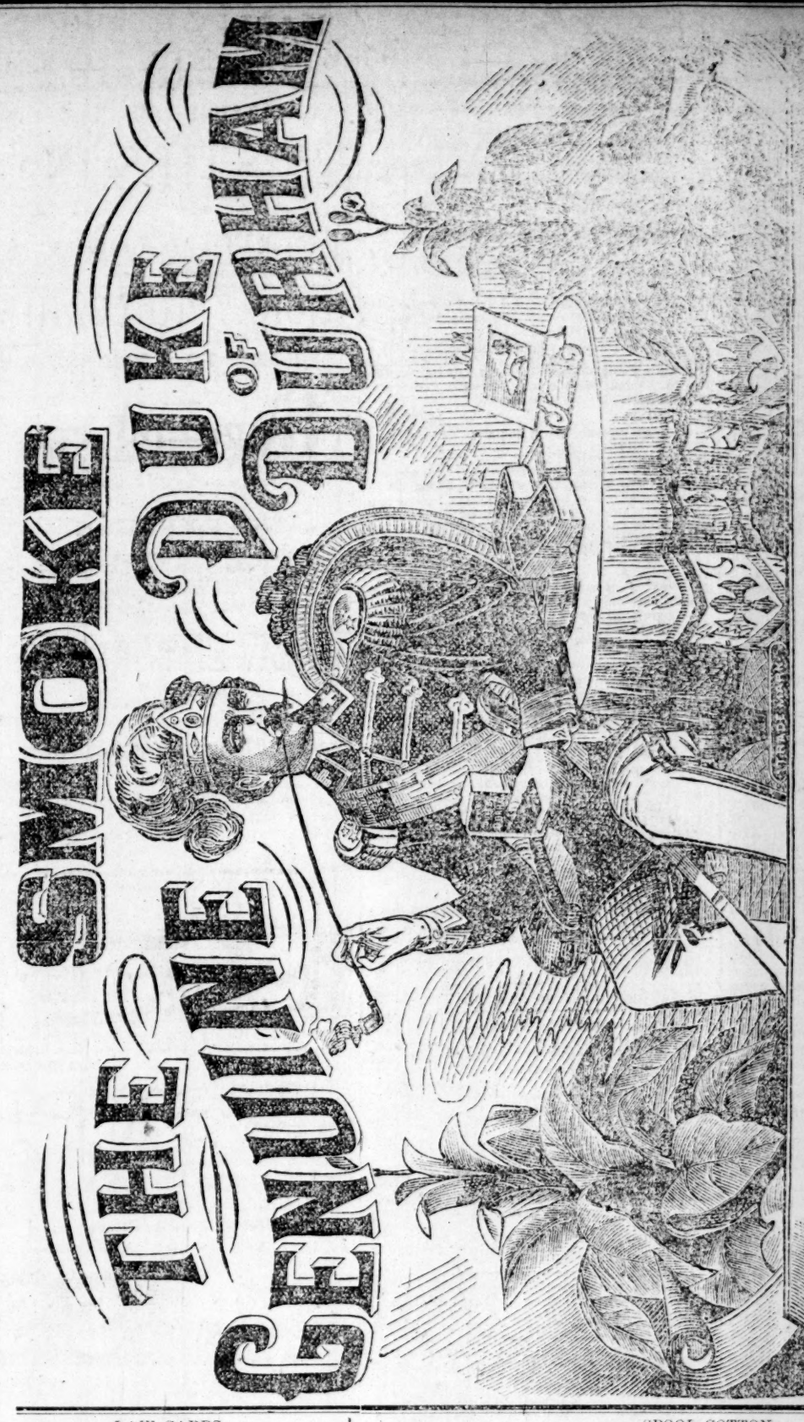


CIGARETTES
GUARANTEED UNADULTERATED.
SEE THAT THE PICTURE OF THE DUKE IS ON EVERY PACKAGE.

LAW CARDS.

S. A. REID, Attorney at Law, Eatonton, Georgia. Will also give attention to collections at Milledgeville. oct26 d6m

SAMUEL W. GOODE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office, 44 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. Corporation and Real Estate Law Specialties. 1121oct23 3m

John Milledge. Wm. A. Haygood. MILLEDGE & HAYGOOD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office, corner Alabama and Loyd streets, opposite Georgia Depot. Mr. Milledge being no longer Judge of the Police Court will give his entire time and attention to the practice. july6—dtf

BUCKNER K. COLLIER, ATTORNEY. Offices: Opelika, LaFayette, Ala. Commercial Law. nov5'd6m

JOHN. D. POPE, (Formerly Judge Atlanta Circuit.) ATTORNEY AT LAW. 100 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo. sep16—d6m.

WALTER R. BROWN, ATTORNEY, 9 Whitehall St. ATLANTA. Reference: American Exchange National Bank, New York. 867 sep25—d6m

Hugh H. Starnes. Val. W Starnes. STARNES & STARNES, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, 805 Broad street, Augusta, Ga. 614 feb27—d1y.

HOWELL C. ERWIN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, 48 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga. Will practice in all the courts. Special attention given to collections. sept8—d3mo

A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright. WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT, & WRIGHT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Rome, Georgia. Collections a Specialty. feb25—dtf.

CLAUD ESTES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gainesville, Georgia. nov22—tf

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. JOHN S THOMPSON, DENTIST, No. 37½ Whitehall street, 195 nov5—d3mos Atlanta, Ga.

DR. H. F. SCOTT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Has removed to DeGive's Opera House. Office hours: 9 to 12 a.m; 2 to 5 p.m. 607 aug21—d3m

JNO. G. EARNEST, M. D. Office, No. 8 Broad street (up-stairs,) Residence, 296 Whitehall St., Office Hours, {8 to 9 a. m. {1½ to 3. p. m. ATLANTA, GA. 364 sep11—d3m

DR. CH. R. UPSON, Offices: 66 and 68 Whitehall Street. The medical and surgical diseases of NOSE, EAR, THROAT AND LUNGS. 328 mar 13—d1y

DR A. G. HOBBS, EYE, EAR AND THROAT, Atlanta, Ga., 14½ Whitehall street, Office hours 9 to 2. sep20—d3m

DR. D. O. C. HEERY. Office at Messrs. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar's. Private office, No. 131 Marietta street, two blocks above the post-office. Diseases of the rectum, genito, urinary organs and syphilis a specialty. july29—d6m

DRS. BROKETT & HARRIS, DENTAL SURGEONS. Office: Corner Alabama and Pryor streets nov29—d1y

DRS. J. P & W. B. HOLMES, DENTISTS, Macon, Georgia. Publishers of Dental Luminary. Proprietors of the Macon dental depot. Dealers in all kinds of dental goods. jan11—dtf

ARCHITECTURE.

NORMAN & WEED, ARCHITECTS, And Patentees of Fire-Proof Framing. Office 48 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. apr14—1y

PARKINS & BRUCE, ARCHITECTS, Atlanta Georgia. Plans, specifications and Detail Drawings furnished for buildings of any description. After sixteen years experience will refer to our work throughout the south.

GUST. E. LEO, ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga., corner Alabama and Pryor Sts. Plans, specifications and detail drawings for buildings of every description, complete and satisfaction guaranteed, at short notice and reasonable rates. Correspondence promptly attended to. sep22—d6m

JOHN MOSER, F. A. I. A., ARCHITECT. 66 Whitehalll Street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

SPOOL COTTON.

THE GREAT ATTRACTION AT THE EXPOSITION IS

UNIFORM —IN— STRENGTH. STRONG —AND— SMOOTH.

CLARK'S TRADE O.N.T MARK SPOOL COTTON.

WOUND ON WHITE SPOOLS.

The manufacturers of this Spool Cotton have now opened in full blast.

They have now put in motion their New Automatic Spooling Machinery, is one which of the greatest mechanical marvels ever produced.

This machine can be seen from 10 a. m. till 4 p. m. EVERY DAY.

One of these machines will spool or wind over six thousand spools of cotton every day.

It spools or winds EIGHT spools of cotton at a time.

It lifts up the 8 empty spools, fastens the thread on each spool and measures out the 200 yards on all the 8 spools at the same time.

When it has wound and measured the 200 yards, it then cuts the thread on each of the 8 spools.

It next makes a little incision or slit in the edge of each spool, fastens the thread into the slit, and finally drops the spools, ready for the market, and begins anew with 8 more empty spools.

The incredulous are sometimes inclined to think that there is something supernatural about this machine, it is so wonderfully perfect and complete in every movement, and yet so simple that one young lady is all that is required to attend to this machine.

The manufacturers of O. N. T. Spool Cotton will, for the present, defer putting up their new Automatic Ticketing Machinery, owing to the extraordinary enthusiasm created by the young lady who has hitherto stamped the tickets on the ends of the spools.

This young lady can stamp 40,000 spools of cotton every day, and so great is the desire to see her at this truly magical work, that hundreds come every day and refuse to leave till they have seen her.

They will also introduce BOX MAKING and several other interesting processes in connection with the manufacture of spool cotton.

They have on exhibition the handsomest case of Spool Cotton ever seen in Georgia, standing 20 feet high, and got up at a cost of nearly two thousand dollars.

They also exhibit several beautiful cases of Colored Spool Cottons, which for delicacy of tint and brilliancy of color have never been equaled by any other thread manufacturers.

The manufacturers of O. N. T. also exhibit their 100 Mile Monster Spools. The feat of winding thread on such enormous spools has never been successfully accomplished by any other thread makers

They have also on exhibit 10,000 Japanese Work Boxes, each box containing 8 spools of O. N. T. Cotton, which they will offer to the public at the low price of 50 cents each.

The manufacturers of CLARK'S O. N. T. SPOOL COTTON are preparing to distribute, FREE OF CHARGE, 100,000 sample boxes of this celebrated thread, which will be prepared in the building.

The manufacturers of O. N. T. are in the proud position of being the largest manufacturers of spool cotton in the world, giving employment to upwards of 6,000 operatives.

The enormous increase in the demand for this celebrated thread has compelled the manufacturers to build an addition to their present works in Newark, N. J., and next year, when completed, will give employment to 1,200 more operatives.

There are several brands of CLARK'S THREADS, and there is a very general impression amongst consumers in the south that O. N. T. is wound on black spools. In justice to themselves the manufacturers of O. N. T. beg to correct this very general mistake, and would state that the O. N. T. is wound on WHITE SPOOLS, and the bottom label of every spool is branded O. N. T. NONE OTHER IS GENUINE.

At this time the manufacturers of CLARK'S O. N. T. SPOOL COTTON are making a special effort to introduce this thread more universally in the south, and would esteem it a great favor if every lady would give it a fair trial and judge of its merits.

It is the popular thread in all other parts of this great country, and it only requires to be better known to become the popular sewing thread of the south.

A full assortment of this Cel Thread can now be had at retail at

JOHN KEELY,	CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO,
DAVID H DOUGHERTY,	W H BROTHERTON,
W S GRAMLING,	HOOK & SMITH,

and others, and at Wholesale by all the leading Dry Goods and Notion Houses in Atlanta.

199 noc6t—d2t sun wed

COTTON GINS.

I HAVE ON HAND AND ON WAY, FRESH FROM THE Factory, an immense stock of COTTON GINS, ENGINES, etc., of various first-cla makes.

I Sell Gins at $2.25 per Saw

Superior to others selling at $3.00 to $3.50 per saw.

I can save you money on Engines, Cotton Gins, Feeders, Condensers, Presses, Saw Mills, Shingle Machines Saws, etc.

Give me a trial is all I ask to convince you. All my Machines are fresh—no old stock.

S. F. PERKINS,
32 and 34 W. MITCHELL STREET.

sun wed fri &wky 1y.

LOCAL TIN-TYPES

FROM OUR REPORTERS' POCKET CAMERAS.

Yesterday in the City--What was Done and Said by Home-Folks and Strangers--The Gossip of the Town as Taken on the Fly--In and About the Courts and Departments.

ROBBING a ROOM.—Stephen Daniels's room in the Calhoun house was entered by a sneak thief Monday night and his pants pockets were robbed of twelve dollars and fifty cents.

CRIMINAL TRIALS SUSPENDED.—Yesterday evening Solicitor-General Hill announced that he would then suspend the trial of criminal cases for the present. The docket will be resumed later in the term when the bond cases will be in order.

RELEASED.—The three white men charged with being hotel thieves, were yesterday taken before Judge Tanner for trial, but before the cases were called the prosecution withdrew the charge and the accused parties were released.

RAIDING a RESIDENCE.—No. 146 McDonough street was entered yesterday morning while the family was out and robbed of a few articles. Among other things the thief got away with a black frock coat, a single breasted blue vest and a white stiff hat.

SENTENCED TO TERMS.—Yesterday in the superior court, Steve Wilmuth, convicted of mule stealing, was sentenced to four years in the penetentiary.

Phil Shell, a colored boy of a dozen years of age, was sentenced to five years for the offense of burglary.

HUNTING A STOLEN HORSE.—Yesterday a gentleman who resides on a plantation six miles from Atlanta appeared at police headquarters and reported the theft of his horse, which occurred Monday night. The owner of the horse flesh succeeded in tracing his property to Atlanta where the police assumed the hunt.

JIM STEWART.—This well known and much discussed colored crook was taken before Judge Tanner yesterday for a preliminary hearing. Captain Couch, the arresting officer, succeeded in establishing the fact that the clothing taken from Stewart when arrested was the property of James Williams, from whom it was stolen. Stewart was committed to jail.

RAILROAD OFFICIALS.—The following general passenger agents are in the city: C. P. Atmore, Louisville and Nashville; A. Pope, Richmond and Danville; C. J. Waller, Mobile and Ohio; F. Chandler, Missouri Pacific; J. A. Smith, Rome; D. C. Roberts, Memphis and Little Rock; C. A. Taylor, Richmond and Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad; D. C. Allen, South Carolina; J. W. Coleman, Great Jackson Route; G. A. Whitehead, Central railroad; W. L. Danley, Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis. Others will be in today.

STEALING a HAND TRUNK.—Among the passengers aboard the State road train which reached the city yesterday at noon was a gentleman who gave his name as T. M. Houser, and his home as Indianapolis, Indiana. Soon after leaving the train he went to police headquarters and stated that his valise, containing a full suit of clothes, a half dozen shirts, some letters and papers had been stolen from him between Marietta and Atlanta. The police have an accurate description of the property, and are on the lookout.

"WIDOW BEDOTT."—The rain last night did not prevent a very large audience from attending the opera house to see C. B. Bishop as "Widow Bedott." The play has no special excellence and it depends more upon Bishop's humor as a commedian than on its own merits.

He managed to keep the audience laughing at intervals during the performance. The audience seemed to like the play fully as much as it deserved to be liked. Of the support it may be said, in the language of cotton men, that it is "good ordinary."

THE FIFTH ARTILLERY.—The six batteries of the Fifth artillery yet remaining, will leave to-morrow or next day for New York. Half the light battery is still here and will be taken on under command of that model officer Captain Brewerton. It has not yet been determined by which route the regiment will go, but that question will be decided today. McPherson barracks already looks deserted. Soon it will be a scene of desolation in place of the scene of gayety and pleasure it has been for fourteen years.

The regiment is already and only awaits a drum tap to march to the train and leave, we trust with regret, the place where it has lived for over two years and a half.

THANKS.—Editors Constitution: Please allow me a small space in your valuable paper to express the heartfelt thanks of the members of Bethel A. M. E. church to Colonel W. E. Barrows, of the Willimantic company, for the sum of $75 that he donated to pay on stone steps of Bethel church. He did not pay the debt of the church as was stated in your paper the other day, though we feel that he and his company was really liberal toward us. God grant that Colonel Barrows and the Willimantic company may enjoy the blessings promised in Isaiah's prophecy, 58 chapter, 10, 11. I will again express my thanks from the inmost soul. W. J. GAINES, Pastor.

THE HESS ACME OPERA TROUPE.—Admirable in organization, and containing many talented performers, will begin an engagement at DeGive's opera house Friday night in Audran's sparkling opera of "Olivette." The caste comprises several well known and favorite artists. This opera has never been played here in full. Some of the gems of its score have been played by bands and whistled in the streets, and a partial rendition of parts of it have been given at the opera house, never given entire. Stars efficiently supported by a strong chorus will doubtless entertain a large and fashionable audience Friday night by their splendid rendition of solos, duets and choruses.

MY SWEETHEART.—This bright and comic musical idyl, abounding in music, melody and mischief, illustrating the difference between the love of a pure maiden and the fascination of a worldly woman, with its moral pure and wholesome, and which has been so successfully rendered everywhere in the north and east, will be given at DeGive's opera house to-night. The principal characters are portrayed by Miss Minnie Palmer, a beautiful lady, and a promising rival of an Atlanta favorite, Lotta, and Mr. R. E. Graham, who stands in the front rank among the rising comedians of to-day. The comedy is indorsed as being one of the most charming before the public. Miss Palmer, and Mr. Graham are supported by a specially selected company.

PERSONAL.—Mr. William D. Howland, of the Daily Evening Standard editorial staff, of New Bedford, Conn., is in the city to write up the exposition. He is accompanied by his wife and Miss Grunell.

—Major Wm. N. Wallace, of the Charleston mining and phosphate works, visited the exposition yesterday.

—Captain E. B. Williams, of Charleston, is in the city.

—Miss Kate Barrickle, of Baltimore, who has been visiting Mrs. Butler, on Marietta street, left yesterday for her home.

—Ensign Tom Brumby, of the United States navy, is visiting his parents in Atlanta. Tom is a model officer and a clever gentlemen. He is now on "The Tennessee," the flag ship of the Atlantic squadron.

LIBRARY DOTS.—Eighty-five new books have been received and were placed on the shelves yesterday.

—The following friends of the library have donated one hundred and eighty-five volumes: Roswell M. White, of Cincinnati, twelve volumes; Waldorf R. Phillips, of New York, two volumes; an unknown party, of New York, one hundred and twenty-five volumes; Mrs. M. J. Porter, of Atlanta, two volumes; the secretary of the interior, Washington, D. C., forty-four volumes.

—Mrs. A. M. Wynn, of Atlanta, has donated several pots of choice flowers.

—The Delta club, a society composed of young boys, meets in the library hall.

—Mr. William Kidd, whose will entitles the library to $1,000, was a life member of the association.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, Nov. 8.—List of circuits showing the cases remaining undisposed of: Cherokee circuit, 21; Augusta circuit, 17; Middle circuit 3; Oemulgee circuit, 8; Brunswick circuit, 5; Eastern circuit, 17; Northerncircuit, 11; Atlanta circuit, 46.

ROME CIRCUIT.

No. 8. Cleghorn vs. James. Application for guardianship, from Floyd. Alexander & Wright; J. Branham, for plaintiff in error. C. Rowell, for defendant.

Pending the argument of Mr. Alexander court adjourned until 9:30 a.m. to-morrow.

DECISIONS RENDERED NOVEMBER 8, 1881.

No. 26. Macon. City of Macon vs. Jones. Injunction, from Bibb. Affirmed.

No. 13. Flint. Ware vs. Fambro. Certiorari, from Pike. Affirmed.

No. 10. Rome. Hill vs. Printup. Equity, from Floyd. Reversed.

No. 00. Rome. Booten et al. vs. Bank of Empire State. Complaint, from Floyd. Reversed.

No. 1. Rome. Huntington vs. Bonds. Trover, from Polk. Affirmed.

No. 16. Flint. O'Neal et al. vs. Brown et al. Equity, from Monroe. Reversed.

No. 5. Coweta. Polk et al., commissioners, vs. James, ordinary, et al. Affirmed.

No. 12. Flint. Cauthern vs. Barnesville Savings Bank. Illegality, from Pike. Affirmed, with damages.

No. 2. Rome. Ware vs. State. Assault with intent to rape. Affirmed.

No. 7. Rome. Georgia Southern Railroad Company vs. Bigelow. Case, from Floyd. Affirmed.

Read's Grand Duchess cologne for sale by Pemberton, Iverson & Co., 40 and 42 Wall street. nov9 d3t wed sat&sun

—Read's Grand Duchess cologne sold at Lamar, Rankin & Lamar's corner Marietta and Pryor streets. nov9 d3t wed sat&sun

—Read's Grand Duchess cologne sold by Daniel & Marsh, under Kimball House. nov9 d3t wed sat&sun

—Abraham Lincoln had a mask taken of his face, a fact which is little known, and an engraving from it will appear in the December Century.

A Valuable Experience.

Few men are better known throughout the Methodist denomination than D. W. Bartine, D.D., M.D. Speaking of a most critical incident in his life, he said: "Some time since I found myself suffering from what is known as albuminuria. By the use of a reliable test I found albumen in the urine, and in some slight degree in a few instances in a coagulated state. I suffered from dropsy, particularly about the ankles, slight pains about the kidneys, a derangement of digestion, great dryness of the skin, at times much thirst, and of course, a gradual failing of strength. This was about the state of things when I commenced using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. I took about six tablespoonfuls every day for a week, when I found all my symptoms decidedly improved, and at the end of two weeks it was difficult to detect any trace of albumen. Having imprudently taken cold, I had a very slight relapse some two weeks ago, when I began again using the medicine, and am now as well as ever." The doctor's symptoms are as common as headache, and yet, unless taken in time, they may lead to the worst results, which the remedy above named will certainly prevent.

oct30d2w sun wed fri&w2w

—The gunning season has opened, and as the custom of pulling guns over the fences is still in practice, nearly every doctor will soon be rich enough to buy his wife a sealskin sacque.

Rheumatism, neuralgia, hysteria, female weakness, etc., promptly cured with Brown's Iron Bitters. nov3 d&w1w

—The country is certainly growing better. Not a single newspaper, to our knowledge, has said, "The melancholy days have come."—Lockpart Union.

The ladies who sometimes since were unable to go out, having taken Lydia E. Pinkam's Vegetable Compound, are quite recovered, and have gone on their way rejoicing.

nov 6—d & w1w—sun wed fri.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SIMPLEST

LATEST IMPROVED AND MOST POPULAR OF ALL SEWING MACHINES, IS THE

LIGHT-RUNNING NEW HOME.

200 000 SOLD YEARLY.

Parties visiting this city during the Great EXPOSITION are cordially invited to call at our office and inspect

THE NEW HOME.

Comparison with other machines snlicited.

JOHNSON, CLARK & Co.,

25 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

H. C. PEEPLES, Manager.

oct25—d3m

DIAMOND SPECTACLES

TRADE MARK

These Spectacles are manufactured from "MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES" melted together and are called DIAMOND on account of their hardness and brilliancy.

Having been tested with the polariscope, the diamond lenses have been found to admit fifteen per cent less heated rays than any other pebble.

They are ground with great scientific accuracy, are free from chromatic aberrations, and produce a brightness and distinctness of vision not before attained in spectacles.

Manufactured by the Spencer Optical Manufacturing company, New York. For sale by responsible agents in every city of the union. J. P. Stevens & Co., jewelers and opticians, are sole agents for Atlanta, Georgia, from whom they can only be obtained. No peddlers employed.

Do not buy a pair unless you see the trade mark Celluloid Eye Glasses a specialty.

feb19 d1y sat wed&w1y eow

JEWELRY.

STILSON, JEWELER,

RELIABLE GOODS AND BOTTOM PRICES,

53 WHITEHALL STREET.

1459 oct20—d6m top 7thp nx tin tp

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

Rheumatism Neuralgia

Sprains, Pain in the Back and Side.

There is nothing more painful than these diseases; but the pain can be removed and the disease cured by use of **PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.**

This remedy is **not** a cheap Benzine or Petroleum product that must be kept away from fire or heat **to avoid danger of explosion,** nor is it an untried experiment that may do more harm than good.

PAIN KILLER has been in constant use for forty years, and the universal testimony from all parts of the world is, **IT NEVER FAILS.** It not only effects a permanent cure, but it relieves pain almost instantaneously. Being a purely vegetable remedy, it is safe in the hands of the most inexperienced.

The record of cures by the use of **PAIN KILLER** would fill volumes. The following extracts from letters received show what those who have tried it think;

Edgar Cady, Owatonna, Minn., says: About a year since my wife became subject to severe suffering from rheumatism. Our resort was to the PAIN KILLER, which speedily relieved her.

Charles Powell writes from the Sailors' Home, London: I had been afflicted three years with neuralgia and violent spasms of the stomach. The doctors at Westminster Hospital gave up my case in despair. I tried your PAIN KILLER, and it gave me immediate relief. I have regained my strength, and am now able to follow my usual occupation.

G. H. Walworth, Saco, Me., writes: I experienced immediate relief from pain in the side by the use of your PAIN KILLER.

E. York says: I have used your PAIN KILLER for rheumatism, and have received great benefit.

Barton Seaman says: Have used PAIN KILLER for thirty years, and have found it a *never-failing* remedy for rheumatism and lameness.

Mr. Burditt writes: It *never fails* to give relief in cases of rheumatism.

Phil. Gilbert, Somerset, Pa., writes: From actual use, I know your PAIN KILLER is the best medicine I can get.

All druggists keep PAIN KILLER. Its price is so low that it is within the reach of all, and it will save many times its cost in doctors' bills. **25c., 50c., and $1.00** a bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

july5—d&w1y november december january whole next read mat

S. S. S.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK. TRADE S.S.S. MARK.

THIS GREAT SPECIFIC

Cures that Most Loathsome Disease,

-SYPHILIS-

Whether in its Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Stage. Removes all Traces of Mercury from the System. Cures Scrofula, Old Sores, Rheumatism, Eczema, Catarrh, or any Blood Disease.

HEAR THE WITNESSES.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK.

CURES WHEN HOT SPRINGS FAIL.

MALVERN, Ark., May 2, 1881. We have cases in our town who lived at Hot Springs and were finally cured with S. S. S. McCAMMON & MURRY.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 12, 1881. We have sold 1,296 bottles of S. S. S. in a year. It has given universal satisfaction. Fair minded physicians now recommend it as a positive specific. S. MANSFIELD & CO.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 13, 1881. S. S. S. has given better satisfaction than any medicine I have ever sold. J. A. FLEXNER.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., July, 1880. We are now on our third gross of the S. S. S. Its success has been perfect. JONES & CARY, Druggists.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 11, 1881. S. S. S. is one of the best selling medicines we keep. Has given entire satisfaction to those who use it. T. C. SMITH, Druggist.

ECZEMA.

I have taken with great benefit S. S. S. for a clear case of Eczema. The eruption has entirely disappeared. W. J. ROBINSON, Member North Ga., Conference, Atlanta, Ga.

CATARRH.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 27, 1881. S. S. S. has cured me of a troublesome Catarrh, which has baffled the treatment of all the best physicians North and South. S. L. McBRIDE, of McBride & Co.

GREENSBORO, Ind., May 17, 1881. You can recommend S. S. S. for Catarrh. It is a sure cure. It relieved my case entirely. C. C. BURNS.

RHEUMATISM.

$10,000 would not purchase from me what your remedy has effected in my cure. I had malarial Rheumatism. ARCHIE THOMAS, Springfield, Tenn.

RICHMOND, VA., May 11, 1881. You can refer anybody to us in regard to the merits of S. S. S. POLK, MILLER & CO.

DENVER, COL., May 2, 1881. Every purchaser speaks in the highest terms of S. S. S. L. MEISSETER.

ST. LOUIS, May 11, 1881. Sales of S. S. S. have been steadily increasing. It is evidently an article of merit. RICHARDSON & CO.

NASHVILLE, TENN., May 11, 1881. We have heard the highest expressions of appreciation of S. S. S. from some cases under our observation. WM. LETTERN & CO.

DALLAS, TEXAS, May 14, 1881. I have seen S. S. S. used in the primary, secondary, and tertiary stages, and each with the most wonderful effect. I have seen it stop the hair from falling out in a very short time. I advise all sufferers to take it and be cured. W. H. PATTERSON, Druggist.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 12, 1881. S. S. S. has given better satisfaction than any medicine we have ever sold. SCHELLER & STEVENS, Druggists.

PERRY, GA., Oct., 1880. We have known Swift's S. Specific used in a great number of cases, many of them old and obstinate, and have never known or heard of a failure to make a permanent cure, when taken properly. H. L. DENANRD, ELI WARREN, W. D. NOTTINGHAM, WM. BRUNSON, MOORE & TUTTLE, T. M. BUTNER, Sheriff.

I am acquainted with the gentlemen whose signatures appear to the foregoing. They are men of high character and standing. A. H. COLQUITT, Governor of Georgia.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK. TRADE S.S.S. MARK.

IS NO HUBUG.

If you doubt, come, and we cure you, or charge you nothing.

Write for particulars, and copy of little book, "Message to the Unfortunate." Ask any leading Drug House in the United States as to our character.

$1,000 REWARD

Will be paid to any chemist who will find, on analysis of one hundred bottles of S. S. S. one particle of mercury, iodide potassium, or any mineral substance. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., PROPRIETORS, ATLANTA, GA.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Price of regular or large size reduced to $1.75 per bottle; small size, holding half the quantity, price $1.00. 815 aug4 d1y

BUSINESS SUITS,

DRESS SUITS,

OVERCOATS.

OUT STOCK IS LARGE.

OUR GOODS SELECT.

OUR PRICES LOW.

ANDREWS, HITCH & CO.,

CLOTHIERS AND GENTS' FURNISHERS,

16 WHITEHALL STREET.

sep30 d3m—5th or 7th p

LEAD, OILS AND COLORS.

JOHN T. LEWIS & BROS.,

231 South Front St..

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE WHITE LEAD,

RED LED, LITHARGE,

ORANGE MINERAL, LINSEED OIL & PAINTERS' COLORS.

492 oct9—d3m

CARPETS.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

We have now in stock, and arriving daily, the most complete line of carpets, oil cloths, mattings, lace curtains, shades, cornice mouldings and wall papers ever brought to this city.

Among them will be found the latest designs in Wilton's, moquets, body brussels, tapestry and ingrains, which, for beauty and style, cannot be surpassed by any house in the south.

Our stock of wall papers and ceiling decorations is the most complete and extensive ever brought to this market.

In our upholstering department we employ none but the most skilled workmen, and guarantee work equal in finish to any turned out in New York city.

We are determined not to be undersold and invite an inspection of our stock, feeling confident we can make it to your interest to purchase from us.

CARTER & SOLOMON,

50 WHITEHALL STREET

382 sep11—d3m 7thp top 5th&6th col

HOTELS.

BROWN'S

NATIONAL HOTEL

RATES $2.00 PER DAY.

(Nearly Opposite Passenger Depot.)

E. E. BROWN & SON, PROPRIETORS,

MACON, GEORGIA.

oct6 dtf

EXPOSITION HOTEL,

ATLANTA, GA.

WILL BE OPEN THE LATTER PART OF SEPTEMBER.

CAPACITY 1,000 GUESTS,

ELECTRIC BELLS, ELECTRIC LIGHTS,

AND ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS,

TERMS, $3.00 PER DAY,

PHIL. F. BROWN,

LATE OF THE MARKHAM, AND PROPRIETOR OF BLUE RIDGE SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.

598 aug21 d3m front on sun

THE EXCELSIOR STOVE HOUSE

HEADQUARTERS FOR

STOVES, RANGES,

HOT AIR FURNACES,

HARD COAL, SELF-FEEDING PARLOR STOVES,

MARBLEIZED IRON AND SLATE MANTELS.

PLAIN AND ENAMELED GRATES A SPECIALTY.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

PLAIN AND STAMPED TIN WARE, GAS FITTINGS,

CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, GLOBES,

PLUMBERS AND STEAM FITTERS SUPPLIES, BATH TUBS,

WATER CLOSETS, MARBLE SLABS, STEAM WHISTLES, JET PUMPS, RUBBER HOSE, ETC.

We have the largest stock and greatest variety of goods, in our line, that has ever been offered in this city, and all bought before the recent advance. We are better prepared to serve our friends and the public generally than ever. Our stock is large and at reasonable prices, and must be sold. So save time and money by sending your orders or come and make your purchases of

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,

36 AND 38 PEACHTREE STREET.

AGENTS FOR KNOWLES'S STEAM PUMPS.

Manufacturers of Concrete Sewer and Drain Pipe. Galvanized Iron and Tin work a specialty. 77 oct2 d3m sun tues wed

A. B. FARQUHAR. A. JESSOP. ROBERT H. SMITH

A. B. FARQUHAR & CO.,

SOUTHERN DEPOT, PENNSYLVANIA IRON WORKS,

MACON - - - GEORGIA.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW AND GRIST MILLS,

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL AND NAILS.

GENERAL AGENCY FOR THE

BROWN COTTON GIN

AND PROPRIETORS OF

CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS.

Special attention to all kinds of Repair Work. Send for Catalogue and Prices.

an2—d1y

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

RESIDENCES IN ATLANTA, ANY SIZE AND LOCATION. FARMS NEAR ATLANTA AND IN ANY PORTION OF GEORGIA. MILLS NEAR ATLANTA. VACANT LAND IN AND NEAR ATLANTA.

FRIERSON & LEAK,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, 33 MARIETTA STREET.

oct21—dtf

Fine Cutlery, Silver plate ware, China, Lamps, Mirrors, Show Cases, Seth Thomas Clocks, Gate City Water Filters, China Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, Vases, Statuary, Parisian Parlor and Dining Room Lamps, Hotel and Saloon Fixtures, largest stock and lowest Prices in the South at McBride's China Palace, opposite Kimball House.
jan 16d1yabove we re top col

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 6 7-16d; in New York, ——c; in Atlanta, 10¾.

The Weather.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to-day, partly cloudy weather, and areas of rain, southerly to westerly winds, slight changes in temperature and barometer, followed on Wednesday night by lower temperature.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., KIMBALL HOUSE, November 8, 10:31, P. M.

[All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.]

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.25	71	67	S. E.	Fresh	.07	Cloudy.
Augusta	30.26	72	...	E.	Light	.00	Fair.
Palestine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Galveston	30.02	66	64	N.	Brisk	.01	Cloudy.
Indianola	30.03	62	57	N.	Fresh	.01	Cloudy
Key West	30.09	78	...	E.	Fresh	.00	Fair.
Mobile	30.14	71	...	S. E.	Light	.00	Clear
Montgomery	30.16	71	69	S. E.	Fresh	.07	Clear.
New Orleans	30.08	72	69	S. E.	Light	.00	Fair.
Pensacola	30.15	74	73	S. E.	Fresh	.05	Clear.
Savannah	30.24	73	...	S. E.	Light	.00	Clear

NOTE—FORCE OF WIND: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour, inclusive; Gentle, 2 to 5, inclusive; Fresh, 9 to 14 inclusive; Brisk, 15 to 29, inclusive; High, 30 to 39, inclusive.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., November 8, 1881.

TIME.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
6:31 a. m.	30.24	66	65	S. E.	Fresh	.01	Foggy
10:31 "	30.27	68	66	S. E.	Fresh	.00	Foggy
2:00 p. m.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2:31 "	30.20	71	66	S. E.	Fresh	.03	Cloudy
9:00 "	30.25	71	68	.....	Calm	.00	Cloudy
10:31 "	30.25	70	67	S. E.	Fresh	.07	Cloudy

Mean daily bar..... 30.234 | Maximum ther..... 71.5
Mean daily ther..... 69.2 | Minimum ther..... 63.2
Mean daily humid 89.3 | Total rainfall..... .14

H. HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Rogers & Sons, and John Russell's Cutlery and Plated-ware; Haviland & Co.'s China, from France; Cut-Glass from Germany, Belgium and France; Earthenware, English and Domestic, in endless varieties and decorations, imported by myself direct from the manufacturers. I challenge competition in prices, style and quality.
HENRY SELTZER.
nov24—d1y 1st pre loc

Hymes's Famous N. Y. Clothing House, 7 Whitehall street The place where you can get the best clothing and furnishing goods for the least money.
sep16—d3m 1st col 8thp

NEW GOODS.
A. F. PICKERT.
No. 5 Whitehall Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
Has just received a large stock of all the new designs in the Meriden Britannia Company Electro Silver Plated Ware. Parties wishing Bridal Presents will do well to call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. A full stock of 1847 Rogers Bro.'s A1 Spoons, Forks and Knives always on hand. Special attention given to Watch and Jewelry Work. dec5—dtf 4th y 1st col

Waterbury's Watches.
Waterbury's Watches,
Waterbury's Watches.
Do not fail to secure a good time piece for the trifling sum of $3.50 in Nickel and $5.00 in Celluloid. Special rates given in dozen lots during the Exposition.
For sale at the Company's Exhibit in Art Gallery and at A. F. PICKERT'S,
dec12—dtf 8th p 5 Whitehall St.

MEETINGS.

[Notices of meetings, not exceeding ten lines, will be inserted under this head for one dollar.]

Attention, I. O. O. F.

Officers and members of Empire Encampment, No. 12, and Central Lodge, No. 28, are hereby ordered to meet at their lodge room, this Wednesday, 9 o'clock a. m., sharp, to attend the funeral of our deceased Patriarch and Brother, Ed. Wilson.

Sister Lodges and visiting brethren fraternally invited to attend. W. S. GRAMLING, C. P.
WM. KINYON, Act'g N. G.
A. L. KONTZ, Scribe.
J. P. KINYON, R. S. nov9—d1t

Personal.

—C. D. Wingfield, of Richmond, Va., is at the Kimball.

—Josiah Sibley and wife and Miss Josephine Sibley, of Augusta, are among the arrivals at the Kimball yesterday.

—Mr. Daniel G. Mark, general southern traveling agent for the Detroit Free Press, is at the Markham. Mr. Mark will give Atlanta and the exposition a big letter.

J. M. Pace and Robert R. Wood, of Covington, are at the Kimball.

—C. P. Atmore, passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, is at the Markham.

—We notice that the Kimball has a larger number of visitors from Georgia than at any time during the exposition, and of the very best people.

—A. W. Morris, representing Charlotte Thompson, is in the city. She will personate "The Planter's Wife" in this city on the 23d inst.

—J. C. Pickett, P. P. Parker, Dan Perrin, Robert Perrin and J. J. Perrin, of Maysville, Ky., came in last night and stopped at the Markham. They will visit the exposition to-day.

—D. C. Roberts and S. G. Fletcher, two of Little Rock's citizens, are at the Markham.

—The Hon. Milton Barnes, ex-secretary of state, Ohio, is in the city, stopping at the residence of Mr. J. D. Stocker. Also, Mr. D. K. Norris and Miss Lillian Caldwell, of Pendleton, S. C.

—Mr. Braddyll, a prominent cotton merchant of Liverpool, England, is expected to reach the city within a few days. He comes to visit the exposition.

—Colonel R. J. Sledge, of Texas, has come to the exposition. He has ventured out of his adopted state after a residence there of twenty years. Only the great show could tempt him.

—Colonel M. J. O'Brien, general superintendent of the Southern express company, is registered at the Kimball. Colonel O'Brien is always a welcome visitor to Atlanta.

—Our genial friend, Mr. T. P. Grasty, of the Courier-Journal, in charge of its interests at the exposition, has received from Governor Blackburn a commission as colonel upon the staff of his excellency of Kentucky. The compliment is a rare one and well deserved by the capital gentleman upon whom it has been bestowed. We salute you, colonel.

Notice to Voters.

In order to accommodate the workingmen the books for the Registration of Voters will be kept in the Clerk's office, at the City Hall, until 9 o'clock every Tuesday and Wednesday night, from this instant.
J. H. GOLDSMITH,
nov9 wed fri sun City Clerk.

A New Enterprise.

We received a call yesterday from Hon. Milton Barnes, formerly secretary of state of Ohio, who comes to our city for the purpose of introducing to the south the National life association of Columbus, Ohio, which is a purely mutual company, with many new and interesting features. We call attention to the card of the National life association in another column.

The officers of this association are gentlemen of the highest responsibility, as the following will show:

"COLUMBUS, O., February 22, 1881.—I am personally acquainted with Milton Barnes, John F. Follett, M. A. Dougherty, John W. O'Key and John G. Reinhard, and know them to be men of integrity and high standing. Messrs. S. H. Scofield, D. E. Stevens, Wm. Edwards and Clark Auchard, I know by reputation, and their reputation is like that of the gentlemen first named. I believe that all are men who will faithfully discharge any duty imposed upon them.

"Respectfully, "GEO. R. NASH,
"Attorney General Ohio."

"I take great pleasure in saying that the foregoing statement made by Hon. George R. Nash, attorney general of the state of Ohio, is entitled to the fullest confidence. "JOSEPH F. WRIGHT,
"Superintendent of education."

Letter List.

List of letters remaining in the post-office at Atlanta, county of Fulton, State of Georgia, November 8, 1881. Persons calling for any of said letters will please say advertised, and name the date.

A—Mollie Armstead, Lucinda Allen, A J Alexander, Rudolph Arrants, R M Anderson, O A Andrews, O T Adams, Lizzie Atkinson, Dorcy Allen A R Alexander, Mr Alford.

B—Miss Sarah Berry, R D Bremen, Marice Bowen, A E Bassele, Miss Hattie Bowman, W G Beeley, W D Butchnell, Tye B Burkett, V L Benson, L E Bond, J H Bond, A Barkens, Joe Bailey, Jesse Bowden, James Bryant, G H Brooks, G W Barkley, Herbert Bedford, Henry Brooks, F P Barnes, E T Brown, Bussey, Humber and Woolridege, B F Beach, O H Bruce.

C—Mary A Calloway, Mose Coole, M L Casey, Jno T Cawhorn, B F Craig, Andrew Coe, Betsey Clarke, J A Clarke, W B Cline 2, W A Calahan, W W Culbreth, W J Collins, Stephen Cuse, J C Cox, John Canon, J M W Craig, G W Cleveland, Henry H Callen, Henry Cayen, Eason T Cooke, D H Crow.

D—Mrs S E Davis, Minnie Daniels, Mrs M V Dickenson, Laura V Douglass, W H Dorsey, R M Dickey, Jennie Dickson, John Dukes, George Dimna, H L Davis, George Dimna, Eugene Daniel, Charles A Daulen, W C Derny.

E—James Eason, Sammie Ernest, Col D P Elliott, Lillie Ector.

F—M C Few, J O Farris, Johnny Farnell, Ed Flanagan, J H Tripp, E M Foord, Billie Ford, Miss Susan Frierson.

G—Mollie Green, Hannah Goodman, Hattie Glover, W C Garner, Wm Glass, Robert Gillispie, Philip Graham, J G Goiser, W Henry Gilbert, Finn Gaines, Archey Green, Albert Gipson, Goodall, McLeaten & Co, A Genahan.

H—V M Henderson, Martha Horton, Lucinda Hudcherson, Turner Hode, Mrs Lou Harden, Jennie Huff, Ham Harrise, Mrs E B Hammond, A E Henderson, Wesley Hillo, W C Hooper, S M Henry, Thomas Hollins, T V Hall, Mike Hoke, L Hankins, Jesse Hill, Alonzo Hall, Augustus Holland, C P T W Hoffman, C R Hooper, Charlie Headon, Henry B Harris, J M Harfield, Eli Hulsey, Charles Holder, John W Harrington.

I—Kiser Irvin, Nathan H Idleth.

J—R L Jackson, Moses Johnson, N H Jones 2, Joseph Jones, J Jackson, J A Johnson, G H Johnson George Jeffers, C A Johnson, Winston Jones 2, W F Johnston, Carrie Jackson, Mamie Johnson, L F Jackson, Josephine Johnson.

K—A Krose, Mr Kenelton, C H Knight, J Kennedy, J A Kennedy, Lawrence Kilbry, W J King, W C Kirkpatrick, A W Kennedy, M P Kyle, Florence Kendrick.

L—Fane Little, Lizzie Lemke, Harriet C Langford.

M—Sarah M Morris, Alice Moses, Caroline Mangroom, Edna Merryman, Ella Morgan, Emma Mayes, E McMillen, Hallie Mentlin, Mary A Marlow, Mary Mensh, W M Miller, Will Mack, T J McWilliams, Sarah B Merritt, J A Morgan, J Millen, J P McMillen, J H Morgan, J J McDonald, Henry Mitchell, J T Manhas, Daniel Mallon, Charles Marr, Dock Molen, A E Moorm, Ara Mayfield.

O—Sallie Osborn, Barton Osborn.

P—Mrs A M Pope, Amanda and Mary Lou Phillips, Matilda E Price, Will Pentacose, Silas Past, Nesons Pitts, John Person, John W Payne, G S Paul, Alfred Peck.

Q—Irene Qurahhan.

R—L R Rice, B Roper, Charlie Rankin, Harrison Reeves, G W Raines, R J Ryan, Sarah L Riggers, Mattie Rodgers, E W Root.

S—D N Starr, Dave Spratt, C N Shephern, Houston Swann, H D Stoddard, Joe Smith, John Scriggs, Joe Sanders, J Sunhafer, John Smith, Johnnie Stewart, J H Stewart, R H Stephens, Thomas Shepherd, T W Shackelford, Wm Shepherd, W N Saye, Matilda Sharp, Mollie Smith, Annie Sikes, Fannie Shields, Josie Spereman, Ida Sanders, Lima Shiefter, Mary M Starks, Rebecca Smith.

T—T N Tadia, H W Tucker, G L Tatom, Robert Turner, S S Torbert, T J Toland, W J Tucker, Nora Turner, M Thomas, Patsey Taylor, Matt Thomas.

V—M Vinnegrant, Ellen Vinney.

W—Annie E Woods, Delia Williamson, Miss G Williams, Miss Nellie Wyly, Beddie Winkle, Mahala Walton, C Weldon, Dock Warren, C C Watkins, Chas R Watt, J R Wheeley, J T Woodward, J P Wingfield, Jim Wiley, Robert Whipper, T J Word, S M Wharton, W Williams, L Weaver, J H White, T C Wedemyer

Y—Youngblood.

BENJAMIN CONLEY, P. M.

At the Kimball from Georgia.

George Y. Tigner, Columbus; Mrs. William Jordan and Miss Fitzsimons, Monticello; Mrs. Jack King, R. A. Denny, Mrs. R. B. Denny Rome; Frank S. Raymond, M Bendheime, Savannah; Miss Fannie C. Newton Athens; James Stacy, Newnan; A. B Frost, LaGrange; W. T. Shepperd, West Point; Mrs. Joe Vason, M. E. High and wife, Mrs. R. Wolte and two children, Madison; Miss Dessie Few, Miss Callie Vason, Albany; R. J. Anthony, Cuthbert; George H. Waring and lady, Bartow county; W. T. Hughly, West Point; Miss Nellie Keirt, Monticello; T O Trotter, Dalton; Josiah Sibley and wife, Miss Josephine Sibley, Augusta; Thomas Warren Akin, Cartersville; P W Alexander and wife, Marietta; John A Cobb and wife, Americus; J B Conyers and wife, Cartersville; Miss Ida Mallory, Thornton College; John Towers, Rome; Colden Rhend, J S Davant, Miss A Roant, A K Clonk, Augusta; Miss Allie Clarke, Miss Hennie Hill, E M Cole, S L Hill, Newnan.

Local Notes.

—W. G. Browne, Dentist, 33½ Whitehall street. sep28—dtf

Don't Die in the House.

Ask druggists for "Rough on Rats." It clears out rats, mice, bed-bugs, roaches vermin, flies, ants, insects. 15c. per box.

Housekeepers who have used it say Logan's Fancy is just splendid. nov9 d1t

FURNITURE
BIG 44
PEACHTREE ST.,
MILLER'S
Parlor Suits will positively be sold so that you will be satisfied.
BIG 44
PEACHTREE ST.
nov9—d3m 8thp

Logan's Fancy Flour. nov9 d1t

Merchants should advertise in the Exposition Guide. 25,000 copies will be circulated through the State. ATLANTA PUBLISHING CO.,
nov9—d1t 28 Wall street.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
DRESS GOODS, SILKS
AND
SATINS.
All wool black cashmere bey superior goods, 40c.
Beautiful black, colored and striped silks, 50c.
Black satin, a splendid article, 50c.
Colored satins in all colors, handsome goods, 1.00.
An immense stock dress goods in all the latest novelties, at prices that are far below their market value, at
W. H. BROTHERTON'S.
Logan's Fancy Flour asks a fair trial.
nov9—d1t

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK,
NEW CARPETS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, ETC
ELEGANT STOCK OF DRESS GOODS, HANDSOME LINE NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS. CLOAKS, DOLMANS, JACKETS AND ULSTERS, IN LATEST DESIGNS.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
BEST STOCK SHOES IN THE CITY---FRESH GOODS AND NEW STYLES.
CHAMBERLIN BOYNTON & CO.

Watches in Art Hall,

Exposition Grounds.—A Rare Opportunity to Secure a Watch.

The E. Jaccard jewelry company of St. Louis having perfected arrangements with the American watch company, of Waltham, Massachusetts, for a full supply of their celebrated watches, are now prepared to sell at retail, in connection with their elegant exhibit of gems, diamond and gem jewelry, silver ware, bric-a-brac, etc., an immense variety of watches in gold and silver of every grade, at prices far below any heretofore offered. Every watch will be guaranteed to perform to the entire satisfaction of the purchaser.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
of St Louis,
Art Building, Exposition Grounds.
nov6—tf

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
MILLINERY!
MILLINERY,
MILLINERY.
Presided over by Mrs. B. Lyon.
The finest retail millinery establishment south of Baltimore, at
W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

A FAITHFUL OLD COLORED WOMAN.

MACON, GA., July 26, 1881.

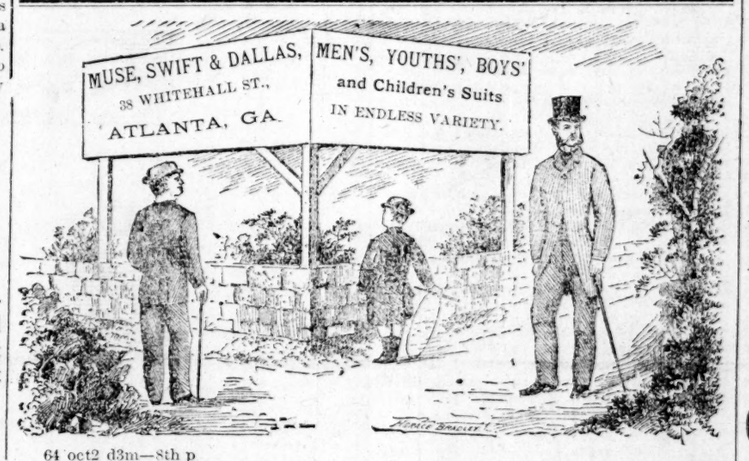
Dear Sir—I have on my hands a faithful old colored woman, who has for years been afflicted most terribly with a sore leg, which has never been benefitted by the treatment of a number of physicians with various remedies. The use of Sanodine for a few weeks has so materially benefitted her that I cheerfully recommend it to all similarly afflicted.

Respectfully yours,
J. A. MCMANUS,
Ordinary Bibb Co., Ga.
nov6—d1w

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
CLOTHING,
CLOTHING,
CLOTHING.
Gents', Youths', Boys' and Childs', in great variety and at prices that defy competition, at
W. H. BROTHERTON'S.
JOHN RYAN
Extends a cordial invitation to all in the city to call to-day at his mammoth establishment and see the
WONDERFUL
BARGAINS
that will be offered. His entire force of
125
were hard at work until eleven o'clock last night arranging and putting in order the best bargains that will be offered this year in the following goods:
PLUSHES,
SILKS,
LACES,
CLOAKS,
AND
CARPETS.
Call early and avoid the rush.
An itemized list of special bargains that will be offered would have appeared in to-day's issue, had not the rush been so great as leave no time to write an advertisement.
JOHN RYAN.

OVERCOATS,
ULSTERETTES.
FOR MEN AND BOYS.
FRESH ARRIVALS.
OUR OWN MAKE.
THE LARGEST LINES,
THE LOWEST PRICES,
AT
HIRSCH BROS.,
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.
671 sep18—d1y un cham boy & co

CLOTHING!
IN ALL STYLES AND QUALITY FROM MEDIUM TO THE FINEST FOR
MEN'S, YOUTHS AND BOYS',
AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.
A FULL LINE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
Please call and examine goods and prices, as we intend to make it to your interest. Respectfully,
A. & S. ROSENFELD.
sep21—d3m 8thp un ga suit co



64 oct2 d3m—8th p

37
OVERCOATS
FOR
MEN, BOYS'
AND
CHILDREN,
In great variety, at
THE POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE
OF
A. O. M. GAY & CO
37 PEACHTREE STREET,
ATLANTA.
37
830 oct16 d3m—8th p

W.H. BROTHERTON'S
SHOES!
His Shoe department is unusually attractive. He keeps the very best goods in Ladies', Misses and Children's. His Gents' and Boys' boots and shoes are kept down stairs, where you can find anything you may wish at
W. H. BROTHERTON'S.
John Keely's cloaks, dolmans, jackets and ulsters are upon every tongue; his stock of them is greater than that of any six houses in Georgia; he bought them all out of the regular channels of trade; most of them at half price. He acknowledges no competition in them. To examine them is to find what you want at less prices than you expected by far, at
JOHN KEELY'S.
oct30 dtf

W. H. BROTHERTON'S
5c COUNTER!
Is the great wonder of the age. Tin and Glassware, Knives and Forks, Spoons, and over one thousand articles that sell in a regular way in other houses for 25c. If you want bargains go to the 5c Counter at
W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

LADIES!
By the Dressmakers' Magic Scale System of Cutting you can make a Perfect Fit to any form without trying on or making any changes. Any person ordering a Scale and not perfectly satisfied can have money refunded. Agents wanted in every town. G. K. WOODWARD & CO.,
nov3—d&w1w Atlanta, Ga.

MERINO UNDERWEAR.
The best line, the most complete line, and the best value for the money, including ladies' and gents' white Merino Vests and Drawers at every price possible, in every size made. Complete lines of scarlet vests and drawers for ladies and gents Child's Merino shirts and drawers, both detached and in combined suits, will be found at the very lowest prices, at
JOHN KEELY'S.
1437 oct30 dtf

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY
My stock of knit underwear for ladies, misses, boys and gents was never in a more woolly condition. Some are called lambs' wool; but for aught I know, the lamb may have been forty years old, but one thing sure the prices are right.
254 nov6 d1w

"CHEAPEST FURNITURE HOUSE IN GEORGIA"
Will offer for the next ten days, at greatly reduced prices, fifty thousand dollars' worth chamber and parlor suites, side boards, wardrobes, hat racks, marble and extension tables, book cases, secretaries, what-nots, besides one hundred parlor and chamber suites. Now is the time to buy. P. H. SNOOK.
265 nov6 sun wed thurs

AT
JOHN KEELY'S
SLAUGHTER!
AMONGST
CLOAKS
ANOTHER IMMENSE FAILURE IN NEW YORK.
GOODS SACRIFICED!
A CLOAK MANUFACTURER GONE UP!
JOHN KEELY
"The Leader of Low Prices,"
PURCHASER OF THE ENTIRE STOCK!
READ, READ.
A Perfect Windfall in this Cold Snap!
6,500 CLOAKS!!
TO BE GIVEN AWAY AT
ONE-THIRD THEIR VALUE!
THE SALE TO COMMENCE
TO-DAY!
350 Misses' Cloaks—4 years old size—$1.25 each, well worth $2.75 to $3.00.
269 Misses' Cloaks—6 years old size—$1.50 each, goods well worth $3.00 to $3.25.
291 Misses' Cloaks—8 years old size—$1.65 each, goods never made for $3.50 each.
PERFECT WONDERS FOR THE PRICES!
279 Misses' Cloaks—10 years old size—$1.75 each, goods cheap at $3.75.
311 Misses' Cloaks—12 years old sizes—$1.85 each, startling below their value.
291 Misses Cloaks—14 years old size—$2.00 each, a sin to sell them at the price.
301 Misses' Cloaks—16 years old size—$2.25 each, well worth $5.00 to $6.00 each.
Somebody has been hurt badly, but I bought them cheap, and MUST SELL them fast. They will go. No reduction in price of these goods by the dozen to merchants.
They are Too Cheap Now!
569 Ladies' dark Ulsters, $4.75 each, goods worth $8.00.
800 Ladies' Walking Jackets, $2.00 and $2.50 each, well worth $5.00 to $6.00 each.
BARGAINS,
BARGAINS!
1,000 Ladies' Black Cloth Cloaks, $1.25 each, worth $3.00.
780 Ladies' Black Cloth Cloaks, at from $2.00 to $3.50 each, something startling for the prices.
1,100 of the best Ladies' $4.00 and $5.00 Cloaks ever offered in Georgia.
Fine Cloaks at less than half their value.
Too many fine Cloaks. So they must be sacrificed. I had enough Cloaks to last a month before the arrival of this lot. So that, if only for want of room, I shall have to close the entire lot at ridiculously low prices.
There are now in stock 83 cases full of Cloaks.
Come everybody and get a Cloak at your own price, at
JOHN KEELY'S.
dtf